Juridical training courses at the level of the Cross-Border Juridical Centers

Joint strategy regarding employment and workforce mobility in the cross-border area, in the juridical field

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Editura SITECH face parte din lista editurilor românești acreditate de CNCSIS și de asemenea face parte din lista editurilor cu prestigiu recunoscut de CNCS, prin CNATDCU, pentru Panelul 4.

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Descrierea CIP a Bibliotecii Naționale a României JOINT STRATEGY REGARDING EMPLOYMENT AND WORKFORCE MOBILITY IN THE CROSS-BORDER AREA, IN THE JURIDICAL FIELD/ Birtu Liliana Daniela, Gavrilă Constantin Adi, Goga Cristina, Stanciu Cristian Valeriu, Gruev Peter Kirilov - Craiova: Sitech, 2018

Bibliogr.

ISBN 978-606-11-6586-5

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Introduction

This strategy is being accomplished within the framework 7 "Developing a common strategy" of the project entitled "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labor Mobility in the Juridical Field", selected under the INTERREG VA Romania-Bulgaria Program, funded by the European Union from the Regional Development European Fund, Priority Axis 4 "A Qualified and Inclusive Region".

The main objective of the Interreg V-A Romania-Bulgaria Program is to "support the development of the Romanian-Bulgarian cross-border area by improving accessibility, promoting institutional cooperation and protecting and developing regional assets".¹

Interreg "is the main objective of the cohesion policy which aims to promote the harmonious economic, social and territorial development of the European Union as a whole. Interreg is built around three cooperative lines: cross-border (Interreg A), trans-national (Interreg B) and inter-regional (Interreg C). The European cross-border cooperation, known as Interreg A, supports cooperation between NUTS III regions of at least two different member states, regions which are located on the borders of these states or in the vicinity. It aims to cope with common challenges identified in the border region and to develop the untapped growth potential in border areas while enhancing the cooperation process for the harmonious development of the European Union."²

Joint strategy regarding employment and workforce mobility in the cross-border area, in the juridical field

¹ European Funds, Romania-Bulgaria Interreg V-A program, Available online: http://www.fonduri-ue.ro/ro-bg Accessed on 10.07.2018.

² Interreg Ro-Bg, What is Interreg? Available online:

The Interreg V-A Romania-Bulgaria cooperation program "contributes to the Union's strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth and to achieve economic, social and territorial cohesion and is in line with (EU) regulations no. 1299/2013 and (EU) no. 1303/2013 "³.

Priority Axis 4, "A qualified and inclusive region" of the Interreg VA Romania-Bulgaria Program, focuses on "Integrating cross-border labor markets, including cross-border mobility, local joint employment initiatives, information and counseling services and common training "4.

Development strategies "make it possible to actively coordinate the development processes taking place in the territory, taking into account local characteristics, changes in the external environment and make possible a proactive, innovative approach to territorial development processes"⁵

Through the Europe 2020 Strategy, Romania and Bulgaria, together with all EU Member States, have committed themselves to "developing systems to support young graduates in finding a first job and removing obstacles to workers' mobility." In this sense, the countries will have to provide citizens with "the necessary skills to meet the demands of the labor market, as well as to increase access to the education system, vocational

http://www.interregrobg.eu/ro/program/program-date-generale.html, Accessed on 09.07.2018.

³ The European Commission, the Commission's Implementing Decision on 12.2.2015 approving certain elements of the "Interreg VA Romania-Bulgaria" cooperation program for the support of the European Regional Development Fund under the European Territorial cooperation objective, Bulgaria and Romania, art. 5.

⁴ European Funds, *Interreg V-A Romania-Bulgaria Program*, Available online: http://www.fonduri-ue.ro/ro-bg, Accessed on 10.07.2018.

⁵ Balogh Márton, Etapele de elaborare a strategiilor de dezvoltare locală, in the Transylvanian Administrative Science Magazine, IX, 2003, pp. 75-79.

training and professional counseling"⁶. In pursuit of this direction, the strategy for the development of cross-border mobility in the juridical field is also conceived.

Furthermore, in underlying the present strategy, it was also held in consideration, besides the principles outlined by the INTERREG VA Romania-Bulgaria Program and the Europe 2020 Strategy, the directions of the EU Strategy for the Danube Region (SUERD) and the Trans-national Danube Program 2014-2020, such as "prosperity and socio-economic development (education, research, rural development, competitiveness, internal market)" and "innovation and social responsibility in the Danube region".

The current strategy aims to develop cross-border mobility in the juridical field on Dolj county route, Romania- Vidin region, Bulgaria and vice versa. We have as target group students of "law" specialization and law graduates from the two regions. Such a strategy will facilitate access to the cross-border juridical labor market for interested citizens, will increase the interest level for people who do not currently have the necessary information, "will support Attorneys working on law enforcement of the

⁶ Andreea Mihaela Niţă, Cristina Ilie Goga, *The labor market dynamics. Barriers and Challenges in the City of Craiova in 2015*, in Creative Imagination in Social Sciences, Craiova, Sitech Publishing House, 2016. p. 112 apud. The Government of Romania, the Ministry of Labor, Family, Social Protection and Elderly, *the National Strategy for Employment 2014-2020*, Bucharest, 2014, p. 27.

⁷ Ministry of National Education and Scientific Research, *European Union Strategy for the Danube Region (SUERD)*. Description, Available online: http://oldsite.edu.ro/index.php/articles/c790/, Accessed on 16.08.2018.

⁸Structural Funds, *Transnational Danube Program 2014-2020*, Available online: https://www.fonduri-structurale.ro/program-operational/20/transnational-dunarea-2014-2020,

Accessed on 18.08.2018.

neighboring state"9. It should be kept in mind that the two areas. Doli and Vidin, are located in geographical areas favorable to cross-border mobility and this potential must be exploited in the regional development process. 10 It is taken into account the favorable context of the two countries' membership to the European Union and to the Bologna system, which creates a "system of academic titles that can be easily recognized and compared"11, it develops an "increased compatibility between education systems and favors student mobility and job-seekers"12 in European space. Both Romania and Bulgaria enjoy the main objectives of the Bologna process: "introducing a three-cycle system (bachelor's/master's/Doctorate), a better quality assurance and facilitating the qualifications' recognition study periods"13. Therefore, law graduates from both countries benefit from the implementation of the ECTS (European Credit Transfer and Accumulation System) credits and obtain the Diploma Supplement (DS); have the NQF - the National Qualification Frameworks, to clearly describe the different cycles and qualifications in national education systems based on learning outcomes, thus enabling comparisons with QF-EHEA - Qualifications Framework for the European Area of Higher Education (Qualifications Framework for the European Higher

⁹ The opinion of the Dolj Bar's representative, Interview applied in August 2018.

¹⁰ Gabriel Nicolae Pricină, "A general perspective on the meanings of the sociodemographic indicators in the Danube counties of Oltenia", *Sociology and Social Work Review*, vol. 2, no.1, 2018, p. 31.

¹¹ European Union Law. EUR-Lex, *The Bologna process: setting up the European higher education area*, Available online: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/RO/TXT/HTML/?uri=LEGISSUM:c11088&from=EN, Accessed on 25.07.2018.

¹² The European Commission, *The Bologna Process and the European Higher Education Area*, Available online:

http://ec.europa.eu/education/policy/higher-education/bologna-process_en, Accessed on 20.07.2018

¹³ Ibidem.

Education Area); enjoy recognized national quality assurance systems in line with the ESG - European Standards and Guidelines for Quality Assurance, and thus, in this context, the students benefit from the mutual recognition of qualifications and credits obtained in education¹⁴. Furthermore, Romania's and Bulgaria's citizens, as citizens of EU Member States, enjoy the regulations of European social policies, the free market, the free movement¹⁵ and European citizenship, all of which have advantages for possible cross-border mobility.

At the same time, it is taken into consideration the legal framework and the context of the European Union legislation, which, besides the profession of attorney, "does not regulate conditions to exercise other juridical professions. In general, the juridical professions are regulated at a national level. Although there may be natural similarities between them, these national regulations differ quite significantly from one country to another. It is noted that at the Council of Europe level, the Committee of Ministers issued a series of recommendations on the juridical professions. One of these initiatives concerns the pursuit of the Attorney profession. Another refers to the independence of judges. In addition, the European Convention on Human Rights states that any person charged with an offense has the right to defend himself or herself by juridical assistance or if he does not have sufficient means to pay legal aid when the interests of justice so

¹⁴ The European Commission, COM(2011) 567 - Commission working document on recent developments in European high educations systems, 2011, pp.5-6, Available online: https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:52011SC 1063&from=EN, Accessed on 29.08.2018.

¹⁵ Alexandra Porumbescu, "The European institutional actors in handling migration", *Sociology and Social Work Review*, vol. 2, no.1, 2018, p. 42.

¹⁶ European Justice, *Legal professions and justice networks*, Available online: https://e-justice.europa.eu/content_legal_professions-29-en.do, Accessed on 03.08.2018.

require. This clause refers mainly to criminal cases, but the European Court of Human Rights (ECHR) extended them to cover also civil cases. 17"

On the other hand, in the two member states of the European Union, Romania and Bulgaria, we find some common juridical professions within the international juridical platforms, as well as professions related to the juridical field, which can be accessed by law graduates.

Thus, the main juridical professions in Romania are 18:

- prosecutors
- judges
- Attorneys
- · legal advisers
- public notaries
- bailiffs
- clerks
- judicial assistants
- assistant magistrates

However, at this point, according to RCO - Romanian Classification of Occupations, the positions/professions within COR 261 (juridical specialists) are much more numerous and are classified as follows¹⁹:

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¹⁷ Ibidem.

¹⁸ European Justice, *Legal professions and justice networks*, *Romania*, Available online: https://e-justice.europa.eu/content_legal_professions-29-RO-en.do?clang=ro, Accessed on 04.08.2018.

¹⁹ Rubian, *Romanian Classification of Occupations*, https://www.rubinian.com/cor_5_ocupatia.php?id=2619.

261 Juridical specialists

2611 Attorneys

261101 Attorney

261102 jurisconsult

261103 Legal Advisor

2612 Magistrates

261201 prosecutor

261202 judge

261203 assistant magistrate

261204 judicial inspector

261205 judicial assistant

261206 personnel of judicial specialization assimilated to judges and prosecutors

2619 Judicial specialists not classified in the previous basic groups

261901 bailiff

261902 criminal forensic expert

261903 expert jurist

261906 notary

261910 legislative harmonization adviser

261911 legislative harmonization expert

261912 legislative harmonization analyst

261913 land register registrar

261914 jurist reviewer

261915 juridical sciences researcher

261916 juridical sciences research assistant

261917 bank bailiff

261918 authorized industrial property adviser

261919 intellectual property specialist

261920 expert on preventing and combating corruption

261921 probation adviser

261922 probation inspector

261923 principal registrar assistant

- The main juridical professions in Bulgaria are²⁰:
- prosecutors (public prosecutor)
- investigators (investigator)
- judges (judge)
- attorney (attorney-at-law)
- notaries (notary)
- private bailiff (private bailiff)
- public bailiff (bailiff)
- registration Judge.

In both countries, we also find professions related to the juridical field, where law graduates can teach, such as:

- mediator
- probation counselor
- faculty in the law university education
- Judicial experts
- judicial officers.

²⁰ European Justice, *Legal professions and justice networks*, *Bulgaria*, Available online: https://e-justice.europa.eu/content_legal_professions-29-bg-en.do?member=1, Accessed on 04.08.2018

The analysis of the existing situation

Vidin Region: Socio-economic analysis and the regions' development priorities²¹

For the period 2014-2020, the urban's population relative share in the Vidin region increased from 63,38% in 2011 to 64,4% in 2017. A decrease in the rural population was observed by 887 persons for the indicated period. The urban population is generally predominant, although in five of the municipalities of the region - Chuprene, Rujinti, Novo Selo, Makreş and Boynitsa, the population is 100% rural. The largest percentage of the urban population in Belogradchik and Vidin municipalities. Towards the end of 2017, the calculated permanent population of the Vidin district amounts to 86.927. In the total of population in 2017, women are more (51,21%). for 1.000 men there were 1.007 women, whereas in 2004 the number of women in this report was 1.053, in 2003 - 1.069. Significant changes were observed in the population's age structure between 2014 and 2017, related to adverse trends in the development of demographic processes. The population's aging process is deepening due to the continuous reduction of the people's proportion under the age of 14 and the increase of the population over 60 years.

²¹ This section "The Vidin Region: Socio-economic analysis and development priorities of the region" is taken from the "Regional development strategy 2014-2020 of the Vidin region",interim evaluation of the implementation of the "Regional development strategy 2014-2020 of the Vidin region"and database from NSI Bulgaria, according to the data provided by the Bulgarian implementation team of the "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labor Mobility in the Juridical Field".

The tendency to worsen the demographic situation in recent years is delayed, but the level of reproduction that is achieved by the population is very limited. This level will influence the future development of population numbers and structures.

In the region of Vidin the population of the Bulgarian ethnic group is dominated, accounting for 91.25% of the region's population and 1,53% of the country's Bulgarian population. The second largest is the ethnic Roma group with 7,66% of the total population. They represent 2,24% of Roma in the country. The percentage of the Turkish ethnic groups -0,09% is negligible. It is important to note that all ethnic groups above are in peaceful cohabitation and there are no ethnic conflicts and tensions in the area.

Conclusion: in the Vidin region according to the data from the last census, the largest is the group of people with secondary education - 45,4%. The second place is taken by the group with basic education - 27,55%. It is clear that the percentage of primary and lower education is not low. University graduates represent only 18,5%.

Year 2017 - population decline in the Vidin region is generally negative (-1.422). In all of the 11 municipalities of the region (Boynitsa, Kula, Gramada, Dimovo, Makreş, Novo Selo, Vidin, Belogradchik, Ruzintsi', Chuprene and Bregovo) the growth is negative municipalities. The highest negative value is Vidin - (- 357). The total value of the natural growth for 2017 for the Vidin Region is -1.422.

Of the total number set in 2017, 2,53% or 2.203 people settled in the Vidin district. Of the total number of SZRP2, 12,88% or 2.716 are migrated from the Vidin district. The total value of the mechanical growth for 2017 for the Vidin Region is -513.

According to population statistics for 2014-2020, the area is on the last place among the areas in the North-West planning area. The closest values of the Vidin region are the values of the Montana region.

The gross domestic product produced in 2016, calculated at current prices, is 576.000.000 LV. In 2017 the Gross domestic product per capita in the region of Vidin is LV 7.283, at LV 8.938 for the North-West region and LV 14.280 for the country. This places the Vidin region in the last place, compared to the other areas of the North-West planning area.

The state standard (i.e. government support for business, education, medical care) for the Vidin district amounts to 385.910.000 LV for the north-west planning area.

The State Standard for economic sectors for 2016 is as follows: with the highest share being the services sector with 72,56% of the state standard produced in the sector, agriculture produces 19,26% and the industry produces only 8,18%. From 23,65% in 2004, the share of added value created in agriculture fell by 4,39%, the services sector increase of over 3%. In 2016, in the Vidin region, the industrial sector created 76.000.000 LV of the added value of the economy in the field which is less 19,15% of the added value of the economy in the field, compared to 2013, when it was 94.000.000 LV.

Conclusion: The share of the agricultural sector in Vidin is 6 times higher than the share of the country (3,00% of the state standard and almost twice as high as the North West planning region - 11,72%.) The value of the relative share of Vidin region, indicates the inability to reach the level of this indicator for the country, which is 32.41% for 2016. Such a correlation between the added value created in agriculture, industry and services is characterized of the country's most economically displaced areas.

According to the statistics on 31.12.2016 the number of companies in the area is 3.086, which represents approximately 0,86% of the country's total and 11,37% of those registered in the Northwest planning region. The clasification of the private sector given the number of employees in 2017 is -93,4% are micro-enterprises, 5,4% are small, 1,1% are medium and 0,1% are large companies (with staff of over 250 people). For the period 2014-2017, in the Vidin region there is reported a reduction of number of companies by 97, which represents over 3,3% of the total.

The industry's distribution is as follows: "trade, machinery repair and household appliances" - 47,50%; "hotels and restaurants" - 8,2%; "Industry" - 7,26%; "transport, storage and communications" - 5%; "constructions" - 2,86%; and "agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing" - 5,75%; "social and health activities" - 5,53%. Other activities that serve society and personality "- 17,88%.

The main economic indicators for the region's economy in 2017. The economic operators of the non-financial sector in the Vidin region achieved income from the activity amounting to 772.492 LV, representing 0,33% of the country's revenues from the activity and 7,10% of the revenues from the planning activity in the Northwestern region. To compare in 2009, the revenues from the operators' activity in the Vidin district were 641.617 LV, representing 0,32% of the revenues for the country's activities and 6,47% of the net revenues from the activity of the Northwest planning region. There is an increase in revenues from the activity of economic operators in the non-financial sector in the Vidin region. For 2017, there is an increase in the absolute value of net income from business activity. For 2011, the economic operators in the non-financial sector in the Vidin region achieved net revenues from sales of 691.444 LV.

The most successful net sales revenue for 2017, "Trade, repair and maintenance of cars and motorcycles" industry -339.002.000 LV or 43,72% of the total for the area. The sector remains anchored, with absolute growth in revenue. The industry makes the NPP5 worth 98.956.000 LV or 12,77%; Production and electricity distribution and heat and gaseous fuels - 79.248.000 LV or 10,22%, agriculture, forestry, hunting and fishing" - 64.054.000 LV or 8,26%, transport, storage and communications - 60.992.000 LV or 7,87%, "Construction" - 35.192.000 LV or 4,54%, "hotels and restaurants" - 13.489.000 LV or 1,74%. Income generated by "other community and individual activities" at a rate of 163.600.000 LV or 21,11%.

The most part of the net revenues mentioned above was created by micro-enterprises, which marked an increase of 41,88% since 2007, when it fluctuated around 37,7%, and in 2009 - 40,82% to 93,5% in 2017. Small businesses hired 53% from the working labour employed in 2017. The reverse trend is reported in the group of medium-sized enterprises, respectively, from 23,5% employed in 2014 to 23,3% in 2017. In 2017, in large companies were 15,19% of all employees.

For hired employees and services, the private sector is predominant. For 2004-2011, however, there was a tendency to reduce their share. At the beginning of the period, the share of private sector employees was over 85%. In the next few years an increase was reported in 2007, when it reaches 89,96% of employed people. In the coming years, however, the share of private sector employees decreased, and in 2017 it reached 54,26%.

Investments

In 2016, companies in the public and private sector of Vidin region incurred expenses for the purchase of fixed tangible assets of 115.416.000 LV,

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" representing 8,89% of the costs incurred for tangible assets in the Northwest Planning Area and 0,49% of the cost of tangible assets in the country.

The sectoral allocation of expenditure in 2017. The dominant position occupies the "industry" sector by 61.170.000 LV which represents 53,63% of the expenses incurred. In comparison with 2009-2011 they increased by 44,28%. The next is the agricultural, forestry and fishing sector with 26.014.000 LV or 22,54% of the total cost of assets acquisition. This sector also reports a cost increase of 46,42%. The "trade" sector; car and motorcycle repair; transportation, storage and post; hotels and restaurants "still occupy a leading position in the cost structure of asset acquisition. For the period 2013-2016 however, a decrease in the costs incurred was reported by 34,7% and in 2016 the costs incurred by the acquisition of assets in this sector are of 10.029.000 LV, which is 8,69% of the total purchase cost in the area. A similar trend is also reported in the construction sector. The decrease in the cost of the reference period was 25,8% and in 2016 the investments were made in assets.

Foreign investments in attracting foreign investors, Vidin district is one of the last places in the Republic of Bulgaria. In 2016, foreign investments in the field are 71.466.300 Euro or 0,3% of foreign direct investment in the country and 23,31% of countries in the North-West region. With smaller values are only the districts of Silistra, Kyustendil and Montana. However, for the period 2014-2016, there was an upward trend in foreign direct investment, with investments in 2013 of 59.324.300 Euro.

In 2016, the micro-companies accounted for 93.5% of the total enterprises in the area. Among the other companies, a relatively larger number are small enterprises, with a relative share of 5,4% and medium

enterprises, with a weight of 0,1%. The micro companies offer the highest employment - 5.528 people in 2017 (41,88% of employees) and the smallest part of the net sales revenue for the area - 48,43%, Koeot represents 334.895.000 LV. Small companies offer net revenues of 178.735.000 (25,85%), medium companies 104.235.000 LV or 15,08%, and the lowest share of revenues from large companies is only 73.579.000 LV or 10,64%. Evidence suggests that small and medium-sized micro-companies make a significant contribution to sales and employment incomes, which shows that the economic situation of each of them is significantly affected by the socioeconomic situation.

Conclusions: The future development of the field economy is related to providing opportunities for the development of competitive, small and medium-sized micro-enterprises. At the moment I am not yet sufficiently competitive in terms of access to finance, innovation, intellectual property, internationalization and the implementation of good practice. Access to finance is an essential factor for their overall economic performance. Innovation activity is also an important factor in determining the regular payment of debts and increasing or maintaining remuneration levels. The registration of trademarks and patents is important for maintaining or increasing market shares, profits and sales. Also, the company's human capital is of great significance for taking into account a direct positive effect on both maintenance and the growth of market shares and sales.

For 2014-2020 period, the following two trends regarding the number of companies in the area were considered. Even though in 2009 a descrease was observed, by the end of 2017, the number of companies in the Vidin region is 3.086, meaning by 151 units higher than in 2007 when were 2.975

pieces by industrial structure. The largest number of active entities is in the "trade, repair of automobiles and motorcycles", 1.513 number or 47.53% of all entities, this sector is the leader in all municipalities. The following sectors with a larger number of active entities are: "hotels and restaurants" - 261 units (8,20%) "manufacturing" - 223 pieces (7,01%), "agriculture, forestry and fishing" - 183 pieces (5,75%) and "health and social activities" -176 (5,53%). the smallest number of entities is in the "extractive industry" sectors - 8 pcs (0,25%), "education" - 24 pieces and "culture, sports and entertainment".

The total number of companies for Vidin Region - 3.086; Agriculture, forestry and fishing 183, representing 5,75% of total, Mining and quarrying 8, representing 0,25% of total, Processing industry 223, representing 7,01% of total, Production and distribution of electric and thermal energy and gaseous fuels 25, representing 0,79% of the total, the water supply 1 representing 0,04% of the total; Sewerage, waste management and recovery 8, representing 0,25% of the total, construction 91, representing 2,86% of the total; trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles 1.513, representing 47,53% of the total; transport, storage and post 159, representing 5,00% of the total; hotels and restaurants 261, representing 8,20% of the total; creation and distribution of information and Creative products and Telecommunications 39, representing 1,23% of the total, real estate operations 127, representing 3,99% of the total, professional and research activities 159, representing 5,00% of the total, administrative and auxiliary activities 53, representing 1,67% of the total, education 24, representing 0,75% of the total, human health and social work 176, representing 5,53% of Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" the total; culture, sport and Entertainment 24, representing 0,75% of the total; Other Activities 13, representing 0,36% of the total.

Conclusions: The main role for the economy of the region of Vidin for 2016. The industry "trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles" which produces 334.172.000 LV Net sales revenue or 48,33% of the total. Secondly, the manufacturing industry is 89.134.000 LV Net sales revenue or 12,89%, and third is "transport, storage and communications" with 58.128.000 LV Net sales revenue or 8,41%. The share of the remaining sectors in the economy of Vidin region for the year 2016 in the net sales revenues is as follows: agriculture, forestry and fishing - 6,36%; Construction - 4,84% hospitality and restaurants - 1,9% health and social activities - 2,01%; Trade and services are a leading branch in the economy of the Vidin region. For 2016, they provide 48.33% of net sales revenue and 25,97% of employment in the area. In recent years, the number of companies in this sector has increased from 1,996 units in 2009, to 3.086 units in 2017.

The framework conditions for the economy's development in the Vidin region, the main and most important task of the enterprises in the Vidin district, is to ensure competitiveness and development. The successful solution of this task requires both the efforts of companies and the active support of the executive power at central, regional and local level, which should provide framework conditions, enable educational processes and Demonstrate and support new development trends. Education and qualifications - training of qualified personnel for companies in the field is insufficient. In line with global practices, it is recommended that: - introducing specialized programs for entrepreneurship education, innovation; -organizing the active forms of qualification and improvement of personnel

qualification; - cooperative cooperation between education and business; - the transfer of foreign experience and its adaptation to the specific conditions of the separate enterprise. Clusters-Small and Medium Enterprises have no resources to provide their own competitive forces to the company. The new economic policy, which is suited to modern development, requires new company strategies built on cooperation across the entire chain of design, production, marketing and product-related services. The construction of clusters must be done mainly in areas where competitive advantages are expected to be achieved.

Building inovation and tehnological transfer centers - micro, small and medium-sized companies, which are predominantly in the field, do not have the opportunity to maintain their own research development units. This requires an engineering network development of units. These can be organized on the basis of existing structures in technical universities and bass institutes and to develop a network to support research and innovation in industry. Funding for the network can be supported by the state, EU funds and industry and is based on a public-private partnership. It is necessary to stimulate the development of a network of advisory units for the needs of micro, small and medium enterprises. Particular influence should be given to quality management issues and enterprise resource planning systems.

High technology parks and incubation centers. These tools to support innovation processes are not being used properly in Bulgaria, especially in the area. Funding - all investigations to check barriers to companies indicate: - the need for high costs and lack of adequate funding sources; -a long period of cost-effectiveness; - Lift staff with the necessary qualifications. At present, the companies are mainly based on: - their own funds; - borrowed

funds and / or bank loans, local companies are poorly familiar with the possibilities of using guarantee and risk funds as well as European funds. In this respect, it is important to focus local businesses to make them more usable as a way to improve their competitiveness and innovation.

According to the data from the last census 2017, the predominant proportion of the total population is labour force people in the Vidin Region population, 36.700, which has a relative share of 47,5%. The second largest is the group of elderly disabled, 32,42%.

From 2013 to 2017 there was a significant increase in the absolute and relative share of registered unemployed in all areas. In 2013, the Vidin district is the first in the reference level of unemployment in the five areas of this indicator. This trend is maintained for the next three years and in 2017 the unemployment rate in the Vidin region is the highest - 19,2%.

The unemployment rate for Vidin Region for 2013 was 17,7% and increased to 19,2% in 2017. This dinamyc is due to hiring individuals in EU funded projects. The unemployment rate in Vidin is with 5% more than the one of the Northwest region. The average number of unemployed registered in the "work office" departments in the territory of Vidin district in 2017 was 6.200 people. The highest unemployment value was registered in December 2014 - 8.825 people. Therefore, te unimployment rates were: in Dimovo municipality - 61,50%, Rujinti - 50,10% and Gramada - 37,99%, and the lowest 14,93% in Vidin. The situation is similar for January 2015 - 8.873 people - Dimovo municipality - 61,60%, Rujinti municipality - 52,20% and Gramada municipality - 34,33% and at least 15,97% in Vidin municipality.

In the last two years there has been an increase in unemployment in 10 municipalities in the Vidin district, with the highest increase in the municipality of Gramada by 22,87%, followed by the municipality of Makres - 15,89%.

Conclusion: During the period 2014-2020, there was a long-lasting tendency to increase the unemployment rate in the Vidin region. In 13% of unemployment in 2009, it increased to 19,2% on 31.12.2017

Based on the data and analysis of the employment agency on the status and development of the labor market in the Vidin region, the following summaries and conclusions can be drawn up over the last few years: the labor market is disbalanced - high unemployment, and at the same time, the shortage of qualified workforce; Traditionally, the share of low-skilled and low-skilled unemployed is the fastest in the structure of unemployment education; The most places for tertiary education professionals remain permanently unemployed due to the poor mobility of the higher education workforce; The region of Vidin occupies one of the first places in the country by the unemployment rate, and this indicator remains significantly higher than the average annual values for the country. Due to the economic crisis in the Vidin region, there have been significant changes in the employment structure which reduces the number of employees.

Vision "Vidin Region - development of the area meant to achieve medium economic growth and employment, sustainable development, improvement of the quality of life and preserved and popularized the natural and cultural heritage.

Achieving strategic goals and priorities within the current regional strategy depends on various external and internal factors. Instead, it is necessary to make changes in the document to reflect the new situation

regarding: the economic situation and overcoming the crisis in Bulgaria and Europe; Political situation in Bulgaria and Europe; The EU's economic stability; Amount of absorption of funds from the Structural and Cohesion Funds of the European Union and the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development; Investments as a result of Vidin-Calafat Bridge and Other.

The priorities of the 2014-2020 regional development strategy as a formula and content are closely linked to the strategic objectives of national and European regional policy and are formulated with appropriate subpriorities. The strategic part is the specific objectives, in order to ensure a close connection of the strategic objectives of the national regional policy. The priorities identified and the subpriorities interact at all levels, with a complex impact on the main regional development sectors - economy, ecology and social development. This ensures the achievement of the strategic objectives of the regional strategy.

The strategic objective 1 of accelerating the economic development of the Vidin region in order to strengthen the process of economic and social cohesion with the developed areas in Bulgaria, it is necessary to make substantial changes in the economy of the Vidin region, because it must be oriented towards the production of new products based on high technology, and to significantly increase work productivity.

Subpriority 1.1.1: Improving the development conditions of the small and medium-sized enterprises (SMCs) sector by modernizing sub-infrastructure of business infrastructure 1.1.2: Administrative support and reducing administrative obstacles to business development

Subpriority 1.1.3: Improving the access and development of information and communication technologies in the field of services and

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" public services for SMCs: sub-priority 1.2.1: research development, technological development and innovation in supporting the economy

Subpriority 1.2.2: encourage the development of public-private partnerships

Subpriority 1.2.3: promoting the Vidin region to potential investors and increasing the investment climate

The strategic objective 2 raising the living standards of the population of Vidin region the increase of human capital quality is an essential condition for attracting investments in the sectors that generate higher added value in the economy. The state and local government have an important role to play in creating an attractive environment for business development and public services. Activities aimed at improving human resources by investing in human capital will be stimulated.

Priority 2.2: establishing and increasing employment subpriority 2.2.1: Optimizing the employment management related to employment programs: directing work office programs to invest in people with higher Potential, instead of limiting to the low-skilled unemployed; Reorientation of qualification and re-qualification programs to current / prospective economic and labor market demand; Development of temporary work programs, which is an alternative to the provided social assistance.

Subpriority 2.2.2: the implementation of targeted employment program activities: creating opportunities for alternative productions; Programs that fund small family businesses and private initiatives to create a micro-company (souvenirs, traditional crafts, food packaging); Programs designed to support high unemployment areas. Employment of the population.

Subpriority 2.2.3: Ensure the diversity of jobs offered and better employment of the population's activities: informing employers and the

unemployed about the Employment Policy, which is regulated in the National Action Plan for Employment for the Learning of New Techniques and working methodologies for comprehensive and quality services for jobseekers; Building an information system for the workforce in search for investors and specialists, respectively; Developing professional skills in support of local economic activity and improving the adaptability of human resources; Allowance for employment; Supporting the professional training of entrepreneurs and self-employed.

3.4.3 subpriority: initiating and participating in projects within international and national programs. Creating new initiatives and projects of European importance, creating transnational cooperation networks, promoting the economic, social and cultural exchange between the regions of Bulgaria and Europe will be supported in the new program. Key actions will focus on improving infrastructure, developing common economic, social and cultural activities, joint risk management. Experience exchange and good practice between representatives of local authorities, NGOs and businesses in different regions will be promoted. Initiatives will be encouraged to develop joint development strategies and plans.

Dolj county: The socio - economic situation and priorities of the development strategy

The South-West Oltenia region

Dolj county is part of the South-West Oltenia Development Region, Romania. In the South-West Oltenia region, alongside Dolj county, the counties of Olt, Vâlcea, Gorj and Mehedinți are also part of the county. The Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" region has 40 cities, of which 11 municipalities, 408 communes and 2,066 villages. The area has an area of 29,212 sq. Km, representing 12.25% of the

total area of the country.

From the statistical territorial classification point of view proposed by the European Union through Eurostat, the South-West Oltenia Region is included in the NUTS 2 Nomenclature of Territorial Units (NUTS) 2. At the same time, alongside the West Region (composed of Arad, Caras-Severin, Hunedoara and Timis), SW Oltenia Region, are part of the Macroregion 4 of Romania, which is part of NUTS 1. The Nomenclature of Territorial Units has been introduced at European Community level 30 years ago for the purpose of issuing coherent statistical data for each of the regions of the member states²². In this way, we can see the level of development of each region: NUTS I (between 3 and 7 million inhabitants), NUTS II (between 800,000 and 3 million inhabitants) and NUTS III (between 150,000 and 800,000 inhabitants). The Nomenclature of Territorial Territorial Units is a good tool for the implementation of regional European policies, so that aid coming from the Structural Funds is geared precisely to the level of development of each region in order to achieve the indicators assumed by strategies and to avoid the big socio-economic gaps from the development regions. EU funding through development projects is based on the level of NUTS 2 development.

The composition of macroregions (NUTS1) and development regions (NUTS2) in Romania is the following²³:

²² Eurostat, Regions in the European Union - Nomenclature of territorial units for statistics. NUTS 2006 / EU-27, Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, Luxembourg, 2007, p.9.

²³ The National Institute of Statistics, Population of Romania by localities in January 2016, 2016, p. 10, Available online:

1. MACROREGION ONE, includes the following development regions and counties:

1.1. NORTH-WEST REGION	1.2. CENTER REGION
Bihor	Alba
Bistriţa-Năsăud	Brașov
Cluj	Covasna
Maramureş	Harghita
Satu Mare	Mureş
Sălaj	Sibiu

2. MACROREGION TWO, includes the following development regions and counties:

2.1. NORTH-EAST REGION	2.2. SOUTH-EAST REGION
Bacău	Brăila
Botoşani	Buzău
laşi	Constanța
Neamţ	Galați
Suceava	Tulcea
Vaslui	Vrancea

3. MACROREGION THREE, includes the following development regions and counties:

3.1. SOUTH REGION MUNTENIA	3.2. BUCHAREST-ILFOV
Argeş	București Municipality
Călărași	Ilfov
Dâmboviţa	
Giurgiu	
lalomița	
Prahova	
Teleorman	

http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/files/field/publicatii/populatia_romaniei_p e_localitati_la_1ianuarie2016_0.pdf, Accessed on 09.07.2018.

4. MACROREGION FOUR, includes the following development regions and counties:

4.1. SOUTH-EAST REGION OLTENIA	4.2. WEST REGION
Dolj	Arad
Gorj	Caraş-Severin
Mehedinți	Hunedoara
Olt	Timiș
Vâlcea	

According to the National Statistics Institute data on January 1, 2018, the South-West Oltenia Region had a resident population of 1.949.730 inhabitants, and considering the distribution by residence, it had 2.177.191 inhabitants, which represents 9.97% of the resident population of Romania (19.523.621), respectively 9.81% of the population domiciled in Romania (22.193.562)²⁴.

It can be noticed that at the beginning of 2018, in the S-W Oltenia Region, a higher proportion of the population in the rural area was found, 1.049.936 inhabitants, representing 53.85%, compared to the inhabitants of the urban area, respectively 899.794.

Population living in South-West Oltenia, classified by residence and gender, on 1 January 2018

Residence area	Inhabitants
	number
Total	1949730

²⁴ According to data issued by the National Institute of Statistics, *The Resident population* on the 1st of January 2018 and *Population by residence on January 1*, 2018, available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 17.07.2018.

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-	Urban	899794
-	Rural	1049936
Masculin	Total	959310
-	Urban	431862
-	Rural	527448
Feminin	Total	990420
-	Urban	467932
-	Rural	522488

From 1990 to 2009, the population of the South-West Oltenia region decreased by 501.770 people. Comparing with the resident population in 2010 in Oltenia (2.090.187 inhabitants in 2009), we notice a decrease of 140.457 people, meaning 7.2% of the population at region level. This was determined by the high mortality rate as compared to birth rate as well as by the population emigration phenomenon to other areas²⁵.

Analyzing Oltenia's population distribution by counties, we will notice that in Dolj County there is the largest share of it, namely 32.32%.

The resident population distribution in the South-West Oltenia region by counties on 1st of January 2018

County/South-West	Total Population	Share in relation to the
Oltenia Region		total population in the
		region
South-West Oltenia Region	1.949.730	100%

 $^{^{25}}$ The Regional Action Plan for Employment (RAPE) 2009-2013- Establishment and functioning of the Technical Office of the S-W Oltenia Territorial Pact for Employment and Social Inclusion in the South-West Region of Oltenia - SWOTP, Available online

http://stpsv.eubiz.ro/en/main.php?actCommand=home&actEvent=prao, accessed on 22.06.2018.

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Dolj	630.507	32.33%
Gorj	320.008	16.41%
Mehedinţi	245.213	12.58%
Olt	400.760	20.56%
Vâlcea	353.242	18.12%

Source: National Institute of Statistics, Resident population on 1st of January 2018, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 20.08.2018.

Population distribution by residence in the South-West Oltenia region, by counties, on 1st of January 2018

County/South-West Oltenia Region	Total population	Share in relation to the total population in the region
South-West Oltenia	2.177.191	100%
Region		
Dolj	693.427	31.85%
Gorj	361.467	16.6%
Mehedinți	282.249	12.96%
Olt	441.079	20.26%
Vâlcea	398.969	18.33%

Source: National Institute of Statistics, Population after domicile on the 1st of January 2018, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 20.08.2018.

There is a significant difference of 227.461 inhabitants, between the resident population of the South-West Oltenia region (1.949.730 inhabitants) and the population living in this area (2.177.191 inhabitants).

Analyzing the population distribution in the South-West Oltenia region by urban-rural residential environment, we will see the following distribution:

- Dolj: 53.85% in rural areas and 46.15% in urban areas;
- Gorj: 54.91% in rural areas and 45.09% in urban areas;

- Mehedinti: 53.91% in rural areas and 46.09% in urban areas;
- Olt: 60.79% in rural areas and 39.21% in urban areas;
- Vâlcea: 53.3% in the rural area and 44.7% in the urban area.

The gender structure shows an approximately equal distribution of males and females in the Oltenia area, with only 1.6% more female population (990.420 women) than male (959.310 males), with 50.8% women, compared to 49.2% men.

In 2016, in the South-West Oltenia region, the young population (aged 0-14) was 13.46%, the lowest relative to the rest of the development regions in Romania²⁶, the people aged 15-64 for 69.41% for the years, and for those aged over 65 it was 17.13% of the total.

According to data provided by the National Institute of Statistics, at the end of 2016, the working age population in the South-West Oltenia region was 1.249.700 people, of 658.900 men and 590.800 women.

Labor resources in the South-West Oltenia region, divided by counties and genders

		2016 Thousands of people
Total	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA region	1249.7
-	Dolj	408.8
-	Gorj	211.7
-	Mehedinți	157.8
-	Olt	255.9
-	Vâlcea	215.5
Masculin	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA region	658.9
-	Dolj	213.9
-	Gorj	111.4
-	Mehedinți	84.1
-	Olt	135.9
-	Vâlcea	113.6

²⁶ The National Institute of Statistics, *Romania's population by localities in January 2016*, 2016, p. 20, Available online http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/files/ field/publicatii/populatia_romaniei_pe_localitati_la_1ianuarie2016_0.pdf, Accessed on 14.07.2018.

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Feminin	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA region	590.8
-	Dolj	194.9
-	Gorj	100.3
-	Mehedinți	73.7
-	Olt	120
-	Vâlcea	101.9

Source: National Institute of Statistics, Labor resources by gender, macroregions, development regions and counties. Updated data for year 2016, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 22.08.2018.

By comparing the evolution of the population by residential areaS, we will notice that the active population in urban areas is constantly growing, while the rural population is in constant decline. Analyzing the age of active population, there is a decrease in the number of people aged 15-24 and an increase for groups of 45-64 year olds²⁷.

According to the "Workforce Survey data on the 1st of January 2017" in the South-West Oltenia region, the civil population at the end of 2016 was 761.300 people (divided into 413.000 men and 348.300 women) of which 398.200 employees (210.900 men and 187.300 women)²⁸. The detailed division, by field of activity, taking into account the type of active people, is as follows:

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²⁷ Regional Action Plan for Employment (RAPE) 2009-2013- Establishment and functioning of the Technical Office of the S-W Oltenia Territorial Pact for Employment and Social Inclusion in the South-West Region Oltenia - SWOTP, p. 41, http://stpsv.eubiz.ro/ro/main.php?actCommand=home&actEvent=prao Accessed on 22.01.2018.

²⁸ The National Institute of Statistics, Workforce Survey on the 1st of January 2017, Available online: http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/files/field/publicatii/balanta_fortei_de_munca_la_1ianuarie_2017.pdf, Accessed on 27.08.2018.

The civil population in the South-West Oltenia region at the end of 2016

CAEN Rev.2 (national economy activities)	Gender	2016
activities)		Thousands of people
TOTAL	Total	761.3
-	Feminin	348.3
A AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	Total	233.3
-	Feminin	125.7
INDUSTRY	Total	163.2
-	Feminin	57.5
B MINING	Total	14.1
-	Feminin	1.6
C MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY	Total	127.1
-	Feminin	50.8
D PRODUCTION AND SUPPLY OF ELECTRIC AND THERMAL ENERGY, GASES, WATER AND AIR CONDITIONING	Total	9.8
-	Feminin	2.1
E WATER DISTRIBUTION; SAFETY, WASTE MANAGEMENT, DECONTAMINATION ACTIVITIES	Total	12.2
-	Feminin	3
F CONSTRUCTIONS	Total	64.7
-	Feminin	7.2
G WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES REPAIR	Total	99.8
-	Feminin	50.4
H TRANSPORT AND STORAGE	Total	33.2
-	Feminin	5.6
I HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS	Total	14.6
-	Feminin	9.9
J INFORMATION AND COMUNICATIONS	Total	8.4
-	Feminin	3.7

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K FINANCIAL BROKERAGES AND INSURANCE	Total	5.6
-	Feminin	3.9
L REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS	Total	3
-	Feminin	1.8
M PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES	Total	10
-	Feminin	4.8
N ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Total	17.8
-	Feminin	5.5
O PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENSE; PUBLIC SYSTEM SOCIAL INSURANCE	Total	20.4
-	Feminin	11
P EDUCATION	Total	36.4
-	Feminin	25.3
Q HEALTH AND SOCIAL ASSISTENCE	Total	36.6
-	Feminin	28.9
R SHOWS, CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES	Total	4.9
-	Feminin	2.8
S OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Total	9.4
-	Feminin	4.3

Source: National Institute of Statistics, Civil population by activities of national economy at section level CAEN Rev.2, in 2016, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 20.08.2018.

Analyzing the activity rate of labor resources in the South West Oltenia Region and in each of its counties, we can see that, at Oltenia level, 69% of the labor resources are involved in the labor market, the highest rate

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" of activity being recovered in Vâlcea county - 77.5%, followed by Mehedinţi county - 70.5% and by Dolj county by 66.7%.

South West Oltenia Region labor resources employment rate

Gender		2015 Procentage
Total	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA Region	69
-	Dolj	67,6
-	Gorj	65,1
-	Mehedinți	70,8
-	Olt	66,1
-	Vâlcea	77,5
Masculin	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA Region	70,6
-	Dolj	70,4
-	Gorj	66,6
-	Mehedinți	69,7
-	Olt	65,8
-	Vâlcea	81,6
Feminin	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA Region	67,1
-	Dolj	64,6
-	Gorj	63,4
-	Mehedinți	72,1
-	Olt	66,5
-	Vâlcea	72,9

Source: The National Institute of Statistics, Labor Activity Survey on Macroregions, Development Regions and Counties, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 02.08.2018

The data provided by AMIGO - through the National Institute of Statistics, indicates for the first semester of 2018 the situation of the activity rate by age groups and residence areas.

S-W Oltenia activity rate, by age group and residence area, in the first half of 2018

Age group	Residential	First Trimester 2018	
	areas	UM: Procentage	
15 - 24 years	Total	30	
-	Urban	19,5	
-	Rural	38,6	
25 - 34 years	Total	80,3	
-	Urban	79,2	
-	Rural	81,3	
35 - 54 years	Total	80,4	
-	Urban	82,7	
-	Rural	78,1	
25 - 54 years	Total	80,3	
-	Urban	81,7	
-	Rural	78,9	
55 - 64 years	Total	50	
-	Urban	45,2	
-	Rural	54,7	
15 - 64 years	Total	65,4	
-	Urban	64,4	
-	Rural	66,4	
15 years and over	Total	53,5	
-	Urban	54,1	
-	Rural	52,9	

Source: National Institute of Statistics, AMIGO, Age Groups activity rate, residence areas, Macro-Regions and development regions, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 05.07.2018.

In July 2018, the unemployment rate in the South West Oltenia region was 6.2%, the county level situation being the following: 8.7% in Mehedinţi, 7.8% in Dolj, 6.3% in Olt, 4.5% in Gorj and 3.4% in Vâlcea.

** The registered unemployment rate is the ratio between the number of unemployed (registered with employment agencies) and the civil active population.

South West Oltenia registered unemployment rate - July 2018

		July 2018
Gender		UM:
		Procetage
Total	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA Region	<u>6,2</u>
-	Dolj	<u>7,8</u>
-	Gorj	<u>4,5</u>
-	Mehedinți	<u>8,7</u>
-	Olt	<u>6,3</u>
-	Vâlcea	<u>3,4</u>
Masculin	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA Region	<u>6,6</u>
-	Dolj	<u>8,3</u>
-	Gorj	<u>4,6</u>
-	Mehedinți	<u>9,4</u>
-	Olt	<u>7</u>
-	Vâlcea	<u>3,1</u>
Feminin	SOUTH-WEST OLTENIA Region	<u>5,7</u>
-	Dolj	<u>7</u>
-	Gorj	<u>4,4</u>
-	Mehedinți	<u>7,8</u>
-	Olt	<u>5,5</u>
-	Vâlcea	<u>3,7</u>

Source: National Institute of Statistics, Unemployment rate registered at the end of the month, by gender, macroregions, development regions and counties, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 25.08.2018.

On the other hand, at the end of July 2018, the share of unemployed registered in the counties of South West Oltenia was the following:

Share of registered unemployed in the counties of South West Oltenia - July 2018

Gender	Counties	July 2018
		UM: Procentage
Total		
-	Dolj	4,7
-	Gorj	2,6
-	Mehedinți	5
-	Olt	3,6
-	Vâlcea	2,2
Masculin		
-	Dolj	5,6
-	Gorj	2,8
-	Mehedinți	5,8
-	Olt	4,2
-	Vâlcea	2,2
Feminin		
-	Dolj	3,8
-	Gorj	2,3
-	Mehedinți	4,3
-	Olt	3
-	Vâlcea	2,2

Source: National Institute of Statistics, Share of unemployed registered at the end of the month in total labor resources, by gender and counties, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 19.08.2018.

** The share of unemployed in total labor resources is a statistical indicator, calculated monthly, expressed in percentages and determined by reporting the unemployed registered number to the total population by residence between the ages of 18-62 on 1st of January and 1st of July of each year²⁹.

In the 2014/2015 academic year, in Oltenia region, we have 8.165 graduates with a higher education diploma (ISCED levels 6, 7, 8), and in the academic year 2015/2016 there are 7.702 graduates, undergraduate, master, postgraduate, doctoral and postdoctoral programs³⁰.

The graduates' distribution from the academic year 2014/2015, according to the counties is as follows: Dolj-6.013, Gorj-1.013, Mehedinţi-575, Olt-112 and Vâlcea-452³¹.

The graduates' distribution from the academic year 2015/2016, according to the counties is as follows: Dolj-5.873, Gorj-971, Mehedinţi-480, Olt-109 and Vâlcea-269.

The cross-border cooperation in the S-W Oltenia is based on the proximity of Bulgaria to the south and the Republic of Serbia to the South-West, by placing on both sides of the Danube River. The counties / districts that are in the cross-border area of Romania-Bulgaria are: Mehedinţi, Dolj,

²⁹ The National Institute of Statistics, Share of unemployed registered at the end of the month in total labor resources, by gender and counties, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/index.jsp?page=tempo3&lang=en&ind=SOM101F, Accessed on 19.08.2018.

³⁰ The National Institute of Statistics, Regional Economic and Social Indicators: Territorial Statistics, 2017,

http://www.insse.ro/cms/files/Publicatii_2017/82.Repere_economice_si_sociale_re gionale_Statistica_teritoriala/Repere_economice_si_sociale_regionale_Statistica_teritoriala_2017.pdf, p. 445.

³¹ Ibidem.

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Olt from South-West Oltenia Region, but also Teleorman, Giurgiu, Calarasi, Constanta and from Bulgaria: Vidin, Vratsa, Montana, Pleven, Veliko Tarnovo, Ruse, Silistra, Dobrich and Razgrad. The counties / districts that are in the Romania-Serbia cross-border cooperation area are: Mehedinti County in South-West Oltenia but also Caras-Severin and Timis and from Serbia: Borski, Branicevski, South Banat, Central Banat and North Banat³².

The Danube riverside counties (Dolj, Mehedinti and Olt) are part of the Danube Cooperation Area through the "League of Danubian Counties in Romania", which was co-authored in 1991 in the "League of Danubian Countries". The purpose of this authority is to create an organized framework for the development of cooperation relations in the field of environment, spatial planning and economic cooperation. Cooperation is also supported by the establishment of euroregions aimed at creating direct links between regions and communities on both sides of state borders. The euroregion "Dunarea 21" operates in the South-West region, established in 2002, comprises urban and rural localities in Romania (Calafat and 4 communes in Dolj County), Bulgaria (Vidin and 7 communes) and Serbia (Zaicear and 7 communes)³³.

Thanks to geographic location, the South-West Region was included by the European Commission on the map of the Rhine-Danube and Eastern-Mediterranean Infrastructure Corridors, two of the nine corridors that will revolutionize East-West connections³⁴.

The European Commission has established for the 2014-2020 financial year the way to finance development projects, as follows:

³² South-West Regional Development Agency Oltenia, South-West Regional Development Plan Oltenia 2014 - 2020, p. 8.

³³ *Ibidem*, p.9.

³⁴ Ibidem.

- 1. Less developed regions with a GDP per capita of less than 75% of the European Union average will continue to be the top priority in this policy. The maximum co-financing rate is set at 75-85% in less developed regions but also in ultra-peripheral regions;
- 2. Transition regions with a GDP per capita of between 75% and 90% of the European Union average will have a co-financing rate of 60%;
- 3. More developed regions, with a GDP per capita higher than 90% of the European Union average, will have a co-financing rate of 50%³⁵.

South-West Oltenia region falls under the category of "less developed" regions, with a GDP per capita of less than 75% compared to the European Union average³⁶.

The strategic objective of the South-West Oltenia Region for the period 2014-2020 is the sustainable and balanced development of the region by capitalizing on its own resources, supporting the business environment, infrastructure and services in order to reduce the existing disparities between Oltenia region and the other regions of the country to raise the citizens' living standard³⁷.

The priorities of the South-West Oltenia Regional Development Strategy 2014 - 2020 are the following³⁸:

- 1. Increasing the region's economic competitiveness
- 2. Regional infrastructure modernization and development

³⁵ South-West Regional Development Agency Oltenia, South-West Regional Development Plan Oltenia 2014 - 2020, p. 8.

³⁶ Ibidem.

³⁷ *Ibidem*, p. 482.

³⁸ Ibidem.

- 3. Tourism development, natural heritage capitalization and culturalhistorical legacy
- 4. Sustainable rural development and agriculture and fishing modernization
- 5. Developing human resources to support sustainable employment and social inclusion
 - 6. Environmental protection and increased energy efficiency

For Regional Priority 5: Human Resources Development in support of sustainable employment and social inclusion, we find in the S-W Oltenia region strategy the following intervention areas³⁹:

- Intervention area 5.1 Investing in education, competencies and results-based learning
 - Intervention area 5.2: Employment and mobility on the labor market
 - Intervention area 5.3: Social inclusion and poverty alleviation.

Within the framework of the development strategy of the South-West Oltenia region, we find within the Intervention Field 5.1 "Investments in education, competencies and results-based education" and within the scope of intervention 5.2 "Employment and mobility on the labor market", the following relevant actions for this strategy⁴⁰:

- Developing the continuous vocational training system (CVT), increasing access to and participation in lifelong learning
- Increasing the adaptability of the workforce and the enterprises to the labor market needs

³⁹ *Ibidem*, p. 492-493.

⁴⁰ *Ibidem*, p. 492-493.

- Public awareness actions (civic sense) and belonging to the local community and social responsibility;
 - Developing the regional career counseling centers network;
- Information/counseling/mediation activities in order to increase the cohesion and consensus degree at the community level;
- Active measures (job fairs, labor market counseling/mediation center, job portal, etc.) on the labor market and training;
 - Access to employment for jobseekers, inactive people, etc.

Dolj County Situation

The Dolj county covers an area of 7.414 km² and consists of 3 municipalities (Craiova, Baileşti, Calafat), 4 towns (Bechet, Dabuleni, Filiasi, Segarcea), 104 communes and 378 villages and on the 1st of January 2018 a total of 693.427 inhabitants, 382.887 people living in urban areas and 310.550 people living in rural areas⁴¹. The number of inhabitants in Dolj County has decreased steadily over the last 3 decades, reaching 772.654 in 1992 (the maximum number of inhabitants registered in statistical data at county level) at 751.817 in 2000, at 722.251 in 2010 to 693.427 at present⁴², the detailed statistics being the following:

⁴¹ According to data collected on the website of the National Institute of Statistics, Tempo Online, Population by Domicile on the 1st of January by age and age groups, gender, residence, macroregions, development regions and counties, 2018, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 30.08.2018.

⁴² Ibidem.

Inhabitants number evolution domiciled in Dolj county

1992	1993	1994	1995	1996
772654	770534	768867	766686	763174
1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
759344	755946	753880	751817	750850
2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
748612	745320	741495	737841	734698
2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
731228	728295	725464	722251	718662
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
715186	711844	708129	705007	700840
2017	2018			
697675	693427			

Source: The National Institute of Statistics, Tempo Online, Population by Domicile on the 1st of January by age and age groups, gender, residence, macroregions, development regions and counties, 2018, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 30.08.2018

The decrease of the population is determined by the negative natural growth as well as by the internal and external migration, the only localities with population growth are those around Craiova (suburbanization phenomenon) and those with a high rate of Roma population⁴³.

At Dolj County level it is estimated that the phenomenon of migration contributed with over 38,000 people to the demographic decrease registered only in the period 1992-2011. Among the people born in Dolj County and living in other counties of the country, the high share of those who migrated

⁴³ Dolj County Prefecturel, *Economic and Social Development Strategy of Dolj county for the period 2014-2020*, Craiova, 2015, p. 9, Available online http://www.cjdolj.ro/documente%202015/SDES_Dolj_2014-2020_rev_20_oct.pdf, Accessed on 28.08.2018.

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to Bucharest (25.4% of the total), Gorj (10.5%), Timiş (9.1 %), Mehedinţi (7.7%), Olt (6.6%), Hunedoara (6.5%) and Caraş-Severin (5.2%)⁴⁴. Regarding foreign migration, the 2011 census records 11.811 people (1.8% of the county's population) temporarily abroad, of which 49% in Italy and 28.3% in Spain. There are 15.145 people who have gone abroad for a longer period (2.3% of the county's population), of which 50.8% are men and 49.2% are women. Thus, about 4.1% of the county's population is involved in the migration process. However, it should be noted that, in reality, the number of emigrants could be 2-3 times higher than that identified in the census⁴⁵.

Predictions for the South-West Oltenia region demography and Dolj County are grim, so the population will decrease by 14.7% until 2030 and by 33.5% until 2050, respectively⁴⁶.

At the end of 2016, in the Dolj county, the young population (aged 0-14 years) was 13.88%, the people aged 15-64 years reaching 68.7%, and the population aged over 65 years old was 17.42% of the total⁴⁷.

Synthesizing the Dolj County's agro-industrial profile, we can see that it is characterized by the fact that it is a regional university center with a national impact, it has developed the thermal energy sector, the auto sector,

⁴⁴ *Ibidem*, p. 53.

⁴⁵ Ibidem, p. 54.

⁴⁶ Vasile Gheţău, *Declinul demografic și viitorul populației României*, Buzău, AlphaMDN Publishing House, 2007 apud. CJ Dolj, Economic and Social Development Strategy of Dolj county for the period 2014-2020, Craiova, 2015, p. 55.

⁴⁷ The National Institute of Statistics, Romania's population by localities in January 2016, 2016, p. 39, Available online http://www.insse.ro/cms/sites/default/files/field/publicatii/populatia_romaniei_pe_localitati_la_1ianuarie2016_0.pdf, Accessed on 14.07.2018.

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" agricultural machinery and at the same time it focuses on traditional and ecological agriculture⁴⁸.

In 2016, the labor resources in Dolj county, including the working-age population⁴⁹, able to work, as well as people under and over the working age, reached 408.800 people, divided into 213.900 men and 194.900 women⁵⁰. On the other hand, the civil active population, which characterizes the potential labor supply and the employment of the population including the civil population and the registered unemployed was 265.100 people, 146.100 men and 119,000 women in 2016⁵¹.

The civil employed population in Dolj County, according to CAEN Rev.2 (activities of the national economy), was allocated in 2016 as follows:

Civil employed population from Dolj county, în functie de CAEN Rev. 2- 2016

CAEN Rev.2 (national economy activity)	Thousands of people
TOTAL	239,2
A AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY AND FISHING	75,6
INDUSTRY	42,5
B. MINING	0,8
C. MANUFACTURING INDUSTY	35,5
D. ELECTRIC AND THERMAL ENERGY	2,7
PRODUCTION AND SUPPLY, GASES, WATER AND	
AIR CONDITIONING	

⁴⁸ South-West Regional Development Agency Oltenia, Integrated Territorial Development Strategy of the "Oltenia Danubius" Micro-Region, Craiova, 2013, p. 31.

⁴⁹ In 2016, the legal age for work was between 16-60 years for women and 16-65 vears for men.

⁵⁰The National Institute of Statistics, Tempo Online, Labor resources, 2018, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 30.08.2018.

⁵¹ Idem, *Civil active population*.

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E. WATER DISTRIBUTION; HEALTH, WASTE MANAGEMENT, DECONTAMINATION ACTIVITIES	3,5
F. CONSTRUCTIONS	17
G. WHOLESALE/RETAIL TRADE; VEHICLES AND	35,9
MOTOCYCLES REPAIR	
H. TRANSPORT AND STORAGE	10,4
I. HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS	4,7
J. INFORMATION AND COMUNICATIONS	3,4
K. FINANCIAL BROKERAGE AND INSSURANCE	1,9
L. REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS	1
M. PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TEHNICAL	4,2
ACTIVITIES	
N. ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES ACTIVITIES AND	6,4
SUPPORT SERVICES ACTIVITIES	F /
O. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENSE;	5,6
SOCIAL INSSURANCE FROM PUBLIC	
ADMINISTRATION P. FOLICATION	12.4
P. EDUCATION	12,4
Q. HEALTH AND SOCIAL ASSISTANCE	13,1
R. SHOW ACTIVITIES, CULTURAL AND RECREATIONAL	2,1
S. OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES	3
3. UTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES	3

Source: The National Institute of Statistics, Tempo Online, Labor Resources, 2018

The economic structure in Dolj County in 2012 was 49.7% for the service sector, 33.1% for the industrial sector, 9.4% for the construction sector and 7.8% for the agriculture sector⁵².

The employed civil population includes, according to the workforce balance methodology, all the people who have an income-generating

⁵² Dolj County Prefecture, *Economic and social development strategy of Dolj county for the period 2014-2020*, Craiova, 2015, p. 94.

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" occupation, which they usually exercise in one of the activities of the national economy, being included in an economic or social activity, based on a contract work or independently (on their own) in order to obtain income in the form of salaries, payment in kind, etc⁵³.

The categories of people included are⁵⁴:

- employees working in one of the activities of the national economy in the public sector (all state and public of national interest), mixed, private, cooperative, public;
- employers managers of private units who use the workforce to carry out the activity;
 - self-employed workers;
 - unpaid family workers.

The number of unemployed registered at the end of June 2018 was 20.122, out of which 18.058 were no longer entitled to the unemployment benefit⁵⁵. Thus, the unemployment rate in Dolj County in June 2018 was 7.6%, with 8.2% among men and 6.8% among women. The registered unemployment rate is the ratio between the number of unemployed (registered with employment agencies) and the civil active population⁵⁶. On

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⁵³ Idem, Employed civil population by activities of the national economy at CAEN Rev.1 section level.

⁵⁴ According to NIS, TempoOnline, the employed civil population does not include military and assimilate people (MD staff, MAI, RIS, in-service militaries), inmates and political and collective organizations' employees.

⁵⁵ The National Institute of Statistics, Tempo Online, *Unemployed registered at the end of the month*, 2018, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 31.08.2018.

⁵⁶ Idem, unemployment rate recorded at the end of the month.

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" the other hand, the share of unemployed registered in total labor resources was of 4.7%⁵⁷ in Dolj County, at the end of July 2018.

The number of active companies is a representative indicator of the region's entrepreneurial development level. Thus, in the South-West Region, there were 35.360 active local units in 2013, representing 7.28% of the total national number. Analyzing the entrepreneurial development degree from this indicator's point of view, it is noticed that the South - West Oltenia Region is on the last place in the national ranking. In terms of time, the dynamics of this indicator, at the level of the South-West Oltenia Development Region, in the period 2005-2008, shows an increase of 17,63% of the total number of active local units, a phenomenon corresponding to the artificial economic growth registered at national level. However, 2009 marks the onset of a negative trend, with a decline in the number of active enterprises by 9.25 per cent between 2009 and 2013. From the point of view of the number of local units active in the main economic branches, in the South-West Oltenia Region in 2015, it is noticed that the most important support is held by the companies that carry out activities in the commerce field (42.15% of the total), to a considerable difference, by the active manufacturing units (9.55%) and the transport and storage sector (8.62%)⁵⁸. The distribution of active local units at county level indicates their concentration in Dolj county, which holds the highest number of companies in the region at the level of the last reference year (2013) and 13.400 respectively, almost double compared to the one recorded in the Gorj and

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⁵⁷ The National Institute of Statistics, Tempo Online, *Share of unemployed registered* at the end of the month in total labor resources, Available online http://statistici.insse.ro/shop/, Accessed on 31.08.2018.

⁵⁸ South-West Regional Development Agency Oltenia; ACZ Consulting, *Regional Innovation Strategy for Intelligent Specialization*, 2015.

Olt counties. The existence of a significant discrepancy between the Dolj counties it is also noted, the first within this hierarchy, and Mehedinţi, which holds the last position, with a number of 3.278 active local units⁵⁹.

The priorities of the South-West Oltenia Regional Development Strategy for 2014-2020 are the following⁶⁰:

- 1. Increasing the region's economic competitiveness
- 2. Regional infrastructure modernization and development
- 3. Tourism development, natural heritage capitalization and cultural-historical heritage
- 4. Sustainable rural development and modernization of agriculture and fishing
- 5. Developing human resources to support sustainable employment and social inclusion
 - 6. Environmental protection and increased energy efficiency

As regards Priority 5 "Human Resources Development in Support of Sustainable Employment and Social Inclusion", 3 areas of intervention are foreseen:

- -5.1. Investment in education, competencies and results-based learning
- -5.2. Employment and mobility on the labor market
- -5.3. Social inclusion and poverty alleviation

In education investment, competencies and results-based learning, the following operations/activities are considered⁶¹:

- Measures to prevent early school leaving and promote equal access to education;

⁵⁹ Ibidem.

⁶⁰ South-West Regional Development Agency Oltenia, South-West Regional Development Plan Oltenia 2014 - 2020, 2014, pp. 483-495.

⁶¹ *Ibidem*, p.492.

- Developing the initial and continuing education and training system for pre-university and university education and facilitating the transition from school to active life;
 - Development of the extra-syllable education system;
- Outsourcing the competence assessment system (training of the economic environment and the partner environment in the skills' evaluation);
- Developing the continuous vocational training system (CVT), increasing access and participation in lifelong learning;
- Increasing the workforce and the companies' adaptability to labor market needs;
- Public awareness actions (civic sense) and belonging to the local community and social responsibility;
 - Developing the regional network of career counseling centers.

In the employment and mobility field on the labor market, the following operations/activities are considered⁶²:

- Stimulating employment through SEA (social economy activities);
- Stimulating independent activities and entrepreneurship;
- Information/counseling/mediation activities in order to increase cohesion and consensus degree at the community level;
- Active measures (job fairs, counseling/mediation center for the labor market, job portal, etc.) on the labor market and training especially for unemployed and disadvantaged groups;
 - Access to employment for jobseekers, inactive people, etc.

In the field of social inclusion and poverty alleviation, the following operations/activities are considered⁶³:

⁶² *Ibidem*, pp. 492-493.

⁶³ Ibidem, p.493.

- Promoting and developing the social economy and social companies;
- Integrated plans in which social housing is mainly accompanied by interventions in education, health and employment;
 - Developing social and voluntary services in citizens' support
 - Strengthening institutional capacity.

At the Dolj County level, three strategic objectives were outlined⁶⁴:

- The strategic objective 1. Increasing Dolj county's accessibility and attractiveness for investors and tourists;
 - The strategic objective 2. Dolj county sustainable development;
- The strategic objective 3. Increasing Dolj county attractiveness for the inhabitants and inclusive communities development.

Within the strategic objective 1, "increasing Dolj county accessibility and attractiveness for investors and tourists", we have three operational objectives⁶⁵:

- Operational objective 1.1 Ensuring connectivity and mobility of people and goods within Dolj county
- Operational Objective 1.2 Supporting local economy and increasing Dolj county employment opportunities level
- Operational Objective 1.3 To capitalize on the natural and cultural tourism potential of Dolj county.

Within the strategic objective 2, "Sustainable Development of Dolj County", we have two operational objectives⁶⁶:

⁶⁴ Dolj County Prefecturel, *Economic and Social Development Strategy of Dolj county for the period 2014-2020*, Craiova, 2015, pp. 302-316.

⁶⁵ *Ibidem*, pp. 304-308.

⁶⁶ *Ibidem*, pp. 308-311.

- Operational objective 2.1 Environmental protection and sustainable management
- Operational objective 2.2 Increasing energy efficiency and capitalizing on Dolj county's renewable potential.

Within the strategic objective 3, "increasing Dolj county attractiveness for the inhabitants and inclusive communities development", we have three operational objectives⁶⁷:

- Operational objective 3.1 Quality improvement and access of the urban and rural population of Dolj County to public services and infrastructures
- Operational Objective 3.2 Good governance to ensure Dolj county's integrated development.

This latter operational objective includes measures such as:

- Improve planning capacity, increase transparency and promote the involvement of relevant actors and residents in decision-making;
- Increasing the innovation and implementation of innovative solutions in the county public administration;
 - Developing skills for good governance and leadership;
- Increase the degree of cooperation between public authorities at intra- and inter-county levels, as well as at transnational, cross-border level. This measure highlights a number of potential activities such as⁶⁸:
 - - Developing partner structures such as ADI/CLLD (GAL)/FLAG;
- Developing tools to increase the sustainability of associative/cooperative structures;

⁶⁷ *Ibidem*, pp. 311-316.

⁶⁸ *Ibidem*, p. 316.

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- Encourage twinning/twinning partnerships, encouraging membership of associative structures of public administration institutions at national/European/international level;
- Exchanges of experience organization and best practices/know-how transfer activities;
 - Development of cross-border and transnational cooperation projects;
- Establishment and development of a European Grouping for Territorial Cooperation;
- Organizing training courses for civil servants with competence in the cooperation field.

Following the analysis of the socio-economic context of the Dolj-Vidin cross-border region, it is noticed that the juridical sector is not a priority of the governors of the two territorial units, although good economic development at cross-border level occurs in the context of a coherent juridical collaboration and the need to strengthen the juridical sector is obvious. In this context, there was a need to develop a strategy to develop cooperation between institutions in both areas and especially of the key actors in the juridical field and increase the visibility of the juridical sector and streamline cross-border labor mobility in the juridical field.

The developing vision

The joint strategy is based on the results of the joint study on the employability and mobility of the cross-border workforce in the juridical field⁶⁹ (Activity A6).

As a result of the study, the needs and areas of employability were identified, as well as the conditions in which the members of the target group (students and graduates of higher legal education) could become more mobile within the cross-border region.

At the same time, the study identified the need for possible employers (commercial companies, public administration institutions, etc.) of staff with legal studies, as well as the need for continuous development of current and future employees.

The results of field research identify the main issues that form a barrier to mobility and employment in the cross-border area in the juridical field, identifying the causes and effects of these issues.

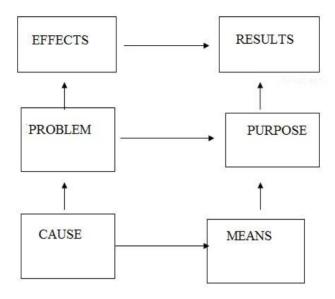
The strategy was designed to meet the seven features of the strategies⁷⁰: image of the future, creativity, flexibility, activity, created for action, orientation towards change, orientation towards sustainable gain.

The principles of project management were followed and the "tree of the problem" will be built, and later, on the basis of it, it can be developed the "object tree", respecting the following schematic structure:

⁶⁹ Liliana Daniela Birtu, Constantin Adi Gavrilă, Cristina Goga, Cristian Valeriu Stanciu, Peter Kirilov Gruev, *Joint study regarding employment and workforce mobility in the cross-border area, in the juridical field*, Craiova, Editura Sitech, 2018.

⁷⁰ Csáth Magdolna, *Stratégiatervezés és vezetés*, Budapesta, Közigazgatási és Jogi Könyvkiadó, 1993 apud. Balogh Márton, *Etapele de elaborare a strategiilor de dezvoltare locală*, în Revista Transilvană de Ştiințe Administrative, IX, 2003, p. 75.

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CAUSES:

1. Following the analysis of the results obtained from the researches applied in Dolj County and the Vidin region among the law specialists and legal practitioners, we note a reluctance on their potential emigration, thus 47.59% of the respondents Romanians have estimated that they have a "low" and "very low" short- and medium-term emigration, while 27.2% said they had no probability of emigration and 50% of the Bulgarian respondents liked it "Small" and "very small" emigration in the short and medium term, while 28.82% said they did not estimate any probability of emigration. Only 1.13% of the Doljeni respondents were sure that 1.18% of the Bulgarians would emigrate, 1.13% of the Romanians and 3.53% of the Bulgarians considered that there was a very high probability of emigration, 3.97% of the doljeni and 6.47% of the residents of the Vidin region estimated that with high probability of emigration and 10.76% of the persons in Romania, respectively 9.41% of the persons in Bulgaria appreciated an average probability of emigration.

We can conclude that a first cause of our problem is: "the reluctance of law graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj County and Vidin Region towards a potential emigration."

2. The survey shows that for doljeni it is observed that the greatest interest for a potential emigration is presented by the states from Western Europe, the countries found in the proximity of Romania, which do not attract high interest to the respondents. Moreover, for the Romanian respondents, Bulgaria and the Vidin region, very few respondents found themselves as the first option for emigration. The Bulgarian respondents, being asked about the degree of interest that various regions present as potential areas for emigration, show that they have the greatest interest for the Member States of the European Union, followed by those in Western Europe. Nevertheless, the persons interviewed in Vidin, being asked to choose in the order of their preferences between a group of states and regions in the situation in which the situation of the offer of a job with wage conditions and similar facilities would arise, have opted in number relatively large for Dolj county and other regions of Romania as the first option.

Indeed, following the empirical research carried out within this project, we noticed that for Romanian citizens, Bulgaria is not a favorite destination, as neither Bulgarians, Romania are in the top of preferences, although the advantage of reduced distances is one obvious. This problem has a number of identified causes, such as poor institutional cooperation, low information⁷¹, high poverty levels⁷², and so on.

⁷¹ Liliana Daniela Birtu, Constantin Adi Gavrilă, Cristina Goga, Cristian Valeriu Stanciu, Peter Kirilov Gruev, *op. cit.*, p. 125.

Thus, we can identify the second cause of our problem, namely: "the very low interest of law graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj County for the Vidin Region and the low interest of law graduates and legal practitioners in the Region Vidin for Dolj county".

3. In the study, it was possible to identify the high level of claims among persons with Romanian and Bulgarian academic studies regarding the potential jobs in other states, 41.4% of Romanians and 56.47% of Bulgarians said they would accept working only in the primary sector and only in the field of university specialization, and 50.4% of the Romanians and 34.71% of the interviewed persons in Bulgaria said they would accept to work only in the primary sector, even if the work is not in the field of university specialization, only 4.5% of Romanian respondents and 0.59% of

Bulgarians said they would accept to work in the secondary sector, but only for a certain period. No respondent has shown its intention to work in the secondary sector of the labor market for an indefinite period.

We can see a third cause: "the low flexibility of the graduates of socialization to accept a job in another state, if the job is not in the primary sector and in the field of university specialization."

4. In the results of the research, it was observed that in relation to the financial expectations of the Romanian and Bulgarian scholars for the potential mobility on the European labor market, they are very high,

⁷² Gabirela Motoi, Veronica Gheorghita, *The Consequences of Economic Recession on the Quality of Life in Romania*, *between 2009 and 2013*, in Revista de Ştiinţe Politice, no. 56, 2017, p. 40.

respondents in Dolj between 2,600euro / month and 1510euro / month and for the respondents in Vidin between 3,701euro / month and 1,529euro / month, the difference being mainly given by the state of destination. It should be noted that for present and future legal practitioners in Dolj and Vidin, financial claims for a potential emigration in the neighboring state are estimated at an average of 1500 euro / month.

Thus, a fourth cause is represented by "The high financial expectations of students and abolitors in Dolj and Vidin of legal studies for a potential emigration, averaging € 1500 / month".

5. The survey reveals the fact that among the students of the law specialization and legal practitioners in Dolj and Vidin, a low level of information about the opportunities offered by the labor market in Bulgaria and Vidin, 37.11% of the Romanian respondents and 20.59% of the Bulgarians said they had no information, 24.65% of the Doljeni and 31.76% of the Vidin respondents said they had very little information, 24.08% of the interviewed persons in Bulgaria and 23.94% of those surveyed in Vidin 6.80% of Romanians and 10% of Bulgarians said they had an average level of information, while only 1.42% of Doljeni and 2.36% of Vidin's inhabitants said that much and much information.

We can identify the fifth issue of the problem, namely: "the low level of information of students and practitioners in the juridical field, regarding the opportunities offered by the labor market in Dolj county and the Vidin region".

6. As a result of the analysis of the results obtained from the researches applied in the Dolj county and the Vidin region among the

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" employers, we observe the low level of cooperation with institutions / organizations in the neighboring country. Only 25.81% of the surveyed institutions in the Vidin region and 27.88% of the Romanian institutions had cooperation links with institutions / organizations in Romania and Bulgaria at the time of the survey. It is noted that cross-border institutional cooperation is rather occasional.

Thus, we note the sixth case: "The low, occasional level of cooperation between the institutions in Dolj County and the Vidin Region"

7. The study notes that most institutions recognize the potential benefits of such cooperation with the neighboring state, but said they did not have "sufficient information on the institutions there" or that they "had no knowledge of the opportunities for cooperation".

We identify a seventh cause: "Low level of information on opportunities for institutional cooperation between organizations in Dolj county and Vidin region".

At the same time, we can draw an eighth issue: "Low level of information on institutions in Dolj county and Vidin region".

8. The Romanian and Bulgarian employers did not appear very open for a potential recruitment of graduates of legal higher education completed in the neighboring state, although 42.31% of Dolj legal entities and 51.62% of Vidin legal entities are aware that this this would increase their opportunities for cooperation with neighboring institutions.

The new case concerns: "the reluctance of Doljeni and Bulgarian employers to hire staff with legal studies graduated in the neighboring state"

9. Regarding the skills / knowledge emphasis on employers in Vidin. we note an increased interest in "leardership skills", followed by "good communication skills" and "knowledge of Bulgarian language", then "good practical knowledge in field of graduate studies "and" good theoretical knowledge in graduate studies ". For doljeni employers, "good practical knowledge in the field of graduate studies" is very important, followed by "good theoretical knowledge in the field of studies", "good communication skills" and "knowledge of Romanian language". For 27.42% of Bulgarian legal entities, "good knowledge of cross-border cooperation and regulation" is "very important", for 24.19% of "great importance" and 19.35% for "medium importance". For the specific areas of the cross-border law sector, Bulgarian employers assess the importance of "large" and "very large" in different proportions ranging from 27.41% to 33.87%. For 27.88% of legal entities in Dolj County "good knowledge of cross-border cooperation and regulation" are "very important" and for 29.81% they have "medium importance". For specific areas of cross-border law, 13.46% of Romanian employers assess the importance of "very high", and "average" importance is given to these areas differently, ranging between 30.77% and 44.23%.

It can be concluded that employers in Dolj and Vidin emphasize the theoretical and practical knowledge in the juridical field of potential employees as well as on the knowledge of language (Romanian and Bulgarian respectively) and various skills in the field of cross-border cooperation.

The previous analysis shows the tenth and eleventh cause for the reduced employment of law graduates in the neighboring state: "Romanians low Bulgarian language knowledge level"/"Bulgarian low Romanian language knowledge level" and "low level of the theoretical and practical knowledge in

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" the field of Romanian students' Bulgarian law"/" low level of theoretical and practical knowledge in the field of Romanian students law ".

PROBLEM

The main **problem** identified as a analysis results of the "Study on the workforce employability and mobility of the cross-border region in the juridical field" is as follows: "The workforce mobility in the juridical field between Dolj County and Vidin is low".



SCOPE

Thus, the **purpose** of our strategy is to "Increase labor mobility in the juridical field between Dolj County and Vidin Region"

EFFECT

Low number of law graduates and legal practitioners in the crossborder labor market.



RESULT

Increasing mobility on the cross-border labor market among law graduates and legal practitioners.

CAUSE 1:

"the reluctance of law graduates and legal practitioners in the juridical field in Dolj County and the Vidin Region towards a potential emigration."

SOLUTION 1:

"The opening of graduates of law specialization and legal practitioners in Dolj County and Vidin Region towards a potential emigration".

ACTION 1.1:

"Promoting the benefits of potential emigration for the purpose of employment among law graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj County and Vidin Region"

ACTION 1.2:

"Mediation actions on the international labor market for law graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj County and Vidin Region"

CAUSE 2:

"The very low interest of law graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj County for the Vidin Region and the low interest of law graduates and legal practitioners in the Vidin Region for Dolj County".

SOLUTION 2:

"Increasing the interest of law graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj County for the Vidin Region and increasing the interest of law graduates and legal practitioners in the Vidin Region for Dolj County".

ACTION 2.1:

"Promoting the benefits of a potential emigration in the Vidin region for the purpose of employment among law specialization graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj county"

ACTION 2.2:

"Promoting the benefits of a potential emigration in Dolj county for the purpose of employment among law graduates and legal practitioners in the Vidin region"

ACTION 2.3:

"Mediation actions on the cross-border Dolj-Vidin market for law graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj county and Vidin region"

ACTION 2.4:

"The development of a employability guide in Bulgaria for Romanian citizens and an employability guide in Romania for Bulgarian citizens.

CAUSE 3:

"Low flexibility of law graduates to take up employment in another state, if the job is not in the primary sector and in the field of the university specialization".

SOLUTION 3:

"Increasing the law graduates' flexibility in accepting a job in another state, if the job is not in the primary sector and university specialization field".

ACTION 3:

"Promoting employment benefits of related fields for law graduates"

CAUSE 4:

"the high financial expectations of Dolj and Vidin law graduates and students for a potential emigration, averaging 1500€/month."

SOLUTION 4.1:

"adaptating to the law students' and graduates' financial expectations to the economic realities in Dolj and Vidin for a potential emigration"

SOLUTION 4.2: "adapting the employers' salary offerings in Dolj and Vidin for the employees working in the juridical field"

ACTION 4.1:

"Organizing labor market communication, negotiation and mediation courses for the law graduates from Dolj County and the Vidin Region"

ACTION 4.2:

"Launching attractive salary packages by employers in Dolj and Vidin to meet the potential employees' financial expectations in the juridical field"

CAUSE 5:

"The low students and practitioners level of information in the juridical field, regarding the labor market opportunities offered in Dolj county, respectively the Vidin region"

SOLUTION 5:

"Increasing the information level for students and practitioners in the juridical field, regarding the labor market opportunities offered in Dolj County, namely the Vidin region"

ACTION 5.1:

"Information campaign for students and legal practitioners on the labor market opportunities offered in Dolj county, namely the Vidin region"

ACTION 5.2:

"Setting up an online job portal/platform for online job opportunities for the Dolj-Vidin cross-border labor market"

CAUSE 6:

"The low, occasional, level of cooperation between the institutions in Dolj County and the Vidin Region"

SOLTION 6:

"increasing the cooperation level between the institutions in the Dolj County and the Vidin Region"

ACTION 6.1:

"To facilitate the cooperation between the institutions in Dolj county and the Vidin region through the activation of *a bilingual Romanian-Bulgarian platform for business and cross-border cooperation*". Through this platform, the volume of information on cross-border institutions will increase

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" and the number of cross-border partnerships will increase. It seeks to describe and promote public and private institutions in both regions and their offerings so as to increase the chances of finding compatible business partners and institutions to provide the services needed for cross-border partners.

ACTION 6.2:

"Organizing a bi-anual cross-border job and partnerships to be held once a year in Dolj county and once in the Vidin region and to promote public and private institutions' partnership and job offers in the two regions "

CAUSE 7:

"Low information level on institutions in Dolj county and Vidin region"

MIDDLE 7:

"Increasing the institutions' information volume in Dolj County and the Vidin region"

ACTION 7.1:

"To facilitate the cooperation between Dolj county and Vidin region' institutions through the activation of a bilingual Romanian-Bulgarian platform for business and cross-border cooperation".

ACTION 7.2:

"publishing a Romanian-Bulgarian-English list with the main public and private institutions in Dolj county and the Vidin region, including their contact details and their scope of activity."

CAUSE 8:

"The reluctance of Dolj and Bulgarian employers to hire staff with legal studies graduated in the neighboring state"

SOLUTION 8:

"The opening of the Dolj and Bulgarian employers in hiring staff with legal studies graduated in the neighboring state"

ACTION 8.1:

"Organizing information sessions for employers on the benefits of recruiting staff with legal studies completed in the neighboring state"

CAUSE 9:

"Low Romanians' Bulgarian knowledge level"/"low Bulgarians' Romanian knowledge level"

SOLUTION 9:

"Increasing the level of knowledge of the Bulgarian language of the Romanians"/"low level of knowledge of the Bulgarian language of the Bulgarians"

ACTION 9.1:

"Organizing Bulgarian language courses for Romanian citizens" /
"organizing Romanian language courses for Bulgarian citizens"

CAUSE 10:

"Low theoretical and practical knowledge level in the field of Romanians' students' Bulgarian legislation" / "low level of theoretical and practical knowledge in the field of Bulgarians' students' Romanian legislation"

SOLUTION 10:

"increasing the level of theoretical and practical knowledge in the field of Romanian students' Bulgarian legislation"/"increasing the level of theoretical and practical knowledge in the field of Bulgarian students' Romanian legislation"

ACTION 10.1:

"Law field Master's Degree organization for the cross-border cooperation development"

ACTION 10.2:

"Editing a document containing the main legislative acts in the cross-border law"

ACTION 10.3:

"Summer schools organization for the juridical knowledge development in the cross-border law field "

ACTION 10.4:

"Organizing training courses to strengthen knowledge in the crossborder law field" Moreover, in order to test the objectivity and feasibility of the actions identified for this strategy as a result of the results obtained in the sociological research carried out in Dolj county and the Vidin region, but also to identify new opinions of key legal persons from the two regions, thus benefiting from the expertise and their knowledge in the field, both in the Dolj county and in the Vidin region, there were applied interviews⁷³. The interview is the defined research method "as a dialogue whose purpose is to gather information related to a particular topic⁷⁴".

The interview searched, as I mentioned above, the testing of three aspects, thus wishing to answer the following questions:

- Are the actions identified from the field research carried out in Dolj and Vidin feasible for implementation?
- What other actions can be developed in the Dolj-Vidin cross-border region in order to increase cross-border mobility in the juridical field?
- Are the key actors interviewed in the two regions willing to engage in the development of the strategy?

The applied interview guide contains closed and open questions, the applied technique being that of the structured or direct interview. Thus, the interviewers had "a list of precise questions, whose wording and order were predetermined"⁷⁵.

The interviews took place in July and August 2018, in Dolj county and in the Vidin region, to legal entities considered to be of interest to the development of the strategy.

⁷³ See Annex no. 5.

⁷⁴ Frédéric Nils, Bernard Rimé, *Interviul*, în Serge Moscovici, Fabrice Buschini (coordinators), *Metodologia științelor socioumane*, (a Vasile Savin translation), Iași, Polirom Publishing, 2007, p. 205.

⁷⁵ Ibidem, p. 211.

Thus, in Dolj County, 13 interviews were conducted with the following local actors: Dolj Bar; Faculty of Law, Craiova University; Faculty of Law, Economic and Administrative Sciences, Spiru Haret University; Center of Foreign Languages University of Craiova; County Agency for Employment Dolj; Chamber of Commerce and Industry Dolj; National Union of Romanian Employers - Dolj Branch; Association of Law Students at Craiova University; Chamber of Bailiffs - Dolj; Craiova City Hall; Territorial Labor Inspectorate Dolj; Chamber of Notaries Public Dolj, Dolj County Prefecturel.

In the Vidin region there have been applied 24interviews to the following public law legal persons: Vidin Bar; Vidin Prefecture; Vidin City Hall; Rujintsi City Hall; Dimovo City Hall; Makresh City Hall; Gramada City Hall; Vidin Court; Vidin Administrative Court; Ivan Vazov Vidin High School and private institutions (Vida Optics TVV OOD, Bdin BG Kom OOD, MBAL Sveta Petka AD, Bdintex EOOD, Svobodna EAD Vidin region, Moni trans 2011 EOOD, Fasion Style EOOD, Ponti EOOD, Adan N EOOD, Violina OOD; BKS BAdinstroi AD, Zarneni hrani 99 AD, Metal trans EOOD, Tehomak EOOD)

Following the interviews, a number of new actions were also identified:

ACTION 11.1:

"Granting special scholarships in the" law "field for Bulgarian students at Romanian universities and for Romanian students at Bulgarian universities" (Faculty of Law, Craiova University, Faculty of Legal, Economic and Administrative Sciences, Spiru Haret University)

ACTION 11.2:

"Organization of professional conferences by the Dolj Bar in partnership with the Vidin Bar, focused on the debate of ideas for improvement and development of the common cross-border strategy and for facilitating the professional exchanges between the lawyers from the Dolj Bar and the Vidin Bar" (Dolj Bar)

ACTION 11.3:

"Organizing bilateral meetings between the economic component of the Dolj county and the Vidin region" (Chamber of Trade and Industry Dolj)

ACTION 11.4:

"Organizing English language courses", taking into account the fact that English is the main language of communication in the juridical field, at international level (Center of Foreign Languages, Craiova University)

ACTION 11.5:

"Organizing exchange programs between law students and legal practitioners in Dolj and Vidin" (Association of Law Students at the Craiova University, Dolj Bailiffs' Chamber)

With the construction of the goal tree, the "means" of the strategy and the "results" were identified.

The next step in building the strategy was to extract from the specific objectives the main activities on which the strategic plan was based.

After this step, we will plan the activities in time, and for this we will use the Gantt chart.

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

At this stage, the interest factors' analysis will help us identify the institutions with the highest interest and power to meet the multi-level (local, regional, national and transnational) objectives.

As a result of the study, a series of indicators could be introduced in the strategy, as follows:

- (1) Introducing into the strategy a set of indicators to be met by Bulgarian public and private institutions to employ Romanian citizens.
- (1.1) Introducing into the strategy a set of indicators to be met by Romanian public and private institutions to engage Bulgarian citizens
- (2) Introducing into the strategy a list of potential employers from Bulgaria and the Vidin Region, where there is the possibility of recruiting Romanian citizens and especially Romanian citizens with juridical studies.
- (2.1) Introduce in the strategy a list of potential employers in Romania and Dolj county, where there is the possibility of recruiting Bulgarian citizens and especially Bulgarian citizens with juridical studies.
- (3) Introducing a strategy for Bulgaria's employability guide for Romanian citizens.
- (3.1) Introducing into the strategy a guide for Romania's employability, for Bulgarian citizens.
- (4) Introduce into the strategy a set of recommendations on crossborder joint actions, to strengthen cooperation between regions and the harmonization of cross-border relations.
- (5) Introduce into the strategy an operational plan to promote the need to strengthen knowledge in cross-border law in order to achieve the objective of trans-national socio-economic development.

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

Moreover, as a result of the research of both teams, a number of indicators could be included in the strategy, such as:

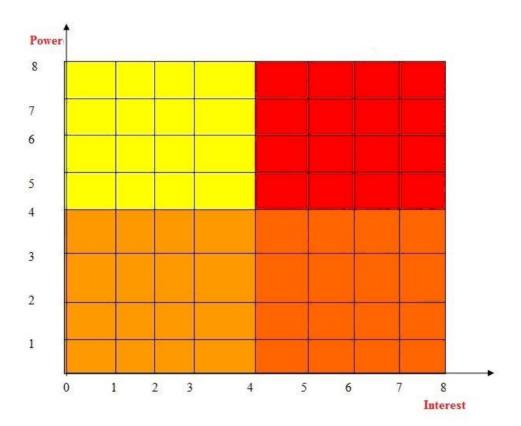
- (6) The introduction in the strategy of a list of institutions in Romania, offering vocational training courses to law education graduates
- (6.1) Introducing in the strategy a list of institutions in Bulgaria offering vocational training courses to law graduates
- (7) The inclusion in the strategy of a list of Romanian institutions facilitating the placement of legal education graduates on the labor market
- (7.1) The introduction into the strategy of a list of institutions in Bulgaria, facilitating the placement of legal education graduates on the labor market
- (8) The introduction into the strategy of a list of EU institutions that can facilitate the law graduates employability from Romania and Bulgaria.

The analysis of the interest factors

In the analysis of the interest factors, a number of public and private institutional actors in Dolj County and Vidin Region have been considered, who have an interest, are influenced/affected or can (positively) influence the solution of the problem.

The scale of regional actors was measured according to the criteria: "interest" and "power".

- great power,	- low power, low
maximum interest	interest
- low power , great	- great power, low
interest	interest



Factorii interesați:

No. crt.	Actor	Interest	Power
1	Dolj Bar	8	8
2	Vidin Bar	8	8
3	Dolj Legal advisers College	8	8
4	Faculty of Law, Craiova University	8	8
5	Faculty of Law, Spiru Haret University	8	8
6	Foreign Language Center, Craiova University	8	8
7	Dolj County Employment Agency	8	8
8	County Council Dolj	7	8
9	Romanian National Association of Business Owners - Dolj Branch	6	8
10	Trade and Industry Chamber Dolj	7	8
11	Craiova City Hall	7	8
12	Law students' association from Craiova University	8	6
13	Bailiffs' Chamber - Dolj	6	6
14	Vidin Prefecture	7	8
15	Vidin region mayors (Vidin; Dimovo; Makresh;	7	8

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

Actor	Interest	Power
Gramada)		
Vidin Court și Vidin	7	7
administrative Court	,	,
Dolj county NGO	6	3
NGOs and private lawyers		
from the Vidin region		
(examples: Vida Optics TVV		
OOD, Bdin BG Kom OOD,		
MBAL Sveta Petka AD,		
Bdintex EOOD, Svoboda	6	
Vidin EAD, Moni trans 2011		3
EOOD, Fasion Style EOOD,		
Ponti EOOD; Adan N EOOD,		
Violina OOD, BKS BAdinstroi		
AD, Zarneni hrani 99 AD,		
Metal trans EOOD,		
Tehomak EOOD)		
Public law legal persons,	4	2
from Dolj county	O	2
Public law legal persons,	6	2
from Vidin region	O	2
Private law legal persons,	3	2
from Dolj county		L
	Gramada) Vidin Court și Vidin administrative Court Dolj county NGO NGOs and private lawyers from the Vidin region (examples: Vida Optics TVV OOD, Bdin BG Kom OOD, MBAL Sveta Petka AD, Bdintex EOOD, Svoboda Vidin EAD, Moni trans 2011 EOOD, Fasion Style EOOD, Ponti EOOD; Adan N EOOD, Violina OOD, BKS BAdinstroi AD, Zarneni hrani 99 AD, Metal trans EOOD, Tehomak EOOD) Public law legal persons, from Dolj county Public law legal persons, from Vidin region Private law legal persons,	Gramada) Vidin Court şi Vidin administrative Court Dolj county NGO 6 NGOs and private lawyers from the Vidin region (examples: Vida Optics TVV OOD, Bdin BG Kom OOD, MBAL Sveta Petka AD, Bdintex EOOD, Svoboda Vidin EAD, Moni trans 2011 6 EOOD, Fasion Style EOOD, Ponti EOOD; Adan N EOOD, Violina OOD, BKS BAdinstroi AD, Zarneni hrani 99 AD, Metal trans EOOD, Tehomak EOOD) Public law legal persons, from Dolj county Public law legal persons, from Vidin region Private law legal persons, 3

Gantt diagram

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized
			involved actors
Advertising	2019-2023	5 Advertising	Dolj Bar,
campaigns to		campaigns	Vidin Bar,
support the			Dolj Legal
benefits of			Advisers College
potential			Dolj County
emigration for			Employment
the purpose of			Agency
employment			Craiova
among law			University law
graduates and			students'
legal			Association
practitioners in			Dolj Chamber of
the juridical			Bailiffs
field in Dolj			County Council
County and Vidin			Dolj
Region			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Dimovo)
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
			Judecatoria

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
Mediation actions on the international labor market for law graduates and legal practitioners in the juridical field in Dolj County and Vidin Region	2019-2023	500 mediation files on the labor market	Administrativă Vidin Dolj County NGO Vidin region NGO and legal entities of private law County Dolj Employment Agency, Dolj Bar, National Union of Romanian Employers - Dolj Branch Dolj Chamber of Trade and Industry Craiova City Hall Craiova University Law Students
			Association

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
			Dolj County Prefecturel
			Dimovo City Hall
			NGOs from Dolj
			county
			NGOs and
			private entities
			of private law
			from the Vidin
			region
Advertising	2019-2023	5 Advertising	Dolj Bar,
campaigns to		campaigns	Dolj Legal
support the			Advisers College
benefits of a			Dolj County
potential			Employment
emigration in			Agency
the Vidin Region			Craiova
for the law			University Law
graduates' and			Students
legal			Association
practitioners'			Dolj Chamber of
employment in			Bailiffs
Dolj County			County Council

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
Promoting the benefits of a potential emigration in Dolj county for law graduates and legal practitioners employment purpose from the Vidin region	2019-2023	5 Advertising campaigns	Dolj Vidin region mayors (Vidin; Dimovo) Vidin region NGOs and legal entities of private law Vidin Bar, Vidin Prefecture's Prefecture Vidin region's mayors (Vidin; Dimovo; Makresh; Gramada) Vidin Court Vidin Administrativă Court ONG-uri și
			persoane jurdice

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
			de drept privat
			din regiunea
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
Achieving an	2018 - 2020	1 Employability	Dolj bar
employability		Guide in Bulgaria	Vidin Bar
guide in Bulgaria		for Romanian	Dolj County
for Romanian		citizens	Employment
Citizens and an		1 Employability	Agency,
employability		Guide in	Dolj Chamber of
guide in Romania		Romania for	Bailiffs
for Bulgarian		Bulgarian	Dolj County
citizens.		citizens	Prefecturel
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Makresh;
			Gramada)
			Vidin Court
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
			Vidin region
			NGOs legal
			entities
Advertising	2019-2023	5 Advertising	Dolj Bar,
campaigns to		campaigns	Craiova
describe the			University,
employment's			Faculty of Law,
benefits in			Spiru Haret
related fields for			University,
law graduates			Faculty of Law
			The National
			Union of
			Romanian
			Employers - Dolj
			Branch
			Dolj Chamber of
			Trade and
			Industry
			Dolj Chamber of
			Bailiffs
			Dolj County
			Prefecturel
			Gramada City

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
			Hall Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
Labor market's	2019-2023	6 courses	Craiova Faculty
organization of			of Law,
communication,			Faculty of Law,
negotiation and			Spiru Haret
mediation			Univerisity
courses for the			Dolj Bar,
law graduates in			Craiova
Dolj County and			Municipality City
Vidin Region			Hall
			The National
			Union of
			Romanian
			Employers - Dolj
			Branch
			Dolj Chamber of
			Trade and
			Commerce
			Dolj County

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
			Prefecturel
			Vidin Prefecture
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Dimovo;
			Makresh)
			Dolj county
			NGOs
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
			Dolj County
			Employment
			Agency
Launching	2019-2023	50 specific offers	The National
attractive salary			Union of
packages by			Romanian
employers in			Employers - Dolj
Dolj and Vidin to			Branch
meet the			Vidin region
financial			mayors (Vidin;
expectations of			Gramada)

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized involved actors
potential			Vidin Court
employees in the			Vidin
juridical field			Administrative
			Court
			Dolj county legal
			entities of public
			law
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
			Dolj county legal
			entities of
			private law
			Vidin region
			legal entities of
			private law
Information	2019-2023	5 information	Dolj County
campaign for		campaigns	Employment
students and			Agency
practitioners in			Dolj Chamber of
the juridical			Trade and
field regarding			Industry

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized
			involved actors
the			Dolj Bar,
opportunities			Craiova
offered by the			University law
labor market in			students'
Dolj County,			Association
namely in the			Dolj City Council
Vidin region			Vidin Prefecture
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Dimovo;
			Gramada)
			Vidin Court
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
			Dolj County
			NGOs
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
The	2019-2023	1 portal	Dolj County
establishment of			Employment

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
a job			Agency,
portal/online			Dolj Bar,
recruitment			Vidin Bar,
platforms for			Dolj City Council
labor market			Vidin Court
opportunities in			Dolj County
the Dolj-Vidin			NGOs
cross-border			Vidin region
region			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
Enabling a	2019-2023	1 bilingual	Dolj Bar
Romanian-		platform	The National
Bulgarian			Union of
bilingual			Romanian
platform for			Employers - Dolj
business and			Branch
cross-border			Dolj Chamber of
cooperation			Trade and
			Industry
			Dolj County
			Employment
			Agency

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized
			involved actors
			Dolj City Council
			Dolj County legal
			entities of
			private law
			Craiova
			municipality City
			Hall
			Vidin Prefecture
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Dimovo;
			Makresh;
			Gramada)
			Vidin Court
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
			Dolj County
			NGOs
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized
,			involved actors
Organize a bi-	2019-2023	10 job fairs and	Dolj County
annual cross-		cross-border	Employment
border job and		parcels	Agency,
partnership fair			The National
that takes place			Union of
once a year in			Romanian
Dolj county and			Employers - Dolj
once in the Vidin			Branch
region and to			Dolj Chamber of
promote the			Trade and
partnership and			Industry
job offers of			Dolj Bar,
public and			Craiova
private			municipality City
institutions from			Hall
the two regions			Craiova
			University law
			students'
			Association
			Dolj City Council
			Vidin Prefecture
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized
			involved actors
			Dimovo;
			Makresh;
			Gramada)
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
			Dolj County
			NGOs
			Dolj County legal
			entities of public
			law
			Vidin region
			legal entities of
			public law
			Dolj county legal
			entities of
			private law
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
Editing a the	2018-2019	1 institutions list	Dolj Bar,
Romanian-			Vidin Bar,

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized involved actors
Bulgarian-English list with the main public and private institutions in Dolj County and the Vidin region, including their contact details and their subject matter			involved actors Dolj Legal Advisers College Dolj County Employment Agency The municipality's City Hall Vidin Prefecture Vidin region mayors (Vidin; Dimovo; Makresh;
Organizing information sessions for	2019-2023	5 informing sessions	Gramada) Vidin Administrative Court Dolj Bar, Vidin Bar,
employers on the benefits of			Dolj Legal Advisers College Dolj County

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized involved actors
recruiting staff			Employment
with juridical			Agency,
studies			Craiova
completed in the			University
neighboring			Foreign
state			Language Center
			Dolj City Council
			Vidin Prefecture
			Vidin region
			mayors (Dimovo;
			Makresh;
			Gramada)
			Vidin Court
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
Organizing	2019-2023	3 courses	Craiova
Bulgarian			University,
language courses			Foreign

		Potential
Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized
		involved actors
		Language Center
		Dolj County legal
		entities of
		private law
		Dolj Bar,
		Vidin Bar,
		Dolj City Council
		Vidin Prefecture
		Vidin region
		mayors (Vidin;
		Gramada)
		Vidin Court
		Vidin
		Administrative
		Court
2019-2023	3 classes	Vidin region
		NGOs and legal
		entities of
		private law
		Vidin Prefecture
		Vidin Court
2019-2023	1 master's	Faculty of Law,
		Craiova
	2019-2023	2019-2023 3 classes

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized
			involved actors
develop cross-			University
border			Foreign
cooperation			Languages
			Center, Craiova
			University
			Faculty of Law,
			Spiru Haret
			University
			Vidin Prefecture
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Makresh;
			Gramada)
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
Editing a	2018-2019	1 act with a	Dolj Bar
document		cross-border	Vidin Vidin
containing the		legislation	
main legislative			
acts in the cross-			
border juridical			
field			

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized
Ogganizina	2040 2022	4	involved actors
Organizing	2019-2023	4 summer	Dolj Bar
summer schools		schools	Vidin Bar
to develop			Faculty of Law,
juridical			Craiova
knowledge in			University
cross-border			Faculty of Law,
juridical field			Spiru Haret
			University
			Vidin Prefecture
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Makresh;
			Gramada)
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
			Vidin region
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
Organizing	2019-2023	5 courses	Dolj Bar
training courses			Vidin Bar
to enhance			Faculty of Law,

Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	Potential institutionalized
			involved actors
knowledge in the			Craiova
cross-border			University
juridical field			Faculty of Law,
			Spiru Haret
			University
			Vidin region
			mayors (Vidin;
			Makresh;
			Gramada)
			Vidin
			Administrative
			Court
Granting special	2019-2023	10 scolarships	Faculty of Law,
scholarships for			Craiova
Bulgarian "law"			University
students in			Faculty of Law,
Romanian			Spiru Haret
universities and			University
for Romanian			Vidin Prefecture
students at			Vidin
Bulgarian			Administrative
universities			Court
			Vidin region

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized
			involved actors
			NGOs and legal
			entities of
			private law
Organizing	2019-2023	5 conferences	Dolj Bar
professional			Vidin Bar
conferences by			
the Dolj Bar in			
partnership with			
the Vidin Bar			
Organizing	2019-2023	5 bilateral	Dolj Chamber of
bilateral		meeting	Trade and
meetings			Industry
between the			
economic			
component in			
Dolj county and			
the Vidin region			
Organizing some	2019-2023	5 classes	Craiova
legal English			University
classes			Foreign
			Language Center
Organizing	2019-2023	6 exchange	Dolj Bar
exchange		programs	Vidin Bar

			Potential
Activity	Estimate Period	Indicators	institutionalized
			involved actors
students'			Craiova
programs			University law
between law			students'
students and			Association
legal			Dolj Chamber of
practitioners in			Bailiffs
the juridical			
field in Dolj and			
Vidin			

SWOT Analysis

Strenghts	Weaknesses	
Opening of public and private	Lack of own funds	
institutions in Dolj and Vidin to	Poor cooperation of cross-border	
implement the strategy	institutions	
The existence of universities	Legislative differences	
offering bachelor, master and	Language barrier	
doctoral studies	The relatively low attractiveness of	
The existence of a successful	the target group for cross-border	
partnership with future	mobility	
perspectives between Dolj Bar and	Job information low level in the	
Vidin Bar	neighboring state	

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

Oportunities	Threats	
Funding opportunities by attracting	The low absorption rate of European	
European funds from local public	funds	
authorities and the private sector		
Exploiting the border position,	Legislative framework too complex	
favoring cross-border cooperation	and uncorrelated	
	Excessive bureaucracy at the	
	public institutions level	

Annex 1 List of law graduates' potential employers in Dolj county⁷⁶:

No.	The name of	Address	Contact data
	the institutions		
1	Dolj Bar	Craiova, Carol I Boulevard,	0251.413.940,
		no.1, bl.17D, sc.1, mezanin, Dolj	0351.408.430
		county	
2	Craiova's	Craiova, Alexandru Ioan Cuza Str.	0251/418.707
	Obudsman's	no.1	
	Territorial		
	Office		
3	Craiova's	Craiova, Dezdrobirii Str.,	0351.418.046
	bailiffs' office	no. 7,bl.G3,	
4	Craiova's	Craiova, Bucovăț Str., no.8	0251.412.157
	Notary Publics'		
	Office		
5	Dolj Legal	Craiova, Ion Maiorescu Str.,	0251.563.802
	Advisers'	no. 4, 6th floor	
	College		
6	National	Craiova, 13 Septembrie Str.	0372.777.837
	Anticorruption	no. 14A	
	Directorate -		
	Craiova		
	Territorial		
	Service		

⁻

 $^{^{76}}$ This list is not exhaustive, but only presents some of the potential employers in Dolj County

7	Organized	Craiova, Mitropoltul Firminian	0251.533.522
	Crime and	Str., no.13	
	Terrorism		
	Investigation		
	Directorate -		
	Craiova		
	Territorial		
	Service		
8	Băilești Court	Bailesti, Victoriei Str., no.46,	0251.311.818
9	Calafat Court	Calafat, Tudor Vladimirescu Str.,	0251.232.170
		no.29,	
10	Craiova Court	Craiova, A.I.Cuza Str., no.20	0251.414.060
		(actual no.30)	
11	Filiași Court	Filiasi, General Racoteanu, Str.,	0251.441.224
		no.208,	
12	Segarcea Court	Segarcea, Unirii Str., no.208	0251210806
13	Dolj Court	Craiova, Brestei Str, no. 12,	0251.418.612
			interior 1044
14	Craiova Court of	Craiova, Constantin Brancusi	0351.403.129
	Appeal	Str., no.5A	
15	The Public	Băilești, Victoriei Str. no. 46	0251.311.722;
	Prosecutor's		
	Office attached		
	to Băilești Court		
16	The Public	Calafat, T. Vladimirescu Str.	0251.232.130;
	Prosecutor's	no. 24	
	Office attached		
	to Calafat Court		

17	The Public	Craiova, Anul 1848 Str. no. 31,	0251.412.460;
	Prosecutor's		
	Office attached		
	to Craiova Court		
18	The Public	Filiași, Racoțeanu Str. no. 208	0251.442.182;
	Prosecutor's		
	Office attached		
	to Filiași Court		
19	The Public	Segarcea, Unirii Str. no. 60,	0251.210.208;
	Prosecutor's		
	Office attached		
	to Segarcea		
	Court		
20	The Public	Craiova, Libertății Str. no. 9	0251.414.820;
	Prosecutor's		
	Office attached		
	to Dolj Court		
21	The Public	Craiova, Înfrățirii Str., no. 5	0251-533.523
	Prosecutor's		
	Office attached		
	to Craiova's		
	Court of Appeal		
22	County Police	Craiova, Vulturi Str. no. 19	0251.407.500
	Inspectorate		
	Dolj		
23	Dolj Probation	Craiova, Brestei str., no. 12,	0251.416.812
	Service	cam. 24, 25,	int. 122

24	Dolj County	Craiov, Calea Unirii, no. 19	0251.408.200
	Prefecturel		
25	Dolj General	Craiova, Bd. Nicolae Titulescu	0251.416.365
	Directorate for	no. 22	
	Social	110, 22	
	Assistance and		
	Child Protection		
26	Dolj County	Craiova, Constantin Lecca Str.	251.415.841
	Police and	no.32	
	Security		
	Department		
27	Dolj Community	Craiova, Strada Vulturi, no.9	0351.437.039
	Public		
	Procurement		
	Directorate		
28	Dolj County	Craiova, Jiețului Str., no.19	0351.421.036
	Center for		
	Nature		
	Protection,		
	Tourism and		
	Sustainable		
	Rural		
	Development		
29	County Sports	Craiova, Str. Constantin Lecca	0251.413.827
	Club Craiova "U"	no. 32,	
	Science		
30	"Alexandru si	Craiova, M. Kogălniceanu str.,	0251.532.267
	Aristia Aman"	no.9	
	County Library		
	-		

Center for the Preservation and Promotion of Traditional Culture 32 Cornetti Craiova, str.Jieţului, nr,19 0251.413.371 People's School of Arts and	
and Promotion of Traditional Culture 32 Cornetti Craiova, str.Jieţului, nr,19 0251.413.371 People's School	
of Traditional Culture 32 Cornetti Craiova, str.Jieţului, nr,19 0251.413.371 People's School	
Culture 32 Cornetti Craiova, str.Jieţului, nr,19 0251.413.371 People's School	
32 Cornetti Craiova, str.Jieţului, nr,19 0251.413.371 People's School	
People's School	
of Arts and	
0.746 4.14	
Crafts	
33 Art Museum Craiova, Calea Unirii Str., 0251.412.342	
no. 15,	
34 Muzeul Oltenia' Craiova, Popa Şapcă Str., no. 8, 251. 417.756	
Museum	
35 Plenița Social- Plenița, Principală Str. 0251.368.301	
Medical Unit	
36 Melinești Social- Melinești, Principala Street, 0251.440.010	
Medical Unit no. 271,	
37 Bechet Social- Bechet, Sănătății Str., no. 1 0251.337.021	
Medical Unit	
38 Sadova Social- Sadova, . Ştefan lorgulescu Str, 0251.376.513	
Medical Unit no. 33	
39 Amaraștii de Jos Amărăștii de Jos, Principală Str., 0251374325	
Social-Medical no. 471A	
Center	
40 Cetate Social- Cetate 0251.364.003	
Medical Unit	

41	Brabova	Brabova, Centrală Str., no. 60,	0251.447.266
	Medcial-Social		
	Center		
42	Dolj County	Craiova, Henry Ford (1863-1947)	0251.510.126
	Emergency	Str., no. 14	
	Situations'		
	Inspectorate		
43	Dolj Area	Craiova, General Dragalina Str.,	0251.534.404
	Military Center	no. 60A	
44	R.A. Craiova	Craiova, Calea București 325,	0251.416.860
	International		
	Airport		
45	S.C. Dolj Road	Craiova, Drum. Jiului, no. 10,	0251.416.760
	works and		
	bridges S.A.		
46	S.C.Tourism and	Craiova, Str. Bibescu, no.12	0251.417.257
	Park S.A.		
47	S.C. Industrial	Ghercești, Aviatorilor Str., no.10	0251.466185
	Park S.A.		
48	High-Tech	Craiova, Calea București,	0351.418.996
	Industry Park	no. 325 C	
	Craiova		
49	Dolj's	Craiova, Unirii Str. no. 19	251.414.424
	Prefecture		
50	Craiova City	Craiova, A.I.Cuza Str., no. 7	251.416.235
	Hall		
51	Băilești City	Băilești, Revolutiei Str., no. 1-3	251.311.017
	Hall		

52	2 Calafat City Hall Calafat, Tudor Vladimirescu Str.,		251.231.424
		no. 24	
53	Bechet City Hall	Bechet, Alexandru Ioan Cuza Str.	251.336.826
		Str., no. 100	
54	Dăbuleni City	Dăbuleni, Unirii Str., no. 15	251.334.555
	Hall		
55	Filiași City Hall	Filiși, Racoteanu Bld., no. 160	251.441.018
56	Segarcea City	Segarcea, Unirii Str., no. 52	251.210.750
	Hall		
57	Afumaţi City	Afumați, Principala Str. no. 37-39	251.318.001
	Hall		
58	Almăj City Hall	Almăj, Principala Str., no. 250	251.449.397
59	Amărăștii de Jos	Amărăștii de Jos, Principala Str.	251.374.020
	City Hall	no. 83	
60	Amărăștii de Sus	Amărăștii de Sus, Principala	251.375.311
	City Hall Str.no. 93		
61	Apele vii City	Apele vii, Principala Str.	251.371.607
	Hall		
62	Argetoaia City	Aegetoia, Constantin Argetoianu	251.452.701
	Hall	Str. no. 186	
63	Bârca City Hall Bârca, Mihai Viteazu Str., no. 257		251.356.214
64	Bistreţ City Hall	Bistreț, Calea Dunarii, no.192	251.355.011
65	Botoșești-Paia	Botoșești-Paia, Mihai Varzaru	251.451.814
	City Hall	Str.no. 132	

66	Brabova City	Brabova	251.447.310
	Hall		
67	Brădești City	Brădești, Mihai Viteazu Str., no.	251.444.206
	Hall	3	
68	Braloștița City	Braloștița, Stadionului Str., no. 1	251.450.726
	Hall		
69	Bratovoești City	Bratovoiești	251.371.029
	Hall		
70	Breasta City	Breasta, Constantin Argetoianu	251.455.244
	Hall	Street, no. 11	
71	Bucovăţ City	Bucovăț, Principala Str.	251.360.285
	Hall		
72	Bulzești City	Bulzești, Principala Str., No.36	251.447.802
	Hall		
73	Călărași City	Petre Banita Str., no. 148	251.379.052
	Hall		
74	Calopăr City	Principala Str., no. 572	251.350.558
	Hall		
75	Caraula City	Craiova Str., no. 142	251.369.568
	Hall		
76	Cârcea City Hall	Aeroport Str., no. 45	251.458.107
77	Cârna City Hall	Cârna	251.256.824
78	Carpen City Hall	Carpen	251.445.637
79	Castranova City	Castranova	251.372.602
	Hall		
80	Catane City Hall	Catane	251.319.698
81	Celaru City Hall	Celaru, Inv. Marin Georgescu	251.375.509
		Str., no. 525	

82	Cerăt City Hall	Cerăt, Soseaua Calafatului no.42	251.358.202
83	Cernătești City	Cernătești, Principala, Str. no.98	251.445.072
	Hall		
84	Cetate City Hall	Cetate, Calea Severinului, no. 83	251.364.022
85	Cioroiași City	Cioroiași, Principala Str., no. 34	251.317.122
	Hall		
86	Ciupercenii noi	Ciupercenii noi, Dunarii Str.,	251.321.002
	City Hall	no. 2	
87	Coşoveni City	Coșoveni, Principala Str., no. 5	251.457.186
	Hall		
88	Coţofenii din	Coțofenii din Dos, Nicu Iovipale	251.447.089
	Dos City Hall	Str., no. 166	
89	Coţofenii din	Coțofenii din față, Cotofenilor	251.446.598
	față City Hall	Str., no.442	
90	Daneți City Hall	Daneț, Principală str., no. 160,	251.377.528
91	Desa City Hall	Desa, Calea Teculescu Str., no. 14,	251.322.496
92	Dioști City Hall	Santierului Str., no. 33	251458611
93	Dobrești City	Dobrești, Dolj county,	251338000
	Hall	Principală Str.,no. 7	
94	Dobrotești City	Dobrotești, Principala Str.,	251.378.034
	Hall	no. 222	
95	Drăgotești City	Drăgotești, Nicolae Iorga Str.,	251.456.365
	Hall	no. 1	
96	Drănic City Hall	Drănic, Principala Str., no. 762	251.351.070
97	Fărcaș City Hall	Fărcaș	251440052
98	Galicea Mare	Galicea Mare	0251 316 219
	City Hall		
	l		1

99	Galiciuica City	Principala Str., no. 59	251.460.666	
	Hall			
100	Gângiova City	Gângiova	251.351.505	
	Hall			
101	Gherceşti City	Ghercești, Eroilor Str. No.107	251.450.580	
	Hall			
102	Ghidici City Hall	Ghercești, Mihai Viteazul Str.,	251.323.302	
		no. 140		
103	Ghindeni City	Ghindeni, Principală Str.	251.455.777	
	Hall			
104	Gighera City	Principala Str., no. 184	251.353.011	
	Hall			
105	Giubega City	Giubega	251.460.222	
	Hall			
106	Giurgiţa City	Calea Dunarii, no. 123	251.357.122	
	Hall			
107	Gogoşu City Hall	Gogoșu	251.445.098	
108	Goicea City Hall	Goicea	251.256.003	
109	Goiești City Hall	Goiești	251.452.154	
110	Grecești City	Principala Str., no. 34	251.445.318	
	Hall			
111	Intorsura City	Intorsura, Calea Afumatiului	251.359.286	
	Hall	Str., no. 10		
112	Işalniţa City	Ișalnița, AI. Cuza Str. no. 1	251.448.635	
	Hall			
113	Izvoare City Hall	Izvoare,	251.366.681	
114	Leu City Hall	Leu, Puturilor Str., no. 3	251.373.259	

115	Lipovu City Hall	Lipovu	251.359.206
116	Măceșu de Jos	Măceșu de Jos, Acad. Stefan	251.354.507
	City Hall	Berceanu Str., no.12	
117	Măceșu de Sus	Măceșu de Sus, Șoseaua	251.354.191
	City Hall	Principală, no. 169	
118	Maglavit City	Maglavit, Calea Severinului,	251.328.662
	Hall	no. 83	
119	Malu Mare City	Malu Mare, Primăriei Str., no. 7	251.446.145
	Hall		
120	Mârşani City	Mârșani, Principală Str., 241	251.336.106
	Hall		
121	Melinești City	Melinești, Principala Str., no.	251.440.042
	Hall	60A	
122	Mischii City Hall	Mischii, Eroilor Str., no. 5	0251.450.194
123	Moţăţei City	Moțăței	251.326.211
	Hall		
124	Murgași City	Murgași, Primariei Str., no. 1	251.447.507
	Hall		
125	Negoi City Hall	Negoi,	251.325.088
126	Orodel City Hall	Orodel, Principală Str., no. 133	251.367.538
127	Ostroveni City	Ostroveni	251.337.366
	Hall		
128	Perișor City Hall	Perișor, no. 168	251.459.707
129	Pieleşti City	Gheorghita Geolgau Str., no. 188	251.459.474
	Hall		
130	Piscu vechi City	Piscu Vechi, Preot Dinescu	251.323.008
	Hall	Augustin Str., no. 5	

131	Pleniţa City Hall	Plenița, Traian Str. No.34	251.368.669
132	Pleșoi City Hall	Pleșoi, Principală Str.	251.454.246
133	Podari City Hall	Podari, Dunarii Str., no. 67	251.339.155
134	Poiana Mare	Poiana Mare, Independentei Str.,	251.235.048
	City Hall	no. 8-10	
135	Predești City	Predești	251.454.002
	Hall		
136	Radovan City	Radova, Soseaua Calafatului,	251.359.223
	Hall	no. 29	
137	Rast City Hall	Rast, Drumul Bailestilor, No. 1	251.324.001
138	Robănești City	Robănești, Traian Vuia Str.,	0251.456.101
	Hall	no. 96	
139	Rojiște City Hall	Rojiște	251.372.138
140	Sadova City Hall	Sadova, Craiovei Str., no.165	251.376.510
141	Sălcuța City	Alexandru Ioan Cuza Str., no. 122	251.363.006
	Hall		
142	Scăești City Hall	Scăiești	251.447.007
143	Seaca de Câmp	Seaca de Câmp	251.320.017
	City Hall		
144	Seaca de	Seaca de Pădure	251.445.686
	Pădure City Hall		
145	Secu City Hall	Secu	251.453.521
146	Siliștea Crucii	Siliștea Crucii, Magistrat Dragut	251.319.212
	City Hall	Costel Str., no. 2	
147	Simnicu de Sus	Şimnicu de Sus, Craiovei Str.,	251.451.094
	City Hall	no. 10	
148	Sopot City Hall	Sopot	251.453.102

149	Tălpaș City Hall	Tălpaș	251.452.487
150	Teasc City Hall	Teasc, Bechetului Str., no. 197	251.370.728
151	City Hall	Terpezița, Principală Str.,	251.362.009
	Terpeziţa	no. 334	
152	Teslui City Hall	Teslui, Unirii, Str. no. 26	251.456.606
153	Țuglui City Hall	Țuglui, Principala Str.	251.350.205
154	Unirea City Hall	Unirea	251.365.398
155	Urzicuţa City Hall	Urzicuța, Calea Craiovei, no. 40	251.317.619
156	Valea Stanciului	Valea Stanciului, Arh. Cezar	251.352.025
	City Hall	Lazarescu Str., no. 39	
157	Vârtop City Hall	Vârtop	251.363.508
158	Vârvoru de Jos	Vârvoru de Jos,. Principala	251.360.251
	City Hall	Str.,no.133	
159	Vela City Hall	Vela	251.362.619
160	Verbiţa City	Verbița, Primariei Str., no. 20	251.367.113
	Hall		
161	Craiova	Alexandru Ioan Cuza Street,	40.251.413844
	University	no. 13, postal code 200585, Craiova	
162	Spiru Haret	Vasile Conta Street, no. 4, Craiova	021 455 1057
	University		
163	Dolj NGO		http://www.lista
			institutii.ro/ong-
			uri-din-dolj
164	Private law		https://www.listafir
	entity Dolj		me.ro/dolj/j1.htm/
			https://termene.
			ro/firme/Dolj
165	Other public		
	law entities Dolj		

 $$\operatorname{Annex}\ 2$$ List of potential employers from the Vidin Region of law graduates

Nº	Име на институцията	Адрес	Контакти
1	Municipality Makresh,	vil.Makresh, district	Telephone\Fax
	district Vidin	Vidin, str. Georgi	064 600 356
		Benkovski №88	
2	Municipality Gramada,	Town Gramada,	Telephone\Fax
	district Vidin	district Vidin,	09337 22 58
		sq.Miko Ninov №1	
3	Municioplity Ruzinci,	vill.Ruzinci, district	Telephone\Fax
	district Vidin	Vidin, str. Georgi	09324 22 83
		Dimitrov №31	
4	Primary School "Ivan	Vidin, str. Tzar	Telephone\Fax
	Vazov", town Vidin,	Simeon Veliki №101	094 600 287
	district Vidin		
5	Administrative Court	Vidin, sq. Bdinci №1	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, town Vidin,		094 62 63 63
	district Vidin		
6	Municioality Dimovo,	Dimovo, district	Telephone\Fax
	district Vidin	Vidin, , str. Georgi	093412260
		Dimitrov №137	
7	Regional Court Vidin,	Vidin, sq. Bdinci №1	Telephone\Fax
	town Vidin, district Vidin		094 600 782
			094 600 791
8	Free Zone Vidin Ltd,	Vidin, North Industrial	Telephone\Fax
	town Vidin, district Vidin	Zone	094 60 20 60

9	Bdintex Ltd, град town	Vidin, str. Tzar Ivan	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, district Vidin	Asen II, №14	094 60 14 60
			094 60 14 52
10	Moda Stil VD Ltd, town	Vidin, West Industrial	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, district Vidin	Zone	+359 884 326 722
11	Moni Trans 2011 Ltd,	Vidin, Baba Tonka, 3,	Telephone\Fax
	town Vidin, district Vidin	Б, 7, 40	094 60 00 08
12	VIDAJA Ltd, Vidin,	Vidin, Krun	Telephone\Fax
	district Vidin	Bachvarov, 24,G,	+359 <u>888402938</u>
		84,1.	
13	CHARODEI 13 Ltd, Vidin	Vidin, "Vasil Levski",	Telephone\Fax
	ditrict Vidin	1,"G", 2, 130	+359 888 76 76 19
14	ET "KM - Electronics	Vidin, Saedinenie,	Telephone\Fax
	Konstantin Mechkov	12,Б,6,58	+359 <u>888733329</u>
	Avtodiagnostica and		
	Electronica na		
	avtomobili, Vidin ditrict		
	Vidin		
15	"Autocenter Express" Ltd	Vidin, str. "Ekzarh	Telephone\Fax
		Josif I" №24	064 600 356
16	"Evroturing" Ltd	Vidin,	Telephone\Fax
		str."Zeleznicharska"	094 601 9050
17	"Ventotur" Ltd	Vidin, North Industrial	Telephone\Fax
		Zone	0885 281 472
18	"Ivanov I Neshev	Vidin, trade baze	Telephone\Fax
	Commerce" Ltd	Javor"	094 622 989

19	"Geteup" Ltd	Vidin, "Hinik", 14,	Telephone\Fax
		"A"	094 600 572
20	"Kapriz" Ltd	Vidin Himik,, str. P.	Telephone\Fax
		K. Javorov", №2	094 507 372
21	"Iris" Ltd.	Vidin, Bdintsi Square	Telephone\Fax
		N <u>º</u> 1	094 601 917
22	FRESH Ltd.	Vidin, warehouse	Telephone\Fax
		base	094 606 150
23	"JUPITER TG" LTD	Vidin, 64, Gorazd	Telephone\Fax
		Street, Bulgaria	094 606 160
24	"Yannis H - 94" EOOD	Vidin, 6, Dondukov	Telephone\Fax
		Str	094 606 128
25	"IMPULS" Ltd.	33, Reduta Str	Telephone\Fax
			094 600 180
26	STEFI 2013 LTD	Vidin, base of ACS	Telephone\Fax
			094 600 377
27	CHARLI 200 EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin, 27, Tundja Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin region		094 600 037
28	"GRIVAS" OOD, Vidin,	Vidin, Western	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin	Industrial Zone.	094 600 761
29	"Kaero 03" Ltd.	Vidin, auction. Base	Telephone\Fax
		"Yavorov"	094 601 109
30	Dino 95 EOOD	Vidin, Western	Telephone\Fax
		Industrial Zone	094 601 646
31	ET "Denim Slavka	Vidin, 29, Pazarska	Telephone\Fax
	Lozanova"	Str	0888 963 091

32	Vite Es El LTD	Vidin, 65 Preslavska	Telephone\Fax
		Str	0887 444 459
33	"Nikra" Ltd	Grand Vidin, auction.	Telephone\Fax
		The Nikra Complex	094 601 241
34	Depeche LTD	Vidin, 1, Yavorov Str	Telephone\Fax
			094 606 219
35	ET "D & B", Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, 22,	Telephone\Fax
	district	"Jeleznicharska" Str	0898 75 25 99
36	ET "Scorpion VD", Vidin,	Vidin, 36, Lyuben	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Karavelov Str.	094 647 256
37	Mura Ltd.	Vidin, Vidin, 22, Peyo	Telephone\Fax
		Yavorov Str	+ 359 94 601996
			+359 94 601989
38	Interior" Ltd.	Vidin, 25, Tsar	Telephone\Fax
		Alexander II Str	094 601 411
39	"Vasileva" Ltd.	Vidin, Bonomia	Telephone\Fax
		district, 1	094 600 151
40	"ELI 91" EOOD	Vidin, 12, Shiroka Str	Telephone\Fax
			094 606 111
41	ET "Stojer - Stoyan Iliev",	Vidin, 27, Knyaz Boris	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	I Str	004 623 220
42	"TOP SV" LTD, Vidin,	Vidin, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Veliki Street, 64A.	094 600 150
43	"Bania Furst" LTD, Vidin,	Vidin, 97, Shiroka Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		094 600 151
44	Avangard LTD, Vidin,	Vidin, Shiroka Str.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin region		0888 977 451

45	"B & B" LTD	Vidin, Shiroka Str.,	Telephone\Fax
		Bl.22	094 601 418
46	Perfect Climate Ltd.	Vidin, "Tsar Alexander	Telephone\Fax
		II"	094 606 454
47	ET "Ecoproject - E. Mitov"	Tsar Alexander II	Telephone\Fax
		Tsarigradsko shose, 3	094 601 604
48	VILI COM	Vidin, Hristo Botev	Telephone\Fax
		Str., 56	094 601 474
49	"Pan Service" Ltd., Vidin,	Vidin, Tsar Asen str.,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin	Bl.7	094 606 430
50	"Thermo Mercury" Ltd.	Vidin, 37, Dondukov	Telephone\Fax
		Str.	094 606 331
51	Elishka 91 EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin, Aleksandar	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Stamboliiski Street, 8	0887 211 843
52	ET "FABU" Vidin, Vidin	Tsar Alexander II	Telephone\Fax
	district	Tsarigradsko shose, 3	094 600 080
53	ET "Egoist"	Vidin, 6, Dimitar	Telephone\Fax
		Marinov Str	094 607 917
54	ET "MIRA G. BORISOV"	Vidin, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
		Veliki Street,	094 600 617
55	"Chronos" Ltd.	Vidin, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
		Veliki street, 32.	0888 535 875
56	"Vida Optix" TVB "OOD,	Vidin, 7 Vitosha Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		0899 327 717
57	"Media Net" OOD Vidin,	Vidin, 21, Targovska	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Str	094 601 236

58	"Teik" EOOD, Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, "Anton	Telephone\Fax
	district	Stashimirov" Str., 5	094 623 265
		Marinov ", 6	
59	ET "Factory", Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, 4 Targovska Str	Telephone\Fax
	district		094 600 004
60	"PS SHOP" Ltd.	Vidin, Dunavska	Telephone\Fax
		Street, 22.	094 606 622
61	"Digicom" Ltd.	Vidin, Tsar Ivan Asen	Telephone\Fax
		II Str., 7	094 607 570
62	"Jar Computers" Ltd.	Vidin, "Pannonia"	Telephone\Fax
		Blvd., 82.	094 600 220
63	"Risk Electronics" Ltd.,	Vidin, Tsar Alexander	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	II str., Bl.60, ap.6	094 601 302
64	"Centis" AD Vidin, Vidin	5, Gradinska Str	Telephone\Fax
	district		094 600 236
65	"Hitr" OOD Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, Tsar Alexander	Telephone\Fax
	district	II Str., 3	0879 432 421
66	P & S Service Ltd	Vidin, "Rayna	Telephone\Fax
		Knyaginya" Street, 7	094 600 762
67	"Computers" Ltd., Vidin,	Vidin, Tsar Alexander	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	II Str., 87	094 600 410
68	"Thermo Mercury" Ltd.	Pirin Str., 7, A-5	Telephone\Fax
			0888 989 624
69	Elishka 91 EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin, bc "Petko	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Karavelov", bl.10,	0888 830 965
		floor 1	

70	ET "FABU" Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, auction. "Nikra"	Telephone\Fax
	district	Complex, floor 2	078 411 417
71	ET "TIG Electronics"	Vidin, bc	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	"Saedinenie", bl.12	094 600 199
72	"Vesselina Krasteva"	Vidin, "Knyaz Boris I",	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	N <u>º</u> 17	094 606 168
73	ET "Pekova, Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, 5 Targovska	Telephone\Fax
	district	St., floor 2	094 604 111
74	K & K EOOD city Vidin,	Vidin, 9 Targovska	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Street, fl.2	094 625 410
75	ET "Yanchev" Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, 3 Rayna	Telephone\Fax
	district	Knyaginya Str	094 606 072
76	"AKTIV KONSULT EOOD"	Vidin, Al. Stamboliiski	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	", №26	094 606 205
77	"V and B Commerce",	Vidin, 34A Tsar	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Simeon Veliki Str	094 600 481
78	"Real Estate Slavcheva"	Vidin, "Knyaz Boris I"	Telephone\Fax
	Ltd. Vidin, Vidin district	Street, 10	094 607 396
79	"Alfa Imoti" OOD Vidin,	Vidin, "Mitropolit	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Kiril" Str., 11	094 203 802
80	"Shans Imoti" EOOD city	Vidin, "Targovska"	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Str., 23	094 607 980
81	"Favorit" EOOD Vidin,	Vidin, 24 Bdin Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		094607 928
82	"Imoti Kamenova" Ltd.	Vidin, Tsar Alexander	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	II Str., 2	094 606 457

83	"HIT Properties" EOOD	Vidin, Tsar Alexander	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	II Str., 27	094 606 677
84	"Gradev Imoti" EOOD	Vidin, 45, Slivnitsa Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		094 602 575
85	Poliros EOOD Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
	district	Veliki Street, 11,	094 601 075
		Bulgaria	
86	"Pepi & Deni" OOD Vidin,	Vidin, "Jeleznicharska"	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	str., 1B	0886 049 228
87	ET "Elia - Elka Angelova"	Vidin, bc "Bononia",	Telephone\Fax
	Ltd. Vidin, Vidin district	13	0890 141 633
88	ET "Vani" EOOD city	Vidin, "Panonia" Blvd.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		094 600 012
89	Asenov Auto EOOD Vidin,	Vidin, "Panonia" Blvd.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		0888 634 464
90	"Bashliyski Auto" Ltd.	Vidin, Pannonia Blvd.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	/ to Lukoil /	0887 940 744
91	"DE & VE" Ltd. Vidin,	Vidin, Pannonia Blvd.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	/ behind OMV /	0888 231 115
92	Eurrokars EOOD Vidin,	Vidin, 58, Pannonia	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Blvd.	0888 348 384
93	"Bobby Auto" OOD Vidin,	Vidin, West	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Warehouse	0887 9881 441
94	Automotor AD Vidin,	Vidin, Southern	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Industrial Zone	094 601 969
95	"Kraft" OOD Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, Knyaz	Telephone\Fax
	district	Dondukov Str., 21	0878 60 85 50

96	"Stoyanov" EOOD city	Vidin, Topolovets	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Street, 21	0887 23 70 22
97	"Big Mat" EOOD city	Vidin, "Pannonia"	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Blvd.,	0878 171 635
98	"Tani" EOOD Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, Shiroka Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	district	Bl.6	94 621 256
99	"Color Mania" EOOD city	Vidin, 6,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Papudzhiyska Str	0885 292 953
100	Procommer Ltd Vidin,	Vidin, Shiroka Str., 39	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		0885 701 924
101	ET "Bobby Borisov" village	SinoVino, Vidin, Vidin	Telephone\Fax
	of Ilovo, Vidin district		0934 25 25
102	"MM" in Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, Southern	Telephone\Fax
	district	Industrial Zone,	094 623 302
103	Metall-trans EOOD, Trade	Vidin, Western	Telephone\Fax
	in metals and building	Industrial Zone	+ 359 94 606027
	materials, custom metal		+359 94 606028
	products, Vidin, Vidin region		
104	ET "Ekaterina 71" Vidin,	Vidin, "Panonia" Blvd.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		0895 626 845
105	ET "Auto Tires" Vidin,	Vidin, Anton	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Strashimirov Street, 1	0887 877 212
106	"IKO 86" EOOD city Vidin,	Vidin, 58A Tsar	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Simeon Veliki Str	094 601 314
107	"MUSTANG" Ltd. Vidin,	Vidin, Oks	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		0898 602 469

108	"Valve" Ltd., Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, bc "Vida",	Telephone\Fax
	district	bl.14,	0889 420 339
109	"Mania A. Lilov" ET in	Vidin, Al. Stamboliiski	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	", №8	094 606 396
110	"TOP SV" EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Veliki Street, 64A	094 600 150
111	"Sprint Spasov 91" OOD	Vidin City, Shiroka	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Street, 94	+ 359 94 601 963
112	trade in building	Vidin, Shiroka Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	materials, paints,	Bl.21	094 607 477
	lacquers, etc., Vidin,		
	Vidin district		
113	"MANYA" EOOD Vidin,	Vidin, 20, Dondukov	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Str	0885 979 460
114	"OZIRIS" EOOD city Vidin,	Vidin, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Veliki Street, 24	094 606 164
115	"VIOLINA" Ltd. transport	Vidin, 91 Sv.Romil	Telephone\Fax
	of bulk materials, lime	Vidin Street	+359 94600872,
	and lime products, Vidin,		+359 88774
	Vidin region		
116	"BNS Produtsion" EOOD	Vidin,	Telephone\Fax
	production of boilers for		+359 899090565
	home and industrial, city		
	Vidin, Vidin region		
117	"BKS Budstroy" PLC	Vidin,Northern	Telephone\Fax
	production of asphalt	Industrial Zone	+ 359 94 601 469

asphalt mixtures, production of concrete, concrete products on the territory of Vidin and Vidin 118 Kid Plus EOOD, construction and repair, Vidin, Vidin district 119 Ava Transt Ltd., international transport, vidin district 120 Ava Transt Ltd., international transport, vidin district 130 Ava Transt Ltd., vidin Telephone\Fax + 359 94 600 416
concrete products on the territory of Vidin and Vidin 118 Kid Plus EOOD, Vidin, former "Somat" Telephone\Fax construction and repair, Vidin, Vidin district 119 Ava Transt Ltd., Vidin Telephone\Fax
territory of Vidin and Vidin 118 Kid Plus EOOD, construction and repair, Vidin, Vidin district 119 Ava Transt Ltd., Vidin Vidin and Vidin and Vidin and Vidin, former "Somat" + 359 94 600 195 Telephone\Fax
Vidin 118 Kid Plus EOOD, construction and repair, Vidin, Vidin district 119 Ava Transt Ltd., Vidin Vidin Vidin Vidin Telephone\Fax
118 Kid Plus EOOD, Vidin, former "Somat" Telephone\Fax construction and repair, Vidin, Vidin district 119 Ava Transt Ltd., Vidin Telephone\Fax
construction and repair, Vidin, Vidin district 119 Ava Transt Ltd., Vidin Vidin Vidin Telephone\Fax
Vidin, Vidin district 119 Ava Transt Ltd., Vidin Telephone\Fax
119 Ava Transt Ltd., Vidin Telephone\Fax
international transport, + 359 94 600 416
Vidin, Vidin district
120 Universal-J "Ltd., Vidin, ul. Tsar Telephone / fax
construction of residential Alexander II № 19 - 359 94 600 206
and industrial buildings, 21, Office № 5
Vidin, Vidin district
121 "Fisk Audit" Ltd., Vidin, 1 Knyaz Telephone\Fax
accounting services, Alexander Battenberg + 359 94 600 162
Vidin, Vidin district Street, fl.3, office 2
122 "A & M LTD, trade food Dimovo, 4, "Kosta Telephone\Fax
products, restaurant, Yordanov" Str + 359 878475193
Dimovo, Vidin region
123 Zarneni Hrani 99 AD, Vidin, western Telephone\Fax
production of bread and warehouse area + 359 94 601 483
bakery products, Vidin,
Vidin district

124	Rades Ltd., production of	Vidin, Geo Milev	Telephone\Fax
	bread and bakery	railway station, block	+ 359 94 600 756
	products, confectionery	7, entrance B, floor 5	
	products Vidin, Vidin		
	region		
125	Olimeks Ltd, production	Vidin, Str Prespa 11	Telephone\Fax
	and trade with vegetable		+ 359 94 603 444
	oils, Vidin, Vidin region		+359 94 603 484
126	Novoselska Gamza AD,	Vidin, 42, Dunavska	Telephone\Fax
	production of wines,	Street, app.1	+ 359 94 601 771
	brandy and others.		
	drinks, Vidin, Vidin		
	district		
127	ET Tsetska 2000-Ceca	Gramada, 89, Georgi	Telephone\Fax
	Petkova, Bus Transport,	Dimitrov Str	+ 359 886390132
	Gramada, Vidin		
128	MM-07 Ltd., international	Kula, 3, Bratya	Telephone\Fax
	transport, Kula, Vidin	Miladinovi Str	+ 359 888973937
	region		
129	Ango Clima Ltd., air	Vidin, 85, Tsar	Telephone\Fax
	conditioning systems and	Simeon Veliki Str	+ 359
	service, Vidin, Vidin region		
130	Nicholas-C Ltd., industrial	Vidin, 10 Tsar Ivan	Telephone\Fax
	goods, transport, Vidin,	Asen II Str	+ 359 94 600574
	Vidin region		
		l .	

131	Terra trans Ltd.,	Vidin, Western	Telephone\Fax
	transport, international	Industrial Zone	+ 359 94 606477
	transport, forwarding,		+359 94 607939
	Vidin, Vidin region		
132	Henna OOD, Coal	Vidin, Patriarh	Telephone\Fax
	Trading, Para. and PVC	Evtimii str 29	+ 359 888681831
	window frames, Vidin,		
	Vidin district		
133	Goldenwood Ltd.,	Vidin, 21, Patriarh	Telephone\Fax
	advertising services,	Evtimii Str	+ 359 94 620589
	Vidin, Vidin district		
134	Beluga AD, fish farming,	Vidin, Southern	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin region	Industrial Zone № 53	+ 359 94 606511
135	Rotana Vidin EOOD,	Vidin, 15 Targovska	Telephone\Fax
	restaurant, Vidin, Vidin	Str	+359 893 73 74 74
	district		
136	Bultrans Ltd., transport,	Vidin, 17A Panionia	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Blvd.	+359 94 626 050
			+ 359 94 626 040
137	YBP Ltd., services, Vidin,	Vidin 35, Hristo Botev	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	str., fl. 1, app.1	+359 878357655
138	"RBMP" EOOD,	Vidin, 45, Knyaz	Telephone\Fax
	consultancy services,	Dondukov Str	+359 89423254
	Vidin, Vidin region		
139	" IDFAMILIA EOOD,	Vidin, zh.k. "Krum	Telephone\Fax
	services, Vidin, Vidin	Bachvarov" Bl.2, ent.	+359 94 606504
	district	A, et.1, ap.1	

140	"Едил" ЕООД,	Edil EOOD,	Telephone\Fax
	строителство, гр.Видин,	construction, Vidin,	+359 885 440 357
	област Видин	Vidin district	
141	"Komfort Stroi" Ltd.,	Vidin street	Telephone\Fax
	construction, Vidin, Vidin	Obshtinska 7	+359 94 601 902
	district		
142	"Todor Vankov" EOOD,	Vidin, 60, Bdin Str	Telephone\Fax
	construction, Vidin, Vidin		+359 94 600 511
	district		
143	"Perfectostroy" EOOD,	Vidin, 99, Shiroka Str	Telephone\Fax
	construction, Vidin, Vidin		+359 94 606 268
	district		
144	"Bdinstroy 2000" Ltd.,	Vidin, 1, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
	construction, Vidin, Vidin	Veliki Str	+359 94 604 407
	district		
145	"Davidov" EOOD, design,	Vidin, 105, Shiroka Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		+359 94 606 500
146	Cadastre and Geodesy	Vidin, 3, Tsar	Telephone\Fax
	EOOD, geodesy and	Alexander II Str	+359 94 600 314
	cadastre, Vidin, Vidin		
	district		
147	Toplivo" AD, services,	Vidin, base Toplivo	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		+359 94 600 899
148	Bela" Ltd., services,	Vidin, Todor Petrov	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Str	+359 94 606 482

149	"Ramona Engineering"	Vidin, Southern	Telephone\Fax
	Ltd., PVC joinery, Vidin,	Industrial Zone	+359 94 604 600
	Vidin district		
150	" Stimul OOD, PVC blinds,	Vidin, Petko	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin region	Karavelov bl.1	+359 94 630 021
151	"Garden Company" EOOD,	Vidin, 15 Bdin Str	Telephone\Fax
	landscaping, Vidin, Vidin		+359 898 929 912
	district		
152	"ET ALEXIEV-91-VD -	Vidin, 162, Tsar	Telephone\Fax
	VERGIL ALEXIEV", bus	Simeon Veliki Str	+359 94 606 190
	transport, Vidin, Vidin		
	region		
153	"Villecom" EOOD, air	Vidin, 56, Hristo	Telephone\Fax
	conditioning systems,	Botev str	+359 94 601 474
	Vidin, Vidin region		
154	"Vavelin Atanasovi i sie"	Vilage Gradets,	Telephone\Fax
	SD, services, district of	Street 1	+359 931 52506
	Vidin		
155	"Cross Vidin" Ltd.,	Vidin 23, Ekzarh Yosif	Telephone\Fax
	production of bicycles,	str.,	+359 94 601 045
	Vidin, Vidin district		
156	Konvekt Ltd., heating,	23, Ekzarh Yosif str.,	Telephone\Fax
	ventilation and air	Entr	+359 94 601 045
	conditioning, Vidin,		
	Vidin region		

157	"Compact Print" Ltd.,	18, Hristo Botev Str	Telephone\Fax
	advertising, Vidin, Vidin		+359 878 878 881
	district		
158	ET "Alex Kom - I. Nikolova,	8, Municipal House,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	8th floor	+359 94 600 641
159	"Villas Service" Ltd.,	Vrushka Chuka Street,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	3	+359 94 600 013
160	"Petar Yonchev 2007"	GR.Vidin, ж.к. "Vasil	Telephone\Fax
	Ltd., Vidin, Vidin district	Levski", bl.6, ground	+359 94 606 112
		floor	
161	ET "Derbi 23", Vidin,	Tsar Simeon Veliki	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Street, 59, Bulgaria	+359 877 365 360
162	"Tig Electronics Todorov"	GR.Vidin, ж.к.	Telephone\Fax
	Ltd., Vidin, Vidin district	"Saedinenie", bl.12	+359 877813 355
163	Astra 2006 EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin, 10, Ribarska Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		+359 94 605 503
164	ET "Mitko Slavchev",	Tsar Alexander II Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	3, Bulgaria	+359 94 600 667
165	"Hydroproekt" Ltd.,	Vidin, 6th September	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Str., 17	+359 94 600 217
166	ET "Ascona 95", Vidin,	Knyaz Boris I Str., 14B	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		+359 94 606 134
167	Todor Kotzov ET, Vidin,	Vidin, 6th September	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Str., 17	+359 94 600 803
168	ET STEY - Stefcho	Tsar Alexander II Str.,	Telephone\Fax

	Vlachov, Vidin, Vidin	3, Bulgaria	+359 94 600 434
	district		
169	ET "Emil Andreev", Vidin,	Tsar Alexander II Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	3, Bulgaria	+359 94 600 740
170	"Lumixim" Ltd., Vidin,	Tsar Alexander II Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	6, fl.2	+359 94 606 264
171	"Davidov" Ltd., Vidin,	10, Shiroka Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district		+359 94 606 500
172	Rashkov - Rumen Rashkov	45, Tsar Simeon Veliki	Telephone\Fax
	"Ltd., Vidin, Vidin district	Str	+359 887 406 183
173	"PRO EL PRO WALCHEVI"	Tsar Alexander II Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	Ltd., Vidin, Vidin district	3, Bulgaria	+359 94 600 740
174	ET "Vodokanal - Jordan	2, Entrance "B", Vidin,	Telephone\Fax
	Barzashki", Vidin, Vidin	"Zhelezni-charska"	+359 94 620 517
	district		
175	"Cadastre is Geodesy"	Tsar Alexander II Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	EAD, Vidin, Vidin district	3, Bulgaria	+359 94 600 314
176	"Golden luxury", Vidin,	Vidin, Patriarh Evtimii	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Street, 21	+359 94 620 589
177	"Lora 77 - M. Lozanov",	Vidin, 4 Targovska Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		+359 94 606 370
178	"Domstroi" Ltd., Vidin,	Vidin, Knyaz Boris I	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Str., 11A	+359 94 607 085
179	"Vida grup 101" Ltd.,	GR.Vidin, str. S.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Rakovski ", 6	+359 878 715030

180	CONVECT Ltd., Vidin,	3, Tsar Alexander II	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	str., 3rd floor	+359 888 727 725
181	"AUTO KREZ" Ltd.,	GR.Vidin, ж.к. "Vida",	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	bl.5, ent. "A", floor 5	+359 887 229 223
182	"AGLAYA I BAN" EOOD,	GR.Vidin, ж.к. "IN.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Levski ", 1	+359 94 601 938
183	Henna Ltd., Vidin, Vidin	Greater Vidin,	Telephone\Fax
	district	Western Industrial	+359 94 600 985
		Zone	
184	Vovas EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin, 7, "Municipal"	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Str	+359 94 601 902
185	Cem Commerce Ltd.,	Vidin, Boulevard	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	"Pannonia", 48	+359 94 606 254
186	Nitera Ltd., Vidin, Vidin	Tsar Ivan Asen II Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	district	10D	+359 94 607 656
187	"Chris" Ltd., Vidin, Vidin	Grand Vidin, auction.	Telephone\Fax
	district	Base "Yavorov".	+359 94 601 413
188	Ecos 96 Ltd., Vidin,	Shiroka Str., 105,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Bulgaria	+359 94 606 500
189	KOMPAS SEVER Ltd.,	Vidin, Patriarch	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Evtimii Street, 86	+359 94 601 665
190	"Ramona Flororing"	23, Pazarska Str.	Telephone\Fax
	EOOD, Vidin, Vidin		+359 899 881 715
	district		
191	"Bela" Ltd., Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, Todor Petrov	Telephone\Fax

	district	Str., Electrodom.	+359 94 606 482
192	"Kraton" Ltd., Vidin,	8, February 8, 8,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Bulgaria.	+359 897 674 408
193	Diana 88 EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin, 29, Panonia	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Blvd.	+359 94 606 329
194	"ADON 2010" Ltd.,	Ivan Vratin, 6 Ivan	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Vratsa Str	+359 888 203 941
195	EKO TITAN Ltd., Vidin,	Vidin Str., "P. k.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Yavorov ", № 1, floor 3.	+359 94 601 442
196	"Diro - BG" Ltd., Vidin,	Vidin Str., "Pazarska	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Str., №29.	+359 94 633 694
197	Gardan Kompani EOOD,	15, Bdin Str.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		+359 898 929 912
198	"Garden Center" Ltd.,	10, Dunavska Str	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		+359 887 205 430
199	"Bulred" OOD, Vidin,	Tsar Aleksandar II	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Str., 13, Bulgaria	+359 94 607 045
200	"El Zet Sport" Ltd.,	Vidin, Targovska Str.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district		+359 94 606 004
201	"Vidin Chamber of	Vidin, Alexander Alex	Telephone\Fax
	Commerce and Industry",	Street, 19-21	+359 94 600 556
	Vidin, Vidin district		
202	Plastics Systems Ltd.,	Vidin, base "Vida	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	hora"	+359 897 035 040
203	"SOVA 7" Ltd., Vidin,	Vidin, 32, Danube-Ska	Telephone\Fax

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	Vidin district	Street, fl.1	+359 94 601 225
204	Energy Trading Ltd.	Novoseltsi village,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Vidin district, Vidin	+359 94 625 175
		municipality,	
205	Vida Tours Ltd, Vidin,	Chr. Vidin, 2, Baba	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Vida Str	+359 887 654 331
206	"Fashion Style" Ltd,	Chr. Vidin, West	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Industrial Zone	+359 884 326 722
207	"MONI TRANS 2011" Ltd.	Chr. Vidin, ж.к. "Baba	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Tonka", bl.3,	+359 94 600 008
		entrance "B", floor 7,	
		ap.40	
208	"Iva Tex" Ltd, Vidin,	Chr. Vidin, "P. R.	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Slaveikov ", №26	+359 888 496 707
209	"Fashion Style De" Ltd,	Chr. Vidin, West	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Industrial Zone	+359 884 328 722
210	Medical Center "Sveta	Chr. Vidin, Tsar	Telephone\Fax
	Petka" Ltd., Vidin, Vidin	Simeon Veliki Street,	+359 94 680 654
	district	119	
211	"Irenor" Ltd, Vidin,	Chr. Vidin, str. St. Cyril	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	and Methodius ", 13	+359 94 690 990
212	"Ponti" Ltd, Vidin, Vidin	Chr. Vidin, 73, Hristo	Telephone\Fax
	district	Botev Str	+359 887 605 523
213	Kiriakievska var OOD,	S. Kiriyevo,	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	municipality Makresh,	+359 94 601 902

		Vidin district	
214	VIP 02 Ltd., Vidin, Vidin	Vidin, Krum	Telephone\Fax
	district	Bachvarov, Bl.20,	+359 888 668 494
		Entrance "D", floor 2,	
		app.76	
215	"Multifunctional	Vidin, Gradinska Str.,	Telephone\Fax
	Construction Company"	20	+359 94 607 161
	Ltd, Vidin, Vidin district		
216	"ADAN - N" Ltd., Vidin,	Vidin Blvd., Bdintsi	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Square	+359 94 600 920
217	Adanis EOOD, Vidin,	Vidin Blvd., Bdintsi	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Square	+359 94 600 920
218	"V & K" AD, Vidin, Vidin	18, Shiroka Str.	Telephone\Fax
	district		+359 94 601 078
219	"Alexandra Transport"	С. Капитановци,	Telephone\Fax
	Ltd., Vidin, Vidin district	обл.Видин,	+359 895 820 809
220	"Bdin BG Kom" Ltd. Vidin,	Vidin, 2, Naycho	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin district	Tsanov Str	+359 897 986 031
221	"Vida Network" Ltd,	Vidin, 2, Naycho	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Tsanov Str	+359 897986031
222	"Sveta Petka" Hospital,	Tsar Simeon Veliki	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Street, 119, Bulgaria	+359 94 606 025
223	"VIDAYA - 1 - GRUP" Ltd.,	Vidin, Krum	Telephone\Fax
	Vidin, Vidin district	Bachvarov, bl.24,	+359 94 603 557
		entrance G, fl.1, ap.84	

224	ACTIVE ACCOUNT	Chr. Vidin, 32	Telephone\Fax
		"Pannonia" Boulevard	+359 886 742 454
225	Advertising Plus ET	Vidin, Youth House	Telephone\Fax
			+359 888 570 889
226	Ipico ET	10, Knyaz Boris I Str	Telephone\Fax
			+359 94 600 681
227	"You design" Ltd.	6, Lyuben Karavelov	Telephone\Fax
		Street, 7, Bulgaria	+359 94 606 803
228	SD Express-3M "	6, Dimitar Tzoulev Str	Telephone\Fax
			+359 94 642 314
229	"SKETBUL" EOOD	Vidin, 14, Bdin Str.,	Telephone\Fax
		Ent. A, fl	+359 94 606 111
230	Trake Ed	7, Tsar Ivan Asen II	Telephone\Fax
		Str	+359 94 607 570
231	Censys AD	87, Tsar Alexander II	Telephone\Fax
		Str	+359 94 600 410
232	Risk Electronics Ltd.	7, "Rayna Knyaginya"	Telephone\Fax
		Str	+359 94 600 762
233	"FOOD BG" Ltd.	Shiroka Str., 4,	Telephone\Fax
		Entrance A, fl.1	+359 94 601 470
234	Mironi style ET	9, Ivan Vazov Str	Telephone\Fax
			+359 899 800 341
235	"KREZ" Ltd.	Tzar Ivan Asen II Str.,	Telephone\Fax
		23, Bulgaria.	+359 94 600 304
236	Betonstroy EOOD	Vidin, Southern	Telephone\Fax
		Industrial Zone	+359 601 623

237	Stroyinvest OOD	10, Naycho Tsanov Str	Telephone\Fax
			+359 601 800
238	Eurostroy-Total Ltd	GR.Vidin, ж.к. Geo	Telephone\Fax
		Milev 13	+359 878 845 044
239	Domstroj OOD	11, Knyaz Boris I Str	Telephone\Fax
			+359 886 737 380
240	Plastic Systems Ltd.	Grand Vidin, Vizardor	Telephone\Fax
		Base	+359 893 646 997
241	Kartin & Sons Ltd.	34, Jeleznicharska Str	Telephone\Fax
			+359 600 128
242	Madlenstroy OOD	Vidin, Ekzarh Yosif I	Telephone\Fax
		Str	+359 607 784
243	Multistroy VD Ltd.	20, Gradinska Str	Telephone\Fax
			+359 607 161
244	Stimul Ltd.	GR.Vidin, ж.к. Petko	Telephone\Fax
		Karavelov, bl. 1	+359 630 021
245	Prima LTD	Vidin, Tsar Simeon	Telephone\Fax
		Veliki Street,	+359 636 035
246	ADIVA Ltd.	Vidin, Southern	Telephone\Fax
		Industrial Zone	+359 600 672
247	"VELGA" EOOD	Vidin, 64, Vladikina	Telephone\Fax
		Str	+359 600 083
248	MARC SECURITY EOOD	Vidin, Bdin Str., 24A	Telephone\Fax
			+359 606 450

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249	"ALPHA SHIFT" Ltd.	Tsar Aluksaydar II	Telephone\Fax
		Street, 87, floor 2	+359 94 606 188
250	"Petrov Security" Ltd.	Vidin, Chimk district, bl.1, floor 2, ap.6.	Telephone\Fax +359 898 919 103

Annex 3

List of institutions that can facilitate the placement of Romanian and Bulgarian law graduates in the labor market

- County Agency for Employment Dolj
- http://www.dolj.anofm.ro/
- Adecco România https://www.adecco.ro/
- Manpower România https://www.manpower.ro/
- BestJobs https://www.bestjobs.eu/ro/locuri-de-munca
- Ejobs https://www.ejobs.ro/
- Vidin Labor Office

https://www.az.government.bg/bg/ejobs/view_prl/

- European Personnel Selection Office https://epso.europa.eu/
- Jobs Bulgaria www.jobs.bg
- Buljobs www.buljobs.bg
- Bezplatno bezplatno.bg
- Adecco Bulgaria http://adeccobulgaria.com/
- Rabota Bulgaria, www.rabota.bg
- Zaplata. Anunturi de muncă www.zaplata.bg
- JobTiger Bulgaria www.jobtiger.bg
- Iskam Rabota. The key of success, www.iskamrabota.bg

Annex 4

Employability guide

For hiring, there is a need for career planning, a process that takes place in five stages⁷⁷:

- 1. Self-evaluation
- 2. Occupational Exploration
- 3. Adopt a career decision
- 4. Establish a career plan
- 5. Personal marketing

The career is influenced by a wide range of factors: personal needs, social and economic context, interests, other preoccupations of adult life, etc. Age stages are a generator for describing career stages⁷⁸.

Armstrong Michael, in *Human Resource Management*. *Practice Textbook*, presents the stages of preparation of *a personal development plan*⁷⁹:

- 1. Assessment of current position.
- 2. Establish objectives.
- 3. Planning actions.
- 4. Application in practice.

1. Self-evaluation. Self-knowledge is a result of self-evaluation. Every person has to discover a vocational path that sheds on his personal profile.

⁷⁷ Babeș-Bolyai, University *Ghid de consiliere pentru studenți*, Cluj-Napoca, 2014, p. 6.

⁷⁸ Pânișoară Georgeta, Pânișoară Ion-Ovidiu, *Managementul resurselor umane*, *Ghid practic*, Iasi, Polirom Publishing, 2005, p. 303.

⁷⁹ Armstrong Michael, *Managementul resurselor umane. Manual de practică*, *București*, *Codecs Publishing*, 2009.

Before we start drafting the career plan, we need to know who we are and where we want to go. We need to think about our current lifestyle and the life we want, what we like and what we avoid, what we are passionate about strengths but also weaknesses⁸⁰. A useful tool for self-assessment and career identification is the SWOT analysis (Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats). For each segment of the evaluation process, the person will be able to answer some of the questions listed below⁸¹:

SWOT Analysis

Strenghts	Weaknesses
What are your skills?	How can you improve yourself?
From everything you do,	What do you do the least good?
to what do you do best?	What should you avoid?
What motivates you for your chosen	What are your weak points from a
career?	professional point of view?
What needs do you think will be	How do your weaknesses affect your
fulfilled by a profession in the	professional performance?
chosen field?	
What are your greatest	
achievements?	
How do you measure success?	
What do you think are the strengths	
that you bring to the workplace?	

⁸⁰ Laura Aparaschivei, Sorina Andrici, Mihai Buliga, Planificarea carierei - Strategie pentru dezvoltare și calitate, Disponibil online:

http://www.academia.edu/9296269/PLANIFICAREA_CARIEREI_STRATEGIE_PENTRU_D EZVOLTARE_%C5%9EI_CALITATE, Accesat la 10.08.2018.

⁸¹ Babeş-Bolyai University, *Ghid de consiliere pentru studenți*, Cluj-Napoca, 2014, pp. 8-10.

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Opportunities	Threats
What are the reference points in	What kind of obstacles do you face
your activity field?	in your activity field?
What types of training can you add	Are the requirements in your
to the education you've already	activity field changing or not?
benefited for now?	What is the current trend in the
How fast can you advance in your	field in which you work?
activity field?	Is there an opportunity for
	professional development that you
	have chosen?

Also in the self-assessment process, Mayer Briggs (MBTI) can also be used to identify the personality type. The 16 typological structures described by the MBTI test consist of the combination of two types of attitudes - EI - (extraversion-introversion) and three ways of reporting to reality: SN - how you perceive information: intuitive or sensory, how do you make decisions: TF - through logical thinking or affectivity, and how you focus towards the outside world: JP - by reason or by perception. The four dimensions are briefly described in the table below⁸²:

E	I
- act, then think	- think, then act
	- listen than talk
S	N
Sensation: What is it?	Intuition - what can it be?

⁸² Nicoleta Lițoiu, Simona Neagu, Aurora Ghergu, *Consilierea și orientarea în carieră*. *Ghid pentru studenți și absolvenți*, Bucharest Politehnică University. Centrul pentru Consiliere și Orientare în Carieră, București, 2008, p. 17.

-details, realities in the	- implications and deductions,
organization;	subtleties, patterns;
- literals.	- possibilities in the organization,
	metaphors.
Т	F
- thinking; objective, rational	- feeling; subjective decisions,
decisions;	empathy;
- motivated by the desire for	- motivated by the desire to be
success.	appreciated.
J	P
- judges; organize, product-	- perceptive; spontaneous, delayed
oriented,	decision-making, process oriented;
- time is a finite resource.	- time is elastic.

The combination of these dimensions results in sixteen personality structures that correspond to different occupational profiles.

2. Occupational exploration. Every person will first have to know the alternatives to make a decision. Later, alternatives will be compared based on criteria that are important to each. Taking a career decision is based on the information sources everyone uses to explore their professional paths. Information sources may be formal (such as printed matter - books, brochures, leaflets, flyers, job descriptions, classifieds or nomenclatures, newspapers and magazines, etc.), audiovisual works, cvs / dvds, - or digital) and informal sources (such as informational interviews, direct experience gained through volunteering, practice, course assistance, part-time jobs, work & travel programs, internships, or the social network⁸³.

⁸³ Universitatea Babeș-Bolyai, *Ghid de consiliere pentru studenți*, Cluj-Napoca, 2014, p. 28. Joint strategy regarding employment and workforce mobility in the cross-border area, in the juridical field 144

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Moreover, for law graduates from Romania and Bulgaria, there are vast fields in which one can practice in the two states⁸⁴:

- The main juridical professions in Romania are:
- prosecutors
- judges
- attorneys
- legal advisers
- notaries public
- bailiffs
- clerks
- judicial assistants
- assistant magistrates

For more details go to:European Justice, *Legal professions and justice* networks, Romania https://e-justice.europa.eu/content_legal_professions-29-RO-en.do?clang=ro

- The main legal professions in Bulgaria are:
- Prosecutors (public prosecutor)
- investigators (investigator)
- judges (judge)
- attorneys (attorney-at-law)
- notaries

private bailiff (private bailiff)

- public bailiff (bailiff)
- Registration Judge.

⁸⁴ European Justice, *Legal professions and justice networks*, Disponibil on-line: https://e-justice.europa.eu/content_legal_professions-29-en.do, Accesat la 04.08.2018.

For more details access: European Justice, *Legal professions and justice networks*, *Bulgaria* https://e-justice.europa.eu/content_legal_ professions -29-bg-en.do?member=1

- **3. Adopt the career decision.** The career decision is the process by which we select career alternatives from a variety of options available at a time. We can answer some important questions in order to decide on the occupational path as follows⁸⁵:
 - Why is it worthwhile to work in this profession?
 - How does your job fulfill your needs?
 - What values satisfy this job?
 - What values do not meet this job?
 - What does this job offer more than others?
 - What will you invest in this job?
 - How do you expect from this job?
 - What expectations will others have from you?
 - What will you have to do to be successful?
- What skills, knowledge and experience will you be asked to do for this job?
 - Which of your skills will be most useful to you?
 - What will be the hardest thing for you at this job?
 - Who are you gonna work with?
 - What colleagues will you have?
 - How long will you spend at work?
 - How do you have to act?
 - How do job requirements match your personality?

⁸⁵ The Careers Group, *Enhance your career and employability skills*, University of London, Londra apud. Universitatea Babeş-Bolyai, *Ghid de consiliere pentru studenți*, Cluj-Napoca, 2014, pp. 24-25.

Joint strategy regarding employment and workforce mobility in the cross-border area, in the juridical field

- Where will you work?
- What kind of work environment will be?
- Will you have to relocate or commute?
- Is there a balance between work and personal life?
- Do you have a flexible schedule?
- Do you have many deadlines?
- How much will you earn?
- How important are some factors compared to others?
- How many compromises will you be willing to make?
- **4. Establish a career plan.** The Career Plan is the action plan that puts the decision into practice.

Any career plan includes⁸⁶:

- your career goal (results, processes, or events)
- the objectives:
- the strategies (the practical ways in which you will achieve your goals)
- the deadlines set for achieving the objective
- the necessary resources
- possible barriers.

At this stage, you must:

a) have a CV prepared. The Curriculum Vitae is the tool that helps you present your skills and qualifications in an efficient and clear way. We find various Curriculum vitae options, such as chronological, functional, focused and professional, but the most appropriate variation is the Europass format. It can be written in the mother tongue, in an international language or in any language necessary for the considered job(s).

⁸⁶ Universitatea Babeș-Bolyai, *Ghid de consiliere pentru studenți*, Cluj-Napoca, 2014, p. 27. Joint strategy regarding employment and workforce mobility in the cross-border area, in the juridical field

- b) A career portfolio should be developed
- c) Potential employers must be identified and at the same time it is necessary to identify as much information as possible about them.
 - d) Intent, motivation and giving thanks letters must be elaborated.
- e) Get ready for job interviews. At a job interview the nonverbal language is important (how we look, smell, how we shake the hands of the interviewer or how we sit in the room), the non-verbal language (how we control our emotions, have a calm and coherent speech), but especially the verbal language (the way we answer to the interviewer's questions). Many questions are standardized and that is why we should be prepared with the answers. Such questions are like:
 - "Talk to me about you"
 - "Why do you want to work here?"
 - "Why did you leave your old job?"
 - "What are your strenghts?"
 - "What are your weaknesses?"
 - "Do you prefer to work alone or with others?"
- "What are your plans for the future?" Or "What are your professional goals?"
 - "What are your hobbies?"
- **5. Personal marketing.** The key to success in a career is how we manage to achieve our personal brand, how we manage to shape our own image as a real interest for potential employers. To do this, we need first and foremost a well-thought-out but at the same time very flexible plan, because the labor market is in a continuous dynamic. Thus, the strategic personal marketing plan has as objective to engage in a particular job and to pursue a successful career in the chosen field⁸⁷.

⁸⁷ Ibidem, p. 46.

Annex 4.1

Curriculum Vitae Europass Format⁸⁸

Forms available online at: https://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/ro/documents/CURRICULUM-VITAE/TEMPLATES-INSTRUCTIONS

europass	Curriculum Vitae		Re	place with Firstnan	ne(s) Surname(s)		
PERSONALINFORMATION	[All CV headings an	Replace with First name(s) Sumame(s) [All CV headings are optional. Remove any empty headings.] Replace with house number, street name, city, postcode, country					
			Replace with mob				
	State e-mail ac						
	State personal	TT 100					
	Replace with type of IM service Replace with messaging account(s)						
	Sex Enter sex Date	e of birth dd/mm/yy	χ Nationality Entern	ationality/-ies			
IOR APPLIED FOR							
JOBAPPLIED FOR POSITION PREFERRED JOB STUDIES APPLIED FOR PERSONAL STATEMENT				eferred job / sto ant headings ir			
WORKEXPERIENCE							
	d separate entries for			recent.]			
Replace with dates (from - to)	Replace with oc			dress and website)			
	Replace with employer's name and locality (if relevant, full address and website) • Replace with main activities and responsibilities						
	Business or sector F	Replace with type o	f business or sector				
EDUCATION AND TRAINING							
Į.	Add separate entries			pent.]			
Replace with dates (from - to)	Replace with qu	alification awar	ded		Replace with EQF (or other) level it		
	Replace with educa	tion or training orga	nisation's name and l	ocality (if relevant, cou	relevant ntry)		
	• Replace with a list	of principal subject	ts covered or skills acc	quired			
PERSONAL SKILLS							
***************************************		ve any headings l	eft empty.]				
Mothertongue(s)	Replace with mothe	rtongue(s)					
Otherlanguage(s)	UNDERS	TANDING	SPEA	KING	WRITING		
Z 37 12	Listening	Reading	0.000	Spoken production			
Replace with language	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level		
replace warranguage	SCHOOL STORY		language certificate.		Litter level		
Replace with language	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level		
	Rep	ace with name of	language certificate.	Enter level if known.			
	Levels: A1/A2 Basic use Common European Fra		tuser - C1/C2 Proficientus or Languages	e			
Communication skills			s. Specify in what cont ough my experience a	ed they were acquired as sales manager	i. Example:		
Organisational / managerial skills	Replace with your of Example: • leadership (curren			in what context they w	ere acquired.		

https://europass.cedefop.europa.eu/ro/documents/CURRICULUM-VITAE/TEMPLATES-INSTRUCTIONS, Accesat la 15.08.2018

⁸⁸ Centrul European pentru Dezvoltarea Formării Profesionale (CEDEFOP), *Curriculum vitae*. *Formular și instrucțiuni*, Disponibil online:



Replace with First name(s) Surname(s)

Job-related skills

Replace with any job-related skills not listed elsewhere. Specify in what context they were acquired. Example:

- good command of quality control processes (currently responsible for quality audit)

Digital skills

		SELF-ASSESSMENT		
Information processing	Communication	Content creation	Safety	Problem solving
Enter level	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level	Enter level

Levels: Basic user - Independent user - Proficient user Digital competences - Self-assessment grid

Replace with name of ICT-certificates

Replace with your other computers kills. Specify in what context they were acquired. Example:

- good command of office suite (word processor, spread sheet, presentation software)
- · good command of photo editing software gained as an amateur photographer

Otherskills

Replace with other relevant skills not already mentioned. Specify in what context they were acquired. Example:

· carpentry

Drivinglicence

Replace with driving licence category/-ies. Example:

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Publications Replace with relevant publications, presentations, projects, conferences, seminars, honours and Presentations awards, memberships, references. Remove headings not relevant in the left column.

Projects Example of publication:

Conferences • How to write a successful CV, New Associated Publishers, London. 2002. Seminars Example of project:

Memberships References Citations Courses Certifications

Honours and awards • Devon new public library. Principal architectin charge of design, production, bidding and construction supervision (2008-2012).

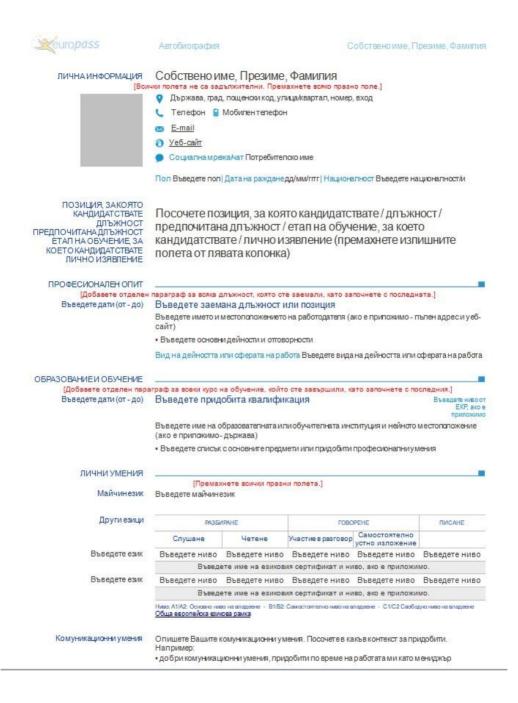
ANNEXES

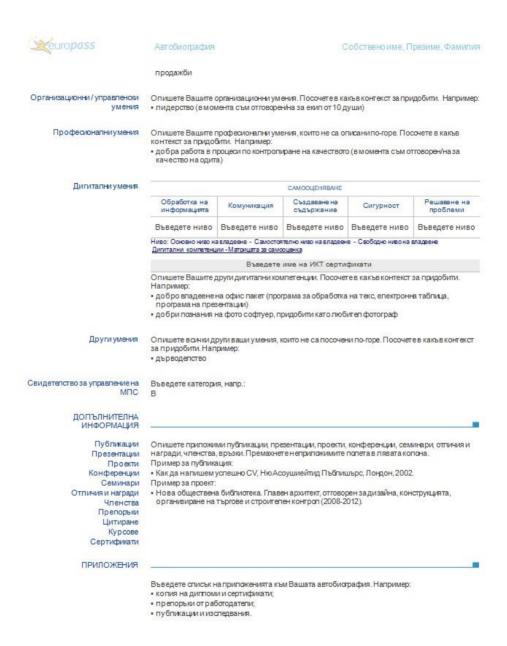
Replace with list of documents annexed to your CV. Examples:

- · copies of degrees and qualifications;
- testimonial of employment or work placement;
- publications or research.









Annex 4.2

Intent Letter example

First name and Surname:
Address:
Phone number:
E-mail:
Date:
To: Human Resources Department

Dear Sir/Madam,

I'm sending you this letter of intent in response to your vacancy announcement in your institution.

I graduated from the Faculty of Law, law major at Craiova University, and I think that in the years of my studies I have gained a lot of knowledge in the field. I look forward to putting this knowledge into practice, combined with skills that are useful in this domain and, implicitly, to your job.

I am a dynamic person with very good communication skills, responsible, determined, interested in professional development in the field of legal sciences. I want to have the chance to work in your company, where I can highlight my intellectual capabilities and experience (according to the C.V. attached) in order to accomplish the tasks and goals of the organization, as well as my career development.

If you consider my motivation and qualification to be good for getting a job with your company, I am available at any time to be contacted to discuss the details of a possible collaboration.

Thank you,

Surname Last Name

Signature

Annex 5

Interview guide to identify the regional actors' opinion on the implementation of the cross-border strategy for the employability and mobility of the workforce in the juridical field⁸⁹

Institution name _		

- 1. Are you considering a cross-border joint strategy for the workforce employability and mobility of the juridical field?
 - 2. Would you be willing to get involved in such a strategy?
 - 3. What do you think the benefits of such a strategy are?
 - 4. What do you think the obstacles to implementing such a strategy are?
- 5. In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in?

Advertising			Enabling a		
campaigns to	Yes N	О	Romanian-	Yes	No
support the			Bulgarian		
benefits of			bilingual		
potential			platform for		
emigration for			business and		
the purpose of			cross-border		
employment			cooperation		
among law					

⁸⁹ A similar interview was applied for the Vidin region.

graduates and			
legal			
practitioners in			
Dolj County and			
Vidin Region			
Mediation		Organize a bi-	
actions on the	Yes No	annual cross-	Yes No
international		border	
labor market for		partnership and	
law specialties		job fair that	
graduates and		takes place once	
legal		a year in Dolj	
practitioners in		county and once	
Dolj County and		in the Vidin	
Vidin Region		region and to	
		promote the	
		partnership and	
		job offers of	
		public and	
		private	
		institutions in	
		the two regions	
Advertising		Editing a	
campaigns to	Yes No	Romanian-	Yes No
Support the		Bulgarian-English	
benefits of a		list with the main	

potential			public and private		
emigration in			institutions in		
the Vidin Region			Dolj County and		
for the			the Vidin Region,		
employment of			containing the		
law graduates			contact details		
and legal			and the subject		
practitioners in			matter of their		
Dolj County			activity		
Achieving an			Organization of		
employability	Yes	No	information	Yes	No
guide in Bulgaria			sessions for		
for Romanian			employers on the		
citizens and an			benefits of		
employability			recruiting staff		
guide in Romania			with juridical		
for Bulgarian			studies		
citizens.			completed in the		
			neighboring state		
Advertising			Organizing		
campaigns to	Yes	No	Bulgarian	Yes	No
describe the			language courses		
benefits of			for Romanian		
employment in			citizens		
related fields for					
law graduates					

Labor market		Master's	
organization of	Yes No	organization to	Yes No
communication,		develop cross-	
negotiation and		border	
mediation		cooperation	
courses for the			
law graduates in			
Dolj County and			
Vidin Region			
Launch of		Editing a	
attractive salary	Yes No	document	Yes No
packages by		containing the	
employers in		main legislative	
Dolj and Vidin to		acts in the cross-	
meet the		border law	
financial			
expectations of			
potential			
employees in the			
juridical field			
Information		Organizing	
campaign for	Yes No	summer schools	Yes No
students and		to develop legal	
practitioners in		knowledge in	
the juridical		cross-border law	
field regarding			
practitioners in the juridical		knowledge in	

	,				
the					
opportunities					
offered by the					
labor market in					
Dolj County,					
Vidin region					
Establishment of			Organize training		
a job	Yes	No	courses to	Yes	No
portal/online			enhance		
recruitment			knowledge in		
platform for			cross-border law		
labor market					
opportunities in					
the Dolj-Vidin					
cross-border					
region					
	í				

1. What other activity do you think would be appropriated for developing this strategy?

Annex 6

Research report on

regional actors' opinion discovery on the implementation of the cross-border strategy or workforce employability and mobility of in the juridical fi

for workforce employability and mobility of in the juridical field

Dolj, Romania - Vidin, Bulgaria

Argument for choosing the theme

This research is an integral part of the *project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labor Mobility in the Juridical Field"*, selected under the INTERREG VA Romania-Bulgaria Program, funded by the European Union from the European Regional Development Fund, Priority Axis 4 "A qualified and inclusive region".

The situation of law graduates' mobility on the cross-border labor market has not been a topic of sufficient debate, so the present project aims to bring novelty in the field, identifying potential regional actors action directions in the development of this type of mobility at the expense of international mobility that tends to detract from the economy of the targeted regions: Dolj, Romania and Vidin, Bulgaria. In this respect, the need for the present strategy elaboration has been outlined, with two main preoccupations: 1. A concern to support the law graduates in Dolj and Vidin in order to go towards a potential cross-border mobility and access to a job in the neighboring state; and 2. Another concern involves key regional actors in developing a cross-border strategy to promote labor mobility in the juridical field.

Research objectives

In building the research tool, several objectives were taken:

- Validating the need for a cross-border implementation of a strategy aimed at developing cross-border mobility in the juridical field;
- Identify the benefits that result from the implementation of such a strategy;
- Validation of local actions to be carried out in Dolj and Vidin for the development of cross-border mobility in the juridical field (actions identified as a result of carrying out a field sociological research in Dolj and Vidin, by applying surveys to law specialization students and legal practitioners, but also to legal entities in the two regions);
- Identify the availability of regional actors in Dolj and Vidin to involve in the strategy;
- Identification of new potential actions that can be developed throughout this strategy;
 - Identify the obstacles that may arise in implementing the strategy.

Research methodology

We considered it appropriate to carry out a qualitative research by applying interviews that allowed in-depth knowledge and essence clarification of the subject matter.

The Interview Guide (Annex 5) was based on the formulation of 6 questions, which correspond to the objectives assumed. The questions in the guide were closed and open, the applied technique being that of the structured interview. Moreover, question number 5 was a matrix type, containing a series of 18 items, consisting of potential actions that respondents had to validate by assuming a possible future involvement.

Choosing the sample

In selecting the sample we took into account the analysis of the of the interest factors so that a number of public and private institutional actors in Dolj County and Vidin Region were considered, who have an interest, are influenced/affected or can influence (positively) the solution to the problem.

We aimed to position regional actors according to interest and power, on a scale of 1 to 8.

Thus, during July-August 2018, 37 public and private institutions were interviewed in the two areas concerned, as follows:

- 13 interviews in Dolj County: Dolj Bar; Faculty of Law, Craiova University; Faculty of Juridical Sciences, Economic and Administrative Sciences, Spiru Haret University; Center of Foreign Languages University of Craiova; County Agency for Employment Dolj; Chamber of Trade and Industry Dolj; National Union of Romanian Employers Dolj Branch; Law Students Association at the University of Craiova; Chamber of Bailiffs Dolj; Craiova City Hall; Territorial Labor Inspectorate Dolj; Chamber of Notaries Public Dolj; County Council Dolj.
- 24 interviews in the Vidin region: Vidin Bar; Vidin Prefecture; Vidin City Hall; Rujintsi City Hall; Dimovo City Hall; Makresh City Hall; City Hall Gramada; Vidin Court; Vidin Administrative Court; Ivan Vazov High School; Vida Optics TVV OOD; Bdin BG Kom OOD; MBAL Sveta Petka AD; Bdintex EOOD; Svobodna Vidin EAD Area; Moni trans 2011 EOOD; Fasion Style EOOD; Ponti EOOD; Adan N EOOD; Violina OOD; BKS BAdinstroi AD; Zarneni hrani 99 AD; Metal trans EOOD; Tehomak EOOD.

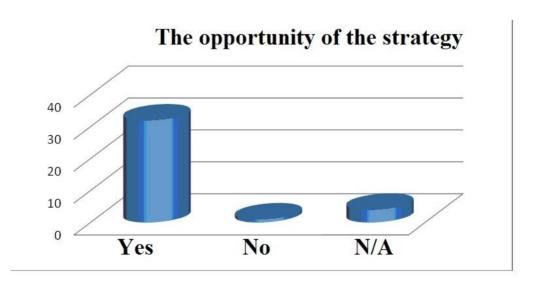
Data collection

Data collection was conducted by directly interviewing the representatives of the aforementioned institutions, or electronically transmitting interview guides, and then collecting in the same way. The data collection was carried out by members of the project team "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labor Mobility in the Juridical field" during July-August 2018.

Analysis of research results

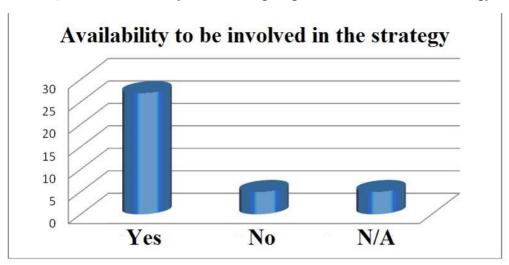
In this section we will present the essential results of sociological research based on an interview conducted in Dolj County, Romania and the Vidin region, Bulgaria.

*** Question 1: Do you consider a cross-border joint strategy for the employability and mobility of the juridical workforce appropriate?



Of the 37 respondents, four legal entities could not appreciate the opportunity to develop and implement a joint cross-border strategy for the

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field" employability and mobility of the workforce in the juridical field and a single legal person considered that such a strategy was not necessary.



*** Question 2: Would you be willing to get involved in such a strategy?

Of the total of the institutions surveyed, 74% expressed their willingness to engage in the strategy's activities for the development of cross-border juridical mobility, 13.5% are still not decided on engaging in a potential strategy, and a broad 13.5% have expressed the impossibility of involvement.

*** Question 3: What do you think the benefits of such a strategy are?

Being asked about the benefits of implementing the strategy for developing cross-border employability and mobility in the juridical field, the respondents identified a number of benefits, such as:

- Increasing the information level;
- Facilitating mobility on the labor market;
- Enhancing mobility on the labor market in the juridical field;

- It provides general mechanisms to improve the labor market in the two regions;
- Increasing the information level in the direction of labor mobility and employment opportunities;
 - Creating leverage that facilitate the information access;
 - Popularizing job opportunities in the two regions;
 - Increasing the employability;
- Increasing the qualification and professional development level for the students of law specialization and graduates;
 - Developing practical skills for students;
 - It facilitates the development of cross-border knowledge;
 - Creating a common business space in the region;
 - Creating a Pole of law professionals;
 - Increase opportunities for cooperation between law professionals;
- Enhance cooperation between the institutions of the two regions (Dolj-Vidin).

*** Question 4: What do you think the obstacles to implementing such a strategy are?

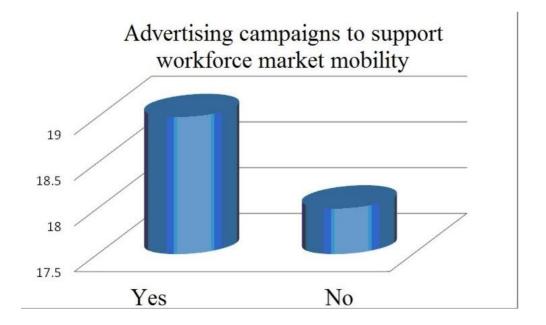
The main obstacles identified by respondents as representing a risk for the implementation of such a strategy are:

- Legislative differences;
- Language barrier;
- The reticence of public and private sector employers;
- Reticence of students and practitioners in the juridical field;
- Institutional bureaucracy;

- The lack of interest of public institutions;
- Lack of information;
- Lack of information on demand and supply on the labor market.

*** Question number 5.1: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could be involved? Advertising campaigns to support the benefits of potential emigration for the purpose of employment among law graduates and legal practitioners in the juridical field in Dolj County and Vidin Region.

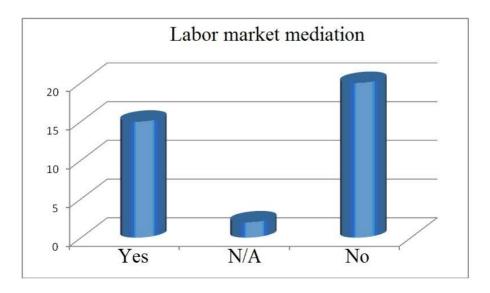
The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	165	NO	N/A
Romania and			
Bulgaria	19	18	-
Institutions			



A number of 19 public and private interviewed institutions have expressed their readiness to be involved in promotional campaigns to support the benefits of potential emigration for the purpose of employment among graduates of law specialization and legal practitioners, in Dolj county and Vidin Region, while 18 regional actors did not appear willing to get involved in such campaigns.

*** Question number 5.2: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could be involved? Mediation actions on the international labor market for law specialization graduates and legal practitioners in Dolj County and Vidin Region

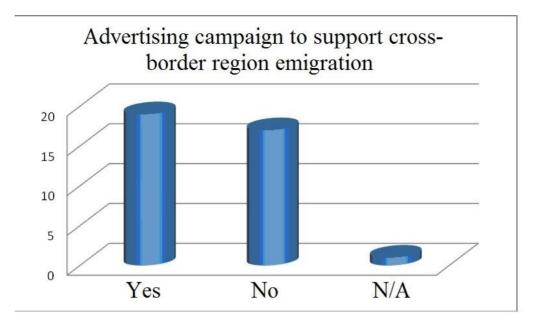
The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	les	No	N/A
Romania and			
Bulgaria	15	20	2
institutions			



A total of 15 institutions out of 37 in the exploratory group considered it appropriate to engage in mediation on the international labor market for law specialties graduates and legal practitioners. On the other hand, 20 institutions did not show their availability for such an Activity and 2 legal persons could not respond to the interview.

*** Question 5.3: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved? Promotional campaigns to support the benefits of potential emigration in the Vidin region for the purpose of employment among graduates of law specialization and legal practitioners in Dolj county (interview applied in Romania)/ Advertising campaigns to support the benefits of potential emigration in Dolj County for the purpose of employment among graduates of law specialization and legal practitioners in the Vidin region (interview applied in Bulgaria)

The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	res	NO	N/A
Romania and			
Bulgaria	19	17	1
institutions			

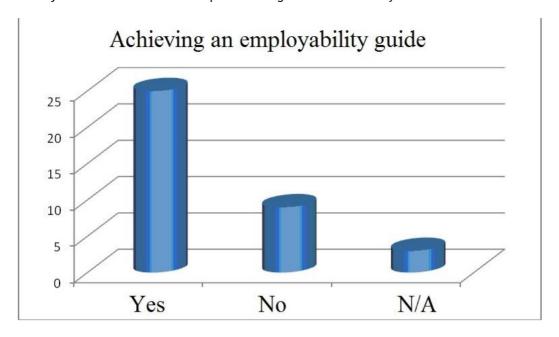


51.35% of respondents appreciated that they could get involved in organizing promotional campaigns to support the benefits of potential emigration in the closest neighborhood of the neighboring country, while 45.95% did not show interest in such an Activity, and 2.7% were not decided.

*** Question number 5.4: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could be involved? Achieving an Employability Guide in Bulgaria for Romanian Citizens and an Employability Guide in Romania for Bulgarian citizens.

The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	res	NO	N/A
Romania and			
Bulgaria	25	9	3
Institutions			

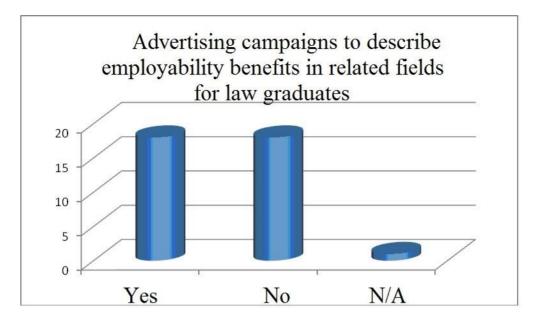
Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"



Out of the total of 37 legal entities surveyed, a total of 25 respondents stated that they could get involved in the implementation of an employability guide for the Romanian and Bulgarian citizens, 9 respondents did not take part in such an action and 3 institutions could not appreciate a potential involvement.

*** Question number 5.5: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? Advertising campaigns to describe the benefits of employment in related fields for law graduates

The reply of the institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and			
Bulgaria institutions	18	18	1

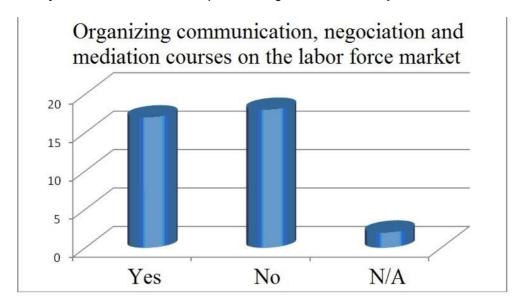


A total of 18 legal persons interviewed showed their willingness to be involved in promotional campaigns to describe the benefits of employment in related fields for law graduates, while 18 other institutions felt they could not organize such events, only one employer was unable to express his or her opinion on the involvement or non-involvement in such an Activity.

*** Question number 5.6: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? Labor market organization of communication, negotiation and mediation courses on the labor market for the graduates of legal studies in Dolj County and Vidin Region

The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	res	NO	IN/A
Romania and			
Bulgaria	17	18	2
institutions			

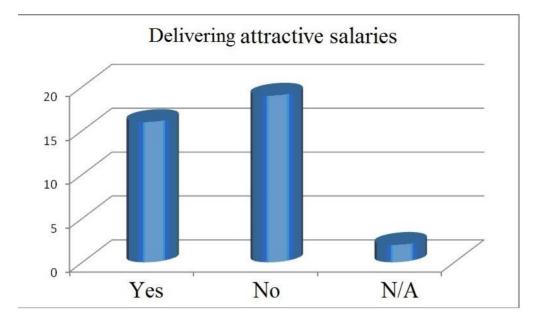
Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"



45.95% of the interviewed institutions expressed their willingness to organize communication, negotiation and mediation courses on the labor market for the law graduates from Dolj County and Vidin Region, while 48.65% said they did not can assume such involvement and 5.4% could not provide an answer at the time of the interview.

*** Question number 5.7: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? The delivery of attractive salaries by employers in Dolj and Vidin to meet the financial expectations of potential employees in the juridical field.

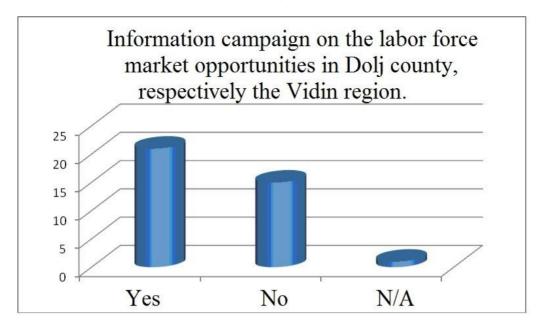
The reply of the	Vaa	Na	NI/A
institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and			
Bulgaria institutions	16	19	2
miscicucions			



To engage in the activity of delivering attractive salaries to meet the financial expectations of potential employees in the juridical field, 16 institutions were opened, reluctant to 19 interviewed actors and indecision to 2 of them.

*** Question number 5.8: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? *Information campaign* for students and legal practitioners on the opportunities offered by the labor market in Dolj County, respectively the Vidin region.

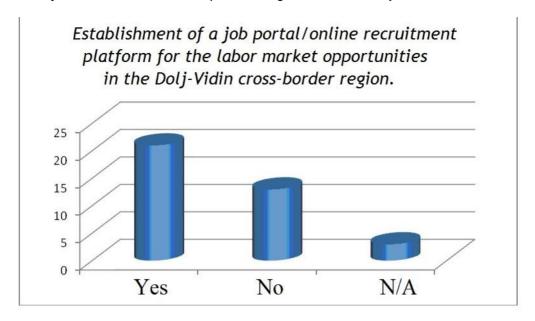
The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	163	No	IVA
Romania and			
Bulgaria	21	15	1
institutions			



In order to organize information campaigns for students and legal practitioners on the opportunities offered by the labor market in Dolj County, namely the Vidin region, a number of 21 legal entities have expressed their readiness. Of the interviewed regional actors, 15 were not interested in organizing this type of activity and a legal person could not provide a response to this.

*** Question number 5.9: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? Establishment of a job portal/online recruitment platform for the labor market opportunities in the Dolj-Vidin cross-border region.

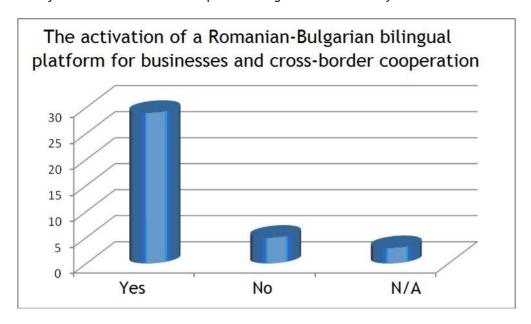
The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	res	NO	N/A
Romania and	21	13	3
Bulgaria institutions	21	13	3



56.76% of the legal entities to whom the interview was applied showed willingness to be involved in setting up a job portal/online recruitment platform for labor market opportunities in the Dolj-Vidin cross-border region. In a proportion of 35.14%, regional actors were not interested in setting up this type of portal/platform, and 8.10% could not assess the potential for involvement in this type of activity.

*** Question number 5.10: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? *Enabling a Romanian-Bulgarian bilingual platform for business and cross-border cooperation*.

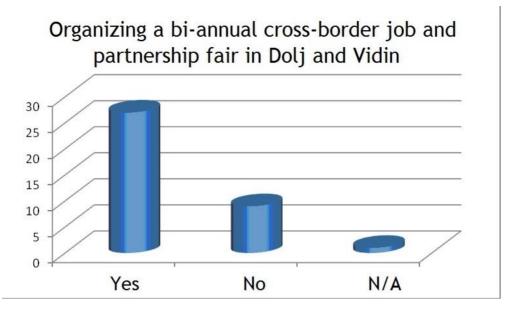
The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions	res	NO	N/A
Romania and Bulgaria	29	E	2
institutions	29	3	3



The highest interest in all the actions proposed in the strategy was driven by activity 10: "The activation of a Romanian-Bulgarian bilingual platform for businesses and cross-border cooperation", 29 institutions interviewed showing willingness to be involved, only 5 institutions were not interested and 3 were still undecided.

*** Question 5.11: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? Organizing a bi-annual cross-border job and partnership fair that takes place once a year in Dolj county and once in the Vidin region and to promote the partnership and job offers of public and private institutions from the two regions.

The reply of the institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and Bulgaria institutions	27	9	1

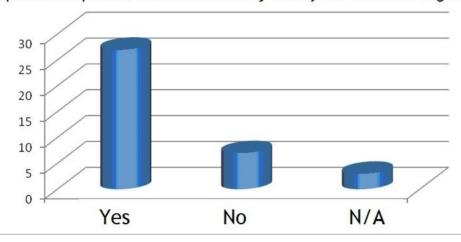


Out of the 37 legal entities surveyed, a total of 27 agreed to participate in the organization of a bi-annual cross-border job and partnership, to be held once a year in Dolj county and once in the Vidin region and to promote the partnership and job offers of public and private institutions from the two regions. Nine respondents considered that they could not get involved in organizing such an event and a legal person could not provide an answer.

*** Question 5.12: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? Editing a Romanian-Bulgarian-English list with the main public and private institutions in Dolj County and the Vidin Region, containing the contact details and the subject of their activity.

The reply of the institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and Bulgaria institutions	27	7	3

Editing a Romanian-Bulgarian-English list with the main public and private institutions in Dolj County and the Vidin Region

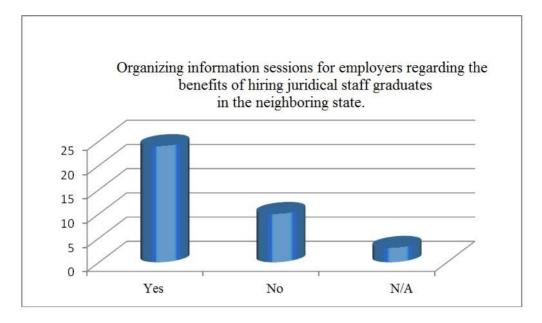


72.97% respondents considered that they could get involved in publishing a Romanian-Bulgarian-English list with the main public and private institutions in Dolj county and Vidin region employing law graduates. 18.92% of legal persons interviewed did not assume involvement in such activity and 8.11% did not respond to this type of action.

*** Question number 5.13: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? The organization of information sessions for employers on the benefits of recruiting staff with legal studies completed in the neighboring state.

The reply of the institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and Bulgaria institutions	24	10	3

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"



A number of 24 interviewed institutions expressed their readiness to organize information sessions for employers on the benefits of hiring law graduates in the neighboring state, while 10 legal entities are not open to such an activity and 3 are undecided.

*** Question number 5.14: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? *Organizing of Bulgarian Language Courses for Romanian Citizens* (applied in Romania)/*Organizing of Romanian Language Courses for Bulgarian Citizens* (interview applied in Bulgaria)

The reply of the institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and Bulgaria institutions	18	18	1

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"



A total of 18 legal persons interviewed showed their willingness to participate in the organization of Bulgarian language courses for Romanian citizens, respectively the organization of Romanian language courses for Bulgarian citizens, while 18 other institutions appreciated that they could not organize such of courses, only one employer was unable to express its opinion on the involvement or non-involvement in such an activity.

*** Question number 5.15: Which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? Organizing a Law Master's to develop cross-border cooperation.

The reply of the institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and Bulgaria	4.6	24	
institutions	16	21	-

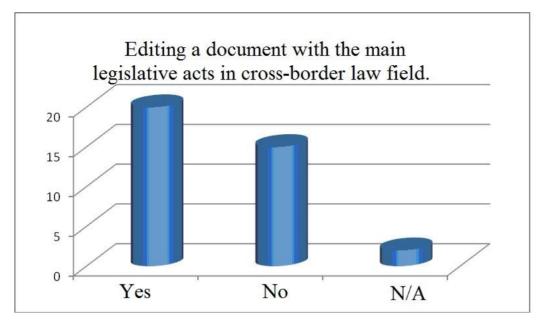
Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"



For involvement in the activity of organizing a Master's in the "law" field, meant to develop cross-border cooperation, 16 institutions were opened, being reluctant to 21 interviewed actors.

*** Question number 5.16: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? Editing a document containing the main legislative acts in the cross-border law field

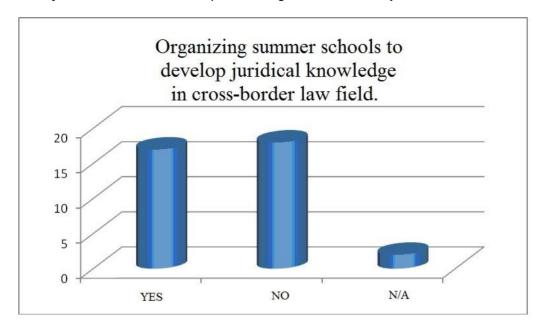
The reply of the	Vos	No	N/A
institutions	Yes	140	IV/A
Romania and Bulgaria			
institutions	20	15	2



54.05% of the legal persons surveyed were willing to get involved in the action involving the issuance of a document containing the main legislative acts in the field of cross-border law. 40.54% of the respondents did not take such activity, and 5.41% were undecided.

*** Question number 5.17: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? *Organizing summer schools to develop legal knowledge in cross-border law*.

The reply of the institutions	Yes	No	N/A
Romania and Bulgaria institutions	17	18	2



45.95% of the interviewed institutions exposed their willingness to organize summer schools to develop juridical knowledge in the area of cross-border law, while 48.65% said they could not assume such involvement and 5.4% couldn't give an answer at the time of the interview.

*** Question number 5.18: In which of the following potential activities of the strategy do you think you could get involved in? *Organizing training courses to enhance knowledge in the cross-border law*.

The reply of the	Yes	No	N/A
institutions			
Romania and			
Bulgaria	19	18	-
institutions			

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"



Of the interviewed institutions, 19 were interested in organizing training courses to strengthen knowledge in cross-border law. A number of 18 institutions have not expressed their willingness to participate in the organization of these courses.

*** Question 6: What other activity do you think would be appropriate for developing this strategy?

The last of the interview guide questions aimed at identifying new potential activities that could be included in the strategy and thus selected the most viable proposals from the local actors interviewed. In this respect, we highlight the following recommendations for action:

Action 1:

"granting special scholarships in the "law" field for Bulgarian students at Romanian universities and for Romanian students at Bulgarian universities"

Project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field"

(Faculty of Law, Craiova University, Faculty of Legal, Economic and Administrative Sciences, Spiru Haret University)

Action 2:

"organizing professional conferences by the Dolj Bar in partnership with the Vidin Bar, focused on the debate of ideas for improvement and development of the common cross-border strategy and for facilitating the professional exchanges between the attorneys from the Dolj Bar and the Vidin Bar" (Dolj Bar)

Action 3:

"Organizing bilateral meetings between the economic component of the Dolj county and the Vidin region" (Chamber of Trade and Industry Dolj)

Action 4:

"Organizing legal English language courses", taking into account the fact that English is the main language of communication in the juridical field at the international level (Center of Foreign Languages, Craiova University, Vidin Administrative Court)

Action 5:

"organizing exchange programs between law students and legal practitioners in Dolj and Vidin" (Law Students Association at Craiova University, Dolj Bailiffs' Chamber)

Conclusions

Analyzing the data of the qualitative research carried out within the project "Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labor Mobility in the Juridical Field", we were able to identify the need to implement a strategy for increasing the mobility and employability in the cross-border juridical field, but also an increased availability of the main regional actors for involvement in the activities identified and proposed by the project implementation team as well as by the respondents.

The results of the qualitative research were the basis for selecting the institutions mentioned in this document and inserted as relevant actors in the development of the current strategy.

Annex 7

Relevant legislation on cross-border mobility in the juridical field Romania - Bulgaria

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Law no. 21/ 1991	Romanian Citizenship Act (republished)			
Law no. 122/2006	on the asylum in Romania (updated) and the Methodological Norms of 13 September 2006 implementing Law no. 122/2006 on asylum in Romania			
Law no. 248/2005	on the regime of the free movement of Romanian citizens abroad and the Methodological Norms of 26 January 2006 for applying Law no. 248/2005 on the regime of free movement of Romanian citizens abroad			
Emergency Ordinance no. 194/2002	on the regime of aliens in Romania			
Law no. 46/1991	for the accession of Romania to the Convention on the Status of Refugees			
Government Decision no. 1251/2006	for the approval of the Methodological Norms for the application of Law no. 122/2006 on asylum in Romania			

⁹⁰ Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field, Legislația din România în domeniile "Reglementării migrației transfrontaliere" și "Legislației muncii și securității sociale transfrontaliere", Disponibil on-line: , https://juriscbp.ro/baze-de-date/legislatie-in-domeniuk-juridic/legislatie-dinromania/, Accesat la 10.08.2018.

Emergency Odinance	on the free movement on the Romania's territory of			
no. 102/ 2005	the European Union Member States' citizens, the			
	European Economic Area and the Swiss			
	Confederation citizens			
Ordinance no. 44/	on the social integration of foreigners who have			
2004	acquired international protection or a residence			
	right in Romania, as well as citizens of the Member			
	States of the European Union and of the European			
	Economic Area (updated)			
Ordinance no. 25/	regarding the employment and detachment of			
2014	foreigners on Romania's territory and for the			
	modification and completion of some normative acts			
	regarding the regime of aliens in Romania (updated)			
Law no. 53/2003	Labor code			
Law no. 62/2011	on social dialogue			
Law no. 319/2006	on safety and health at work			
Law no. 263/2010	on the public pension system and other social			
	security rights			
Law no. 76/2002	on the unemployment insurance system and on			
	employment stimulation			
Law no. 346/2002	on insurance against accidents at work and			

occupational diseases

Law no. 67/2006 on the protection of employees' rights in the event

of company transfer, unit's or parts of it.

G.E.O. no. 158/2005 on sick pay and sickness insurance benefits

G.E.O. no. 111/2010 on parental leave and monthly child allowance

Bulgaria⁹¹:

The law on the entry, residence and departure from the Republic of Bulgaria of European Union citizens who are not Bulgarian citizens and their family members.

The law on the Status of Foreigners in Bulgaria

The Law of Refugee and Asylum

The labor code

The social Security Code

The law on health and safety at work

The law on the settlement of collective labor disputes

The law on the employees' guaranteed receivables when the employer is in bankrupcy

The Law on the procuring of pensions and legal insurance

⁹¹ Cross-Border Partnership for Training and Labour mobility in the Juridical field, Legislația din Bulgaria în domeniile "Reglementării migrației transfrontaliere" și "Legislației muncii și securității sociale transfrontaliere", Disponibil on-line: https://juriscbp.ro/baze-de-date/legislatie-in-domeniuk-juridic/legislatie-din-bulgaria/, Accesat la 10.08.2018.

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The law on the employment promotion

The law on labor migration and labor mobility

The labor inspection law

The law on employees information and consultation in Multinational Companies, EU Company Groups

The law on health insurance

The integration law of people with disabilities

The law of medical institutions

The social assistance law

The ordinance on working time, holidays and rest at work

The ordinance for employment record and working stage

The ordinance on the structure and salary organization

The ordinance on work trips on the Bulgarian territory

The ordinance for the travel of foreign employees and specializations abroad

The ordinance on the terms and conditions for the movement of employees from EU Member States or third country employees from the Republic of Bulgaria in the provision of services framework

The ordinance No. 4 on the documents necessary for the conclusion of an individual labor contract

The ordinance No. 5 of 2002 on the content and procedures for sending the notification in accordance with art. 62, par. 5 of the Labor Code

The ordinance No. 5 of 20.02.1987 on the number and specificity of the diseases suffered by the employees and which are provided with special protection according to art. 333, par. 1 of the Labor Code, etc.

The ordinance on pensions for work placements

The ordinance on medical expertise

The ordinance on the social security of self-employed persons

The ordinance on the granting and payment of cash benefits for unemployment

The ordinance on the compulsory insurance of workers and employees regarding the "work accident" risk.

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